Royal West End the brand that made reputation. Leaders of 20 years. Rs. 185 only. WELLINGTON CYCLE Co. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

17 years in use. Royal West End gives such service. Get it from WELLINGTON CYCLE Co. BOMBAY.

VOL. VII. NO. 87 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1919. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH & LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.	
1919			
12th April	Norman †	6296	Extra.
15th "	Teesta		B. I. Co's. sailing
21st "	Malta	6064	Extra
24th "	Nagova	6854	
29th "	Karmala	8983	
29th "	Tokada	6949	Extra
2nd May	Nankin	6853	
10th "	Delta	8089	

†Does not call at Marseilles.

Passages have already been allotted by the "Malta", "Somali", "Ormonde", "Teesta", "Nagova" and "Karmala". Passages by steamer sailing during April will only be available for "A" grade priority certificate holders. It is anticipated that passages will be available for "B" grade certificate holders during May, and for "C" grade certificate holders during June. All applications for passages should be accompanied by priority certificates and passages will be allotted strictly in accordance with the grade of priority certificates.

Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Return Tickets available for twenty-four months are issued to Europe at a single fare and a half.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons
1919		
16th April	Dilwara	5378

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about.	Steamers.	
1919		
11th April	Lhasa	Karachi direct.
14th "	Linga	Karachi and Kathiawar Ports.
17th "	Dumra	Karachi & Persian Gulf.
15th "	Lightning	Persian Gulf extra.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. Sailings may be arranged with:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Date of arrival	Date of departure
Yubari Maru	T. Ota	4120	2nd April	12th April
Kifunezan Maru	No. 2 S. Sato	2204	4th April	13th April
Nagano Maru	H. Yamamoto	3811	12th April	20th April
Tosan Maru	T. Yamamoto	3856	10th April	29 h April

For Freight apply to:—

T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.

Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAM-SHIP CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet—167 Vessels. Gross Tonnage 462,000.

REGULAR SERVICE FROM BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG AND TO ITALY VIA PORT SAID.

(Only Cargo Service to Italy.)

Steamers	Commander.	Arrival	Departure	Destination
Kofuku Maru	K. Wakitake	8th April	20th April	Japan
Giam Maru	T. Watanabe	14th April	26th April	"
Mitsuki Maru	Nakamura	2nd May	14th May	"

For freight apply to:—

M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.

Ajam Building, Ballard Road,
Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE.

Byculla, Mandvi and Sandhurst Road.

Sub-Branches.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31 December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN.
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 23,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Bombay Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Chi-Nan, Dairen Frengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kaiyuan, Kobe, London Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney Tientsin, Tokio, Tsingtao, Vladivostock, Batavia.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager, Bombay.

Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL $15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND ... $1,500,000 at 2/ } $15,000,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND..... $21,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $15,000,000
HEAD OFFICE—Hongkong.
LONDON OFFICE—9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE—40, Churchgate Street.

OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila.	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkew	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

INSURANCE.

THE ASIAN COMMERCIAL ASSURANCE CO,, LTD.

19, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
Opp. Bank of Bombay.

Up-to-date and Progressive Life Office with Branch Offices, Chief Agencies and Agencies throughout India, Burma and Ceylon.

Moderate rates and liberal Policy conditions.

WANTED AGENTS for unrepresented districts.

EMPIRE OF INDIA

LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

Funds exceed .. .. Rs. 1,20,00,000
Claims paid exceeds .. Rs. 36,00,000
Annual Income exceeds Rs. 25,00,000

All classes of Life Assurance Transacted.

Prospectus and quotations to meet individual requirements may be obtained on application.

ALLUM BHARUCHA & CO.,
Manager.

INSURANCE.

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN

THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LIMITED.

Because—

(1) It is one of the foremost Indian Life offices of unquestionable security.
(2) It offers world-wide policies at moderate rates.
(3) It is one of the very few offices issuing policies with Automatic Protection.
(4) Its policies have no irksome restrictions.

For further information, Prospectus, etc., please apply to—

THE GENERAL AGENTS,
Bombay and Deccan.

NOTE CHANGE OF ADDRESS.
9, Tamarind Lane.
BOMBAY.

THE

BHARAT INSURANCE Co. LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1896.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—Lahore, Delhi, Rawalpindi Ajmere, Nagpur, Lucknow, Bankipore, Calcutta, Poona, Bangalore, Mangalore, Sukkur, Karachi, Quetta.

	Rs.
Funds exceed	28,00,000
Surplus about	1,00,000
Claims paid exceed	22,00,000

Specialities:—Moderate premia, ready convertability, prompt payment, female lives insured, etc.

Pushing agents wanted all over India.

K. C. VIDYARTHI,
Manager, B. I. Co., Ltd.,
(Bharat Buildings),
Lahore.

Poona Chief Agents:
Messrs. B. N. SATHE & BROTHERS,
224, Budhwar Peth,
Poona City.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1878.

No. 315, Hornby Road, opposite J. N. Petit Library.

Funded Capital, Rs. 2,32,000.

Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.

The Accounts are subject to strict audit, according to Indian Companies Act.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation, is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 30 per cent. Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months grace if occupation is lost.

Commission to canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

GANNAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MODY & CO,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
MEDOWS STREET, FORT.
OPPOSITE NEW SHARE BAZAAR.

A VERY GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO BUY TEAK AND BLACKWOOD LATEST DESIGNS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

AUCTION SALE ON SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF APRIL 1919, AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE of Furniture by well-known makers, such as writing tables, chairs, teapoys, easychairs, screen, Chesterfield sofa and chairs, cane chairs, dressing chest of drawers, wash-hand tables with sets, iron bedsteads, bookstand, dining chairs, etc.

Messrs. MODY & Co., Auctioneers, will, on SATURDAY, the 12th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at Malabar Hill, Little Gibb's Road, in Bodyguard's bungalow, household latest design's new style furniture such as dining table, dining chairs, crockery stand, writing tables, arm chairs, card table, teakwood hanging clothes presses, dressing tables, dressing chest of drawers, soiled linen baskets, meat safes, marble wash-hand tables with washing sets, easy chairs, very rich Chesterfield sofa and chairs, folding screens, mahoganise shival glass, hatstand, revolving bookstands, iron single bedsteads with wire mattresses and mosquito nets, water boiler, wall brackets etc., etc.

Property of Major D. P. Johnstone, R.A.M.C.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th April, 1919.

SALE BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & CO.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 12th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoals, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.).

1 second-hand rubber tyred victoria, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber tyred vis-a-vis in good order.
1 second-hand English built rubber tyred C. spring brougham with a grey C. B. horse and a set of harness.

AUCTION SALE OF BUTTON, PAN AND ROUND HEAD RIVETS.

On MONDAY, the 14th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the office concerned and on account and risk of Mr. Mahomedally Salebhoy:—

"Ex. S. S. "Tjibodas."

About 190 cwts. various sizes Button, pan, and round head rivets.

On account and risk of Mr. Hussonalli Jivabhoy Thanawalla:—

Ex. S. S. "City of Rangoon."

About 600 cwts. various sizes Button, pan and round head rivets.

The above may be seen at Messrs. W. H. Brady and Co.'s Lt. godown in Lamington Road any day between 9-30 a.m. and 6 p.m.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

A NOVEL OR CURIOS OR A LUXURY FOR RAJAHS, PRINCES OR NOBLEMEN.

—IS—

The late Mr. Mathewson's Wonderful Swan Car Auction Sale of a Wonderful and Novel Shape Luxurious Motor Car of Indian Art.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on SUNDAY, the 20th instant, sell by Public Auction at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.), at New Queen's Road, opposite Chowpatty Level Crossing in the Mandap the following Motor Car originally belonged to and specially built for the late Mr. Mathewson of America at a very cost.

Mr. Mathewson has devoted five years of his precious time over this Novel invention and some special materials therein used, have been procured by him from the Continent. It is a Brand New Car, and would be a worthy possession of any of our Independent Indian Chiefs, Maharajahs, Zamindars or Talukdars. It has six cylinder, 40 H.P. Brook's Engine, detachable wire wheels and the well known Swan Body Luxuriously upholstered in plush, electric lighting set with Dynamo, Gabrielle Musical Horn, also a Three-Note Horn, Speedometer, Clock and all accessories, Wine cellar at the back, special gird steps, special ornamental roof with top to form bed for touring, electric ceiling fans and elaborated system of Electric lights. A marvellous car.

Also an excellent small collection of Italian concern. Marble slates, cut glass electric chandeliers, etc., at present exhibited in the Mandap.

Catalogues for further particulars can be had from the undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SUNDAY, the 13th day of April 1919 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at No. 6 Club Road Byculla (opposite the club) very valuable and handsome teak and black wood household furniture, rich glass, crockery and plated ware, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, rich side board and dumbwaiters, drawing room sofas and chairs, leather lined piano stool, fancy cabinets, table ornaments, electric ceiling fans and lights, English ice box, Brass trays on folding carved stands, folding screens single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs cloth and gown presses, dressing and wash hand tables, teapoys, singer hand sewing machine a lot of white and khaki officers uniform one Godrig safe, corner cabinets, Baba coats, aluminium utensils, cane chairs, hat stands, etc., etc. The property of E. G. Borthwick, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

SALE ON WEDNESDAY, THE 16TH INSTANT, AT 2-30 P.M.

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Lady Seth Hill, Cumballa Hill, the very valuable and handsome plain and carved, black and teak wood, French polished household furniture, glass and crokeryware, best plated ware, dumbwaiter, sideboard, teapoys, hat stands, electric table fans, glass door almyrahs, one sweet toned semi grand rubonize piano by Schiedmayer and Soobvie brass and iron single and double bedsteads, dressing chest of drawers, wash-hand tables, with crockery, commodes, bath tubs, gratings and towel horses, writing tables, book cases, first rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome vases, drawing and dining room carpets and durries, books, collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots of rich standard roses cannas, alamandas, date and punkah palms, maiden hair ferns, choicest annuals in baskets and pots, crottons ashers, pansies, lilies, etc., etc. The property of the Hon. Sir Basil Scott, Kt., proceeding to Europe

N.-B.—Garden will be sold on the same day at 5 p.m

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF WHITE DHOTIES.

THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 11th instant at 3 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at Mulji Jatha market Champa Gully in the Godown of the Bombay United S. and and W. Co. and by their order and on account and risk of Pubjabi Juwarsing Dolatram.

10 bales each 200 pieces White Dhoties containing 5 bales of 8 yards 1 bale of 9 yards 3 bales of 10 yards and 1 bale of 11 yards.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF CAST IRON PILLARS.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Malabar Hill Reservoir on Tuesday, the 22nd instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.):—

262 Cast iron 20 ft. long pillars.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & Co.,

Bombay, 11th April, 1919.

"ESAALI" LEADS SILK TRADE IN BOMBAY.

GOLD.
GOLD AND SILVER.
SILK.
EMBROIDERY

"RANIS" AND "MAHARANIS" WEAR OUR "EMBROIDERED SAREES."

Our Prices are the "Cheapest."

AHMED E. ESAALI.
EMPIRE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD.

SALE BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 2400.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY, FRIDAY, THE 11TH APRIL, 1919, AT 2-30 P.M., (S.T.)

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 11th day of April, 1919 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at "Navarana Mansions" opposite the Colaba Railway station, Colaba, very valuable teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture etc., comprising of sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, meatsafes, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, rich glassware, and platedware, marbel top tables, upholstered drawing room suite, handsome cabinets, corner cabinets, carved tables, flower stands, teapoys, carved writing table, sweet toned cottage piano, silver show case, Encyclopaedia Britanica, Iron bedsteads, almyrahs, clothes and gown presses, singer's sewing machine, Beat corner iron safe with stand, roll top writing table, marbel top dressing and wash-hand tables, chest of drawers, revolving book cases, glass door book cases, refrigerator ice chest, easy chairs cooking utensils etc.,

The property of J. K. Orfanidi Esq., of Messrs. Ralli Bros. and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF 26,000 WATER PROOF RATION BAGS.

Under instruction from the Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport (Embarkation), Bombay, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 11th day of April, 1919, at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.), in the morning, sell by public Auction, at "D" Shed, Grain Depot, Mazagon:—

About 26,000 Water Proof Ration Bags.

A deposit of 5% per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the lots will have to be removed within 8 days from the date of acceptance of the offers which will be subject to approval of the Assistant Director of Supplies and Transport (Embarkation), Bombay, and which will hold good for seven days from the day of sale.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th April, 1919.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS
NO. 25, HUMMUM STREET, FORT
Telephone No. 4083.

AUCTION SALE OF 460 CASES CHROME ALUM.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 11th April, 1919, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), in No. 8 godown of Messrs. Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Ld., at Clive Street, by order of the concerned the following goods landed ex. s.s. "Totomi Maru" "Tozan Maru" and "Europpa Maru."

460 cases Chrome Alum each contg., 1 cwt.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF 8 CASES ARSENIC LUMP.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 11th April, 1919, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Clive Street in No. 8 by order of the concerned the following goods landed ex. s.s. "Rangoon Maru."

8 cases Arsenic alum.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required on the lot being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND CONFISCATED GOODS, BELONGING TO THE GOVERNMENT CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

In accordance with Section 88 of the Customs Act VIII of 1878 and under instructions from the Collector of Customs, Bombay, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Town Custom House, on TUESDAY, the 15th April 1919, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), the following goods:—

Cases books, phonograph, dental cream, photo goods, axes, provisions, combs, cotton silk ribbon, embrocation, dry colour, sugar, bleached, medicines, rubber, bundles gold braid, coir yarn, carpets, kegs nails, paints, fire clay, coffee, empty cases and casks, etc., etc., 137 parcels, aniline dyes of various colours, German, Holland and Belgium make, and collection of stamps.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th April, 1919.

SALE BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS, BOMBAY.

No 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 321.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Handsome Household Furniture, Rich Blackwood Carved Partition Screens, Grand Piano by Bechstein, Brass Ornaments, electro-plateware, Rich Glassware, Crockery, Etc., the property of the late Mr. E. F. Nicholson, Government Solicitor and Public Prosecutor, Bombay.

On SUNDAY, the 13th day of April, 1919, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sharp, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at No. 39, Marine Lines, valuable handsome household furniture, consisting of large dining table, dining chairs, dinner waggons, meatsafe, dumbwaiter, mirrored sideboards, Chesterfield sofa, blackwood and teakwood cushioned chairs, mirror door almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, clothes and gown presses, clothes baskets, wardrobes, rich blackwood partition screens, corner cabinets, carved tray, iron beds, writing and dressing tables, fancy teapoys, Indian book case, tatatandas, brass and other ornamental table clocks, old China vases, Terracotta figures, grand piano by Bechstein (in excellent condition), coloured pictures in frames, motor travelling rugs, electro-plated, tea set with knives complete, mirrors with looking glass, photo frames, polished black-wood settee, carved teapoy with brass top, rich glassware, electro-plateware, etc.

Also one Automatic pistol by Wesley Foster, in leather case, complete and 20 round ammunitions and 1 Kukri, complete.

The property of the late Mr. E. F. Nicholson, Government Solicitor and Public Prosecutor, Bombay.

Catalogues are printed and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT KHOJA STREET.

By order of Messrs. Hoosenbhoy Ahmedbhoy and Abdeali Mahomedali Kajiji the Mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated 20th day of October, 1916, and made between by Lakmidas Gopalji Ranji of one part and the said Messrs. Hoosenbhoy Ahmedbhoy and Abdeali Mahomedali Kajiji of the other part, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, 30th April, 1919, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the premises the undermentioned property in exercise of the power of sale under the said Indenture of Mortgage:—

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of quit and ground rent tenure together with messuage, etc. standing thereon, in Khoja Street, admeasuring about 1334 square yards bearing Collector Old No. 2355 New No. 2406, Old Survey No. 208, New Survey No. 4291, and bounded on East by property of Bombay Municipality, on West by Khoja Street, on North by property of Govindji Ramjee, on South by property of Esufali Jivaji, and assessed by Municipality under C. Ward No. 7248, Street No. 122-123, and said premises are now in the occupation of Mortgagor and her tenants.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Merwanji Kola and Co. Solicitors, Hamam Street, or the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 500 DRUMS OF WHITE ZINC PAINT AND 578 DRUMS OF GENUINE NIPON WHITE ZINC PAINT.

Under instructions from the Insurance office concerned, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 16th April, 1919, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at Shed No. "G.4 (2) Prince's Dock.

500 drums "BEE" brand, white zinc paint and 178 drums of Genuine Nipon white zinc paint.

And on same day at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at Unclaimed Warehouse near shed No. 12 Victoria Docks.

400 drums of Genuine Nipon white zinc paint.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

N. B.—The goods are sold as they are.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th April, 1919.

INK TABLETS.

EASILY soluble, very brilliant non-corrosive, one tablet sufficient for one ink pot. Price paragon blue-black Rs. 1-9 per gross. Brilliant blue-black As. 12 per gross. Red Rs. 1-8 per gross. Green Rs. 1-4 per gross. Ample discount on

BENGAL I. & FACTORY,
34, Tarak Chatterji Lane, Calcutta.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following special rate:—
ONE ANNA PER WORD.
Minimum charge for each advertisement is Re. 1.

PAYMENT IN ADVANCE.
The full name and address of the advertiser is required as a guarantee of good faith.

BOX NUMBER DEPARTMENT.
Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses divulged will be given a Box number. The words 'Apply Box No. ..... Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle,"' to be paid for by the advertiser. One anna to be reckoned for the figures.
Names and Addresses of Advertisers will not be divulged to enquirers, who must answer advertisements by letter.
Advertisers are requested to note that the Company does not undertake to send replies to advertisements, these can be had at the Office only on production of the Voucher given with each advertisement between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.
Replies to advertisements should be addressed Box number . . Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

THE "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS undertakes all kinds of JOB PRINTING. A trial order is solicited. Apply The MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle", 3, Medows Street, Bombay.

A Very large stock of Calcium Carbide just received. Wholesale and retail, enquiries solicited. The PETROL SUPPLYING CO., Lamington Road, Girgaum, Bombay. Telegrams: Sedulous. Telephone 3010. 1809

WASTE—Don't waste your money or buy anything at highest prices to-day, for MEHTA & Co. Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, have many cheap bargains worth inspecting. AUCTION TO-DAY, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.). Come sharp.

MOTORS & ACCESSORIES.

NOTICE TO FORD OWNERS—If you are thinking of insuring your Ford, please communicate with us as we can offer you specially low terms on insurance of Ford cars.—FORD AUTOMOBILES (India), Ltd., Hughes Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 707, Telegram "Autoford."

PETROL ECONOMISER (Automatic action.) Guaranteed to save 10 per cent. to 40 per cent. petrol consumption. Easily fitted and lasts a lifetime. Proves itself in first 10 miles and pays for itself in a few weeks. Agents required throughout India, Burma and Ceylon on liberal terms. Full particulars on application to THE NEW MOTOR SPECIALITY CO., LTD., Post Box 171, 70, Apollo Street, Bombay.

MISCELLANEOUS

CAPITALISTS—Have an interest in a Railway in India. For further particulars apply to Mr. A. MONIZ, Broker and Estate Agent, 56, Esplanade Road, Bombay. 1888

ASTROLOGY.—"Man Know Thyself." Mysteries of the Stars revealed by the well-known Astrologer PROFESSOR XENOBIN, who is on tour here. Invaluable advice given in all matters, and yearly, monthly and daily events foretold. Attends private calls. Send date, time and place of birth Watson's Hotel, Bombay. 2028

SITUATIONS VACCANT.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Two GRADUATES for the Cambay State Schools. Starting pay Rs. 60 per mensem with prospects. Apply with testimonials, if any, to THE ADMINISTRATOR, Cambay State, Cambay. 1971

WANTED—A qualified MARINE MOTOR ENGINEER, for a small cargo vessel. Apply immediately, with copies of testimonials, stating past experience and salary expected to GOOLABCHAND DHARAMCHAND, 420, Mumbadevi, Bombay. 2060

WANTED—An experienced LADY DOCTOR (L.M.&S. or M.B.B.S.), for the Palanpur Maternity Female Hospital. Apply with testimonials stating salary, to Messrs SURUJMAL LALLUBHAI & CO., 227, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 1892

PARSI LADS—WANTED: Refreshment Room Managers, and also shop assistants for an up-country firm. Knowledge of English essential, accounts preferable. Board and lodging provided. Apply with copies of testimonials and experience to Box No. 534, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2058

BANDSMEN WANTED for the 35th Poona Battalion, I. D. F., Violin, Viola, Celo and Double Bass; also flute, Clarinette, Cornet, Horn and Trombone players. Excellent prospects for ex-Army men. Minimum pay Rs. 30 per mensem, with extra allowances, etc. Apply to BAND PRESIDENT, 35th Poona Battalion, I. D. F., Poona. 2051

MEDICAL OFFICER WANTED for a State in Northern India as CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, must at least be a Graduate in Medicine. Salary according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials and photo (which will not be returned), to Box No. 531, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2055

DETECTIVE WANTED for a State in Northern India, must be smart and experienced. Apply with testimonials and photo (which will not be returned) mentioning caste, religion, nationality, etc. Salary according to qualifications in addition to handsome bonus for good work. Apply to Box No. 533, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2056

WANTED—SUB-REGISTRARS and CEMETERY CLERKS in the Health Department of the Bombay Municipality. Pay Rs. 60 to 75 plus War Allowance according to qualifications. Only qualified Hospital Assistants or Senior Medical Students need apply. Applications to be made personally at the Head Office of the Health Department. 2108

WANTED—Ten energetic and influential CANVASSERS for the town of Bombay and ten throughout the Presidency to be divided into ten Circles by grouping together two or more Districts and States to secure advertisers and subscribers for the Encyclopaedic Directory. Pay according to qualifications. Apply sharp to the CHIEF AGENT, 233-23, Hornby Road, Bombay. 2096

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—An experienced CLERK, who has worked in mills. Pay according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 539, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2084

WANTED—SHORTHAND-TYPIST for general office work with knowledge of accounts. Apply SIMON & MOTILAL, Times' Building. 2097

WANTED—A CLERK for a Washing Company. A Hindu or a Christian with previous experience preferred. Apply F. BRISTLE CO., New Churni Road. 2100

AN expert, experienced ENGINEER wanted, thoroughly efficient to manufacture cement digging from the mines. Apply Box No. 537, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2073

WANTED—Two SHORTHAND-TYPISTS for Solicitors' firms and a SHORTHAND-TYPIST and TYPISTS for a Commercial firm. Apply THE PIONEER AGENCY, 289, Hornby Road, Fort. 2089

ACTIVE MANAGER WANTED for Limited Company; with guarantee up to 20,000 Rupees preferred. Initial monthly pay 400 to 1,000 Rupees. Apply Box No. 542, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2093

WANTED—SOLO CORNET PLAYER, at Rs. 50 per month, 1 first cornet player at Rs. 40, 1 Euphonium player at Rs. 45, plus certain playing-out fees. Apply to BAND MASTER, 1/17th, B. B. & C. I. Railway Battalion, Lower Parel, Bombay. 2105

SITUATION WANTED.

MR. MOHOMMAD MUSTAHSAN KHAN BUNGUSH, Supdt. of H. E. H. The Nizam's Central Jail, Hyderabad, Deccan, who has lately been pensioned has arrived in Bombay and is desirous to serve as Manager of any Mill, Factory or Firm, or Supdt. of P. Press, Industrial School, Garden or to Supervise any of the buildings under construction or Agent for buying or selling articles, if he is offered suitable pay. His age is about 37 years. He knows English and Urdu well, also accounts, served in Jail Department for about 17 years where he had been managing silk, waste-silk, various sorts of departments connected with cotton cloths weaving, tailoring, durrie, carpet, carpentry, tent and shoe-making and dyeing factories as well as gardening, building works, etc. He has experience of the work done in these lines. He is also well up in selling of manufactured goods and purchasing of raw materials. He understands keeping of accounts and managing the office. He has also served for 2 years as Police Superintendent and 2 years as Press Superintendent. He holds several testimonials and copies of remarks including several references by Mr. A. C. Hankin, C.S.I., C.I.E., the Director-General of Police and Jails on his inspections from time to time, under whom he has served for many years as Jailor and Superintendent. Honesty, energy, hard-working, good management of the office, systematical keeping of the accounts, general administration of the Jail and industrial experiance in general have very strongly been certified. Besides this officer many other European and Indian high officials of H. E. H. The Nizam's and British Governments speak in highest terms as to his qualifications. Correspondence is awaited from any one requiring his services for in or outland. Apply Box No. 533, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2057

WANTED.

REQUIRED—A Gentleman to go to England in charge of two boys 18 and 15, 1st class passage and remuneration. Apply Box No. 545, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle. 2102

BROKERS and AGENTS WANTED for Stock and Shares. Exceptional opportunity to energetic and influential people. Write or enquire. Room 19, Prince of Wales Hotel, Fort. 2092

FOR SALE.

WALER—Bay, young. Apply sharp W. STEPHENS, Charni Road. 2094

FOR SALE—FANS, Jost patent worked by kerosine oil lamp. CLUBWALLA & Co., 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay. 2083

FOR SALE or on lease, a big FLOUR and SPICE MILLS in a very busy central locality. Apply sharp: S. D. DAVAR, Sleater Road. 208

FOR SALE—BRIZEL MOTOR, five seater in good condition, owner going home, Re. 1,500 or offer. Apply HOOSAINBHOY RAHIM C/o Jivraj Master, Dongri Street. 2049

FOR SALE—A splendid BUNGLOW and also an open PLOT of land, well situated and commanding an excellent view at Nepean Sea Road side. Brokers not required. For particulars apply immediately to Box No. 530, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2039

PHOTO PAPERS unsensitized for Heliographic Copying of Plans, Drawings, Designs, etc., by the Ferro-Prussiate process. Ask for samples and prices. THE BOMBAY STATIONERY MART, Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay. C B—A 4

DUPLICATING sundries for D. Gestetner's Duplicators now received regularly direct from the manufacturers. Stencil papers, Inks of various colours, and other sundries. THE BOMBAY STATIONERY MART, Victoria Buildings, Fort, Bombay. C B—B 4

FOR SALE—FOX TYPEWRITERS. The light running Fox Typewriter represents the very highest type of typewriter-building and contains every feature found in other famous typewriters with many exclusive features of its own. Remember our claim—not merely "Just as good" but better than the very best you know. Satisfaction guaranteed. For full particulars apply to the EASTERN ELECTRIC AND TRADING CO. Hornby Road Fort, Bombay. Post Box No. 459 Telegrams Easelektrik. 1994

TO BE LET.

TO LET on lease—A FLAT for big office at Hornby Road. Apply Box No. 540, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 2086

PUBLIC NOTICE.

WANTED.

WANTED two boys age 7—13, willing to learn in Shanti Niketan (Tagore School) Bolepur or in Gurookula, at Hardwar. Will bear all their expenses. Preference to younger boys. Apply NOWROSJI M. BHATHENA, 6-8, Medows Street, with certificates. 2034

PUBLIC & LEGAL NOTICES.

PUBLIC and LEGAL NOTIFICATIONS are inserted at the following rates:—
Included also are Government and Shipping Notices, Company Prospectus, Tenders, etc.,

	Per inch.
First insertion	Rs. 6.0
Second insertion	Rs. 3.8
Third insertion	Rs. 3.0
Fourth insertion	Rs. 2.8
Fifth and subsequent	Rs. 2.0
Minimum charge	Rs. 6.0

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

THE attention of Jurymen is directed to the Preliminary Jury lists published in the "Bombay Government Gazette" of the 10th instant.
Suggestions for alterations or corrections in the said lists should be sent in writing to the Clerk of the Crown or the undersigned on or before the 15th instant.

COWASJEE JEHANGIR.
Sheriff of Bombay.

Sheriff's Office,
Bombay, 10th April, 1919. 2106

WANTED URGENTLY GRASS.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of baled grass or Karbi up to one crore pounds for use in the Kathiawar Agency. No tenders for grass will be considered from the Government restricted area. Tenders to be made to the undersigned before the 15th April, 1919.

W. M. P. WOOD, Lt.-Col.,
Special Famine Officer,
Kathiawar.

Rajkot, 26-3-1919. 1823

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

FOR SALE—Offers will be received up to the 15th April 1919, by the undersigned for the purchase of H. M. S. "SPHINX" with all stores and fittings that are now on board.
2. The vessel is a composite Paddle steamer built in 1883 by R. & H. Green, England. Her dimensions are—Length over all 220 feet, Length between perpendiculars 200 feet, Breadth over spensons 54 feet, Depth moulded 14 feet 9 inches, Mean Draft 10 feet 6 inches, Displacement 1,130 tons. Engines built by John Penn. Indicated Horse Power 1,000. Engines Combined Oscillating Surface Condensing. Boilers steel, 2 in No., New in 1903. Pressure 75 lbs. Bunker capacity 215 tons.
3. Purchaser must remove the vessel from the Government Dockyard or moorings within 14 days of purchase at his own expense and risk.
4. Dismantling will not be permitted at the Government Dockyard or moorings.
5. Twenty-five per cent. of purchase money to be paid immediately on acceptance of tender, balance within 14 days of purchase and before vessel is removed from moorings.
Should the balance be not paid and the vessel not removed within the time specified, the deposit of 25 per cent. would be forfeited for the benefit of the Crown and the vessel resold.
6. Application to view the vessel may be made to the undersigned and further particulars, if required, obtained.
7. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

M. W. FAREWELL,
Captain R. I. M.
Captain-Superintendent.

R. I. M. Dockyard, Kidderpore.
The 25th March, 1919. 1875

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

APPOINTMENT OF EXECUTIVE HEALTH OFFICER.

THE Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay are prepared to receive applications for the appointment of EXECUTIVE HEALTH OFFICER for the Municipality under Section 74 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act.
2. The Municipal Act provides that the Executive Health Officer shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office, but that he may accept for such period as may be sanctioned by the Corporation any appointment, whether honorary or otherwise, which has for its object the promotion of public health whether by means of education or otherwise, and which in the opinion of the Corporation would not interfere with his duties as Executive Health Officer.
3. The appointment which is subject to confirmation by the Local Government will be for a renewable term of five years. The incumbent in liable to removal during the term of office for misconduct or for neglect of, or incapacity for, his duties on the votes of not less than two-thirds of the members present at a meeting of the Corporation.
4. Candidates must have a legal qualification in Medicine, Surgery and Public Health. Preference will be given to those who have had control of the sanitary administration of a large City, County, or combined district, and who possess a knowledge of Bacteriology.
5. The minimum monthly salary of the appointment is Rs. 1,500 and the maximum Rs. 2,000. It has, however, been provided in the Municipal Act that with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council the Corporation may grant to the Executive Health Officer a personal allowance not exceeding rupees two hundred and fifty per mensem in addition to the maximum monthly salary. The Health Officer is provided with a motor car at Municipal expense. The service is pensionable under the Pension Rules of the Bombay Municipality, information regarding which and regarding leave rules can be obtained on a reference to the undersigned in Bombay or to W. D. Sheppard, Esq., C.I.E., Member of the Council of India, London.
6. Applicants should state what minimum initial salary (in rupees) they will be on the limits above mentioned which they are willing to accept.
7. Applications which should be accompanied by *copies only* of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness should be addressed to the undersigned and forwarded as follows:—
(a) By applicants in Europe: to the care of W. D. Sheppard, Esq., C.I.E., Member of the Council of India, London, so as to reach him not later than the 30th April, 1919.
(b) By other applicants to the Municipal Office in Bombay, so as to reach the undersigned not later than the 30th April, 1919.

A. A. MOULVI,
Ag. Municipal Secretary.

Bombay, 6th March, 1919. 1881

PUBLIC NOTICES

SUPPLY OF FOREST UNIFORMS.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of uniforms for the Rangers, Foresters and Forest Guards in the Southern Circle, during the period commencing June 1st 1919, and ending March 31st 1920.
Tenders will be received up to 12 noon of the 15th May 1919.
The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any of the tenders.
Copies of the terms of agreement and form of tender may be obtained on application to the Office of the undersigned at Belgaum, where also the sealed patterns, according to which the supply is to be made, can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m., on any day except on Sundays and Holidays.

W. C. COPLESTON,
Conservator of Forests, S. C.

Via Belgaum,
6th April, 1919. 2065

THE INDORE MALWA UNITED MILLS. LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Indore Malwa United Mills, Limited, will be held at No. 137, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, the registered office of the Company, on SATURDAY, the 26th day of April, 1919, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), in the afternoon, when the subjoined resolution will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution.

RESOLUTION.

That in Article 119, the word "March" be substituted for the word "December."

Should the resolution be passed by the required majority, it will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution to a further Extraordinary General Meeting, and such meeting will be held on Monday, the 12th day of May, 1919, at the same time and place, for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, confirming such resolution as a special resolution accordingly.

Dated the 10th day of April, 1919.

By Order of the Board
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, LTD.,
2088 Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.

THE SASSOON SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

THE FORTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Forbes Street, Fort, on TUESDAY, the 22nd April, 1919, at 4-15 p.m. (Standard Time), to transact the following business:—
1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st December, 1918.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To confirm the appointments of Directors.
4. To elect two Directors in place of those, who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors for the current year, and to fix their remuneration.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED, from MONDAY, the 14th April, 1919, to WEDNESDAY, the 23rd April, 1919, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
FRAMROZ RUSTOMJEE MISTREE,
Secretary.

No. 3, Forbes Street, Fort,
Bombay, 1st April, 1919. 2018

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WE find from the advertisement in the papers that Messrs. DAMODER HURIDAS have advertised 20 bales of the Pearl Mills for sale by Public Auction on the 16th instant on account of our clients Messrs. JETHABHAI MULJI on the ground that our clients had not taken delivery of the goods on due date. Our clients say that Damoder Huridas have broken the contract with our clients by not giving delivery in time and our clients are going to file a suit against Damoder Haridas for damages for breach of contract.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1919.

EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & CO.
Attorneys for Messrs. Jethabhai Mulji.
2099

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.
Petition for Probate of the Will of DIDARALLY HASSANALLY, late of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan inhabitant, a merchant, residing at Sandhurst Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.
(1) SHAFARALLI CARIM SHONAWALLA, a merchant residing at Dongri, outside the Fort; (2) JANABAI, widow of the abovenamed deceased Didarally Hassanally, residing at Sandhurst Road, outside the Fort, the only surviving executor and executrix named in the said Will Khoja Mahomedan inhabitants ..... Petitioners.
All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Prabate.
Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twentieth day of March in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and nineteen and in the Ninth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,

The 20th day of March, 1919.
Messrs. SMETHAM BYRNE & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

True Copy,
SMETHAM BYRNE & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys. 2101

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

Re SALE OF PROPERTY AT GOWALIA TANK ROAD.
DADABHOY CURSETJI & others
To
Dr. N. F. SURVEYOR and anr.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. DADABHOY CURSETJI FARDOONJI, SORABJI DADABHOY BAWTER and KAIKHUSHRU NASSERWANJEE CHANDABHOY, the present Trustees of an Indenture of Settlement, dated 18th October, 1880, made by Novroji Fardunji and others in favour of Sorabji Shapurji Bengali and others have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. All persons having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Gresham Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:—
All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land, situate at Gowalia Tank Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, being a part of the property known as Tanka Villa, containing by admeasurement formerly one thousand and twenty-nine and a quarter square yards or thereabouts but now nine hundred and fifty-nine and a quarter square yards or thereabouts, seventy square yards having been taken up by the Municipality for set back and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue along with other adjoining land by New Survey No. 7339, together with the bungalow out houses Garage servants' quarters and all structures standing thereon known as Belle Ville, all which said premises are now assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward Nos. 2913 (2) and 2914 (1A) and Street Nos. 2 A A and 1 A and all which said premises are bounded on or towards the East by the property formerly of Goolbai Dhanjibhoy Shrof and now of Bapooji Dossabhoy Patell, on or towards the West by a lane leading from the Gowalia Tank Road to the Hughes Road, on or towards the North by the said Gowalia Tank Road and on or towards the South by the Gokaldas Tejpal Sanskrit College and Seminary.
Dated this 10th day of March, 1919.

MULLA & MULLA,
Purchasers Attorneys.
2107

AMUSEMENTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of Concerts, Cinemas, and other Amusements are inserted in these columns at the rate of Rs. 2 per inch per insertion in single column.

THE EMPIRE
COMING SHORTLY
The film Sensation of the year
Tarzan OF THE Apes.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE Bombay's Most Central Theatre.
RENDEZVOUS OF THE CULTURED.
LAST TWO NIGHTS OF
THE POPULAR PICTURES:
To-day at 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Mr. E. H. Du Casse
Presents his exclusive Drama
in FIVE PARTS, entitled
'THE HOUSE OF CARDS'
Featuring
CATHERINE CALVERT & FRANK MILLS.
This is an exceedingly powerful dramatic treatment of a domestic situation which is even now not uncommon and which one fears will only be too familiar in the coming years. It deals with woman's true vocation in life—of a woman who put her scientific studies before her domestic responsibilities—and the result.
Prices: Re. 1-8, Re. 1, As. 8 & 4. (Seats in Side Boxes Rs. 2 each, Dress Circle Boxes Re. 5 each).
NOTE.—TRAMWAY EXTENDED RIGHT UPTO THE CORNER OPPOSITE ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.
FROM SUNDAY NEXT.
A POWERFUL PICTURE BILL.

NEW ALEXANDRA
Near Crawford Market.
To-night!
AN ABSORBING DRAMA IN 5 PARTS.
THE
FALSE FRIEND
featuring
GAIL KANE
A story of intense and gripping interest.
Together with a full Programme.
3 Shows Nightly at 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

NAROTAM GIRDHAR & CO.
JUMMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.
We are importing Chemicals, Pure Drugs and Patent Medicines direct from the best Houses in Great Britain, France, America and Japan and can guarantee the quality of all goods supplied by us.
A trial order solicited.

THE WONDERFUL MAN WHO IS THE APOSTLE OF RIGHT AND JUSTICE
The Man of Mystery, and the Man of Science—and again the Man of Revenge and the Man of Romance!
JUDEX
IN HIS NEW EXPLOITS
A thrilling, gripping Serial of Present-day Life.
To-day is—mark you!—the Final Day of the Second Week.
The Story in which Judex confronts and baffles a desperate gang of blackmailers, including the Hypnotic Fiend and an adventurous Vixen, has been the delight of hundreds of our Patrons this last fortnight.
Fail not to come this Evening at
THE WEST-END CINEMA
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD).
THE GAUMONT GAZETTE AND A LUKE COMEDY IN THE PROGRAMME.
TO-NIGHT:—5-30; 7; 8-45; 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)

AU REVOIR—NOT FAREWELL!
to the indomitable, incomparable
Masciste,
the Man in the Street with Herculean muscles and steel nerves. His appearance this Week at the
CINEMA PRECIOUS
is positively The Last. The Episode
MASCISTE (AS MEDIUM)
6,000 feet—has been an unique success.
Don't forget to pay a visit to this favourite Hero of the populace. The stalwart sinewy merciful missionary that has bewildered and charmed and baffled and overawed thousands already is at his best this Week.
A Scenic Film and a Comedy in the Programme.
Four Shows to-night: 5-15; 7; 8-45; 10-30 p.m. (S.T.).

YOUR FAVOURITE PICTURE PALACE
THE MAJESTIC
GIRGAUM TRAM TERMINUS
presents during the week
by public request
THE GIGANTIC SWADESHI ATTRACTION
Birth of Shree Krishna
DIRECTED AND PRODUCED BY
MR. D. G. PHALKE
NEXT WEEK
A film version of
Marie Corelli's
World-Famous Novel
THELMA
COMING SHORTLY
Another Triumph of Indian Cinematography
Another Plume in the hat of the Pioneer Producer of Indian films
KALIYA MARDAN
OR
KALI NAGA DAMAN
Another interesting episode from the
Childhood of SHREE KRISHNA.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS.

The Empire
Daily at 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p. m.

Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson
As "The Stranger" Supported by a notable Cast in
"The Passing of the Third Floor Back."
In 6 Reels. By JEROME K. JEROME.
A story of tremendous strength, with a wondrous charm and appeal to all classes of mankind.

Opening TO-MORROW
Under the experienced management of the Proprietors of Cinema Majestic, and New Alexandra Cinema :—
GAIETY CINEMA
(Gaiety Theatre, Opp. Bori Bunder)
Where Pictures of quality only will be screened.
SEE
the Grand Opening Programme with the "World" Company's splendid Production :—
"TRILBY"
from the popular novel of the same name by
GEORGE Du MAURIER
featuring
THE BRILLIANT AND VIVACIOUS STAR
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG.
PLEASE NOTE OUR TIMINGS
Saturday at 4-30 and 6-30 .. .. 2 Shows
Sunday at 8-15 and 10 .. .. 2 Shows
Monday & Wednesday at 6-30 .. .. 1 Show
Tues., Thurs., & Friday 6-30, 8-15 & 10 .. 3 Shows
POPULAR PRICES OF ADM ISSION
From Rs. 2 to Annas 4.

Miss Gauhar Jan
OF CALCUTTA
Queen of Indian Singers
GOLD AND DIAMOND MEDALIST
FAMOUS FOR HER GRAMAPHONE RECORDS
AFTER A LONG PERIOD OF FOUR YEARS
WILL GIVE
Her First Concert
IN BOMBAY
ON MONDAY 14TH APRIL, 1919, AT 9-30 P. M. (S. T.)
AT THE
BALLIWALLA GRAND THEATRE
FALKLAND ROAD.
Please Book your Seats in advance.

IMPERIAL
THE PREMIER PICTURE PALACE of BOMBAY
TO-NIGHT
The tremendously exciting adventures of
THE NEW MACISTE
reach their climax in the concluding episodes which will be screened to-night
MODERN HERCULES
excels himself in these last thrilling episodes. Don't fail to see his amazing feats of Strength
They will grip your attention from beginning to end. The film is supplied by K. A Sethna & Co., Agents to Arture Boneschi.
PATHE GAZETTE
giving notable current news in pictures.
Every night : 7 ; 8-45, & 10-30 p.m.
Matinee: Every Saturday & Sunday, at 5 p.m.
Extra show : every Sunday at 3-30 p.m.
NEXT SATURDAY
Baby Marie Osborne
in "CUPID BY PROXY"

COAL ! COAL ! !
LARGE stock of all sorts of 1st and 2nd class COAL, available at cheap rate for ready and forward delivery. For quotations and other particulars, write to Post Box 582 CALCUTTA.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, April 7th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	5,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	...
" " Sales of East Indian	300
" " Imports	60,000
Mid. Americans Spot	16.54
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels	26.59
New York 11 a.m. (As known is in Liverpool at closing time) May	26.26
July	24.25
Oct.	22.41
New Orleans 10 a. m. May	24.98
July	23.65

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, April 7th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
April	16.94
May	15.70
June	Not quoted.
July	15.09
Aug.	14.80
Sept.	14.37

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, April 7th.

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
April.	17.94
May	15.81
June.	15.50
July.	15.18
Aug.	14.83
Sept.	14.45

EGYPTIAN FUTURE.

Liverpool, April 7th.

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price.
April	26.60

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool. April 7th.

M.G. Bengal Good	12.15
" " Fully Good	12.65
" " Fine	12.90
" No. 1 Oomra Good	14.25
" " Fully Good	14.75
" " Fine	15.00
" Broach Good	15.25
" " Fully Good	15.50
" " Fine	15.75

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, April 2nd.

Day's Export to Great Britain	2,000
" to Continent	37,000
Fair Rly Coffee (No. 7 quality)	16½
Demand Bills	4.62.00
Silver Commercial Bars	101½

New York, April 7th.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	12,000
Futures at New York May	26.45
" " July	24.36
" " Oct.	22.75
Spot Cotton at New York	29.05
" " Orleans	26.25
Futures at New Orleans May	24.83
" " July	23.69

New York, April 7th.

Futures at New York May	26.45
" " Oct.	22.75

New York, April 8th.

Futures at New York May	26.50
Oct.	22.92

MONEY MARKETS.

London, April 4th.

Rentes 3%	62 1/2
Bar silver Spot	48 9/16
Closing Tone of Silver :—Quiet.	
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April, 1917	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	3 9/16
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	3 5/8
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 1/8
" " " 6 "	4 1/4
Interest day to day loans	2 3/4
" 7 days market loans	3 1/4
Consols 2½ %	56½
Rupee Paper 3½ %	51
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loan	69½
Government Securities 5 %	60½
Ex. On London at Paris Frances	27.70

London, April 5th.

Rents 3%	62 1/2
Bar Silver Spot	48 7/8
Closing Tone of Silver :—Quiet.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 5th April 1917.	
Discount Bank 3 m/st.	3 9/16
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	3 5/8
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 1/8
" " " 6 "	4 1/4
Interest day to day loans	2 3/4
" 7 days market loans	3 1/4
Consols 2½ %	56½
Rupee Paper 3½ %	51½
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loans	69
Government Securities 3 %	60½
Ex. On London at Paris France	27.70

WAR LOANS.

London, April 4th

3½ % 1925—1928	£87½
4½ % 1925—1945	£99½
5 % New	£95 1/2

London April 3rd.

3½ % 1925—1925	£87½
4½ % 1925—1945	£99½
5 % New	£95 5/8

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, April 4th.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual Bold	600
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzrat, 416 lb. ex-ship	600
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship.	600
Maximum price fixed for Shipment.	
Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship April May Quoted	570
Linseed, Argentine, (La Plate)	600
Torla Rapeseed April-May Sellers	570
Maximum price fixed for Shipment.	

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£84½
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£79
Copper Braziers	£113
Yellow Metal	10½
Hard Spelter	34½

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F Calcutta July Sept. Sellers	26/6
Fine White Java C.& F. Calcutta June-July Sellers	29
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay June-July Sellers	29/2½
Fine White Java, C & F. Karachi June-July Sellers	29/3½

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure April-May Sellers	2/5½
Plantation First Latex Crepe April-June Sellers	2/0½
Tone :—Flat.	

London April 5th.

WHEAT.

Wheat Afloat to United Kingdom 1,000,000 quarters

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual bold	600
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship	600
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship	600
Maximum price fixed for Shipments.	
Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship April May Quoted	580
Linseed Argentine (La Plata)	600
Toris Rapeseed April-May Quoted	560
Maximum price fixed for Shipment.	

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£84½
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£79
Copper Braziers	£113
Yellow Metals	10½
Hard Spelter	34½

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Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay June-July Sellers	29/2½
Fine White Java, C. & F. Karachi June-July Sellers	29/3½

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure April-May Sellers	2/5½
Plantation First Latex Crepe May-June Sellers	2/0½
Tone :—Dull.	

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

10th April.

The Marwadi bazaar opened at Rs. 482½ for Fully Good Broach April/May, and fluctuated between Rs. 481 and Rs. 483½. The price improved later on to Rs. 485 and declined to Rs. 481. At 4 p.m., the rate was Rs. 478½ and the bazaar closed at Rs. 479. At Colaba the forward market was closed.

For ready cotton, the demand was very moderate.

QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

Fully Good M.G Broach	April-May	Market closed
Fully Good M.G. Broach	July-Aug.	
Fully Good M.G Bengal	May	
Fine M.G Oomras	May-June	
Good M.G. Southerns		

DULERAID CO'S COTTON REPORT.

	Rs.
Total receipts on Monday in Bombay	15,950
Total receipts of cotton since September last	14,99,530
Total	15,15,460

On Tuesday our market for F. G. Broach delivery contracts opened at Rs. 484 per Candy, slowy dropped to 479 again advanced to 485 and after this a decline set in. The market remained steady at 478 for a considerable time. At Colaba the market opened at 479 and after further fluctuations the market closed weak at 474.

The tone of the local market owing to the heavy stocks at Colaba continues weak. But the continuous upward trend of the American market may lead to an increased trade enquiry from Europe and Japan and if the bonafide demand of spot Cotton from the Export Houses is coming forth, our market is likely to gather strength and so we now think it inadvisable to go short, but advise cautious purchase at every fall.

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD.

QUOTATIONS, 10TH APRIL 1919.

		Rs
Fully Good M. G. Broach	April-May	479
Fully Good M G Bengal	May	384
Fine M. G. Oomras	May	442
Good M. G. Southerns	May-June	475
" " "	July-Aug.	480

READY QUOTATIONS

Description.	Super fine.	Fine.	F. G.	Good.	Delivery
M.G. Bengal	406	398	386	371	Ready
M.G. Stud Broach	401	393	381	366	"
M.G. Oomras Nos	456	452	437	—	"
M.G. Oomras Nos	—	426	406	386	"
M.G. Broach	498	494	489	479	"

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 9th April 1919.

Cotton	5,443 bales.
Wheat	404 Cwts.
Linseed	1,594 "
Rape, etc.	621 "
Gingellyseed	18 "
Poppyseed	Nil
Groundnuts	231 "
Castorseed	14 "
Rice	41,434 "
Myrabollams	2,079 "
Cottonseed	1,236 "
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	2,602 "
Jewar	513 "
Maize	Nil
Barley	1,292 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce:

Bombay, April 10th—6-30 p.m.

Ready.	Bazaar Terms Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery Rs. a. p
Wheat White Delhi 70-30		
" " Cawnpore 70-30		
" Karachi Bangla		
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi		
" " Cawnpore		
" Yellow Cawnpore		
Linseed Brown Bold		
" Thin		
Teelseed White 85-15		
" Gajar 75-25		
" Black		
" Gajar 50-50		
Poppyseed, White		
Groundnuts		
Bareley		
Mowraseed		
Castorseed		

To-day's Dana Bunder was closed. Rates are unchgd. from 8th instant.

BOMBAY AND CHINA YARN MARKET.

Bombay, April 10th

	Rate per ℔. Rs. as. p
Davids No. 10	0 15 4
Shapurji No. 10	0 15 12
Simplex No. 10	0 14 0
Currimbhai No. 12½	0 14 12
Light Houses No. 6½	0 12 6

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, April 10th.

	Market Rates
Bank Telegraphic	1 5 15½
Bank Demand	1 6 0
Doc. Acceptance 30d/s.	1 6 5
Fcs Demand	199
American Dollars	284½
Hongkong	220½
Shanghai	320
Japan	140½
Singapore	156½

Market Steady.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Bombay, 10th April, 1919.

BULLION.

Bar Gold, Rs. 31-11-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London, 1/5 31/32.
D. D. on London, 1/6 1/32.
Credit 3Msd/a, 1/6 11/32 to 5/16.
D. D. on France, Fr. 199.
Credit 3 Msd/a Fr. 216.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 146-8.
60 D/st. Japan Rs. 142-4.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 220-8.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 320.
D. D. on Singapore Rs. 156-8.
D. D. on New York Rs. 286-8.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-1947 92.
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1920-22 99-8.
4 per cent. Conversion loan 82.
4 per cent. Terminable loan 95.
3½ per cent. paper 70.
4½ per cent. Port Trust long dated 89.
4 per cent. Port Trust long dated 84.
4 per cent. Municipal long dated 83.
4 per cent. Municipal Short dated 92.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust long dated 82.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 91.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 91.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 6 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 6 per cent.
Bank of Madras 8 per cent.

SHARES.

The market was open for one hour in the morning and continued steady.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 2,175, Swan 602½, Simplex 655, Shahpurji 122½, Pearls 565, Madhowji 2,175, Luxmi Cotton 1,775, Kohinoor 1,340, Currimbhoy 365, Kastoorchand 1,040, Finlay 475, Fazulbhoy 755, David 582½, Crescent 230, Colaba 1,540 xd., Century 470, By. Cotton 590, By. Dyeing 1,500, Bundi 37½, Tata New Defd. 435p., Tata Old Defd. 1,115, Tata Ord., 236½, Katni 0.265, Katni Defd. 1,390, Shivrajpur 37½, Alcocks 895, By. Burma 995, Bt. Burma Petro. 14-10, By. Tramway 587½, By. Steam 345, Tata Hydro. 1,270, Tata Bank 12-10.

The following are the closing rates of the New Stock Exchange:

Swadeshi 2,167½, Swan 602½, Simplex 1,050, Shapurji 122½, Pearls 562½, Madhowji 2,172, Luxmi Cotton 1,850, Kohinoor 1,330, Currimbhoy 365, Kastoorchand 1,050, Finlay 470, Fazulbhoy 752½, David 580, Crescent 227½, Colaba 1,565, Century 470, Bombay Cotton 595, Bombay Dyeing 1,502½, Bundi 37½, Katni Ord 267½, Katni Defd 1,390, Tata New Defd 425, Tata Old Defd 1,112½, Tata Ord 235, Shivrajpur 37½, Alcocks 902½, Bombay Burma 990, Bombay Tramway 587½, Bombay Steam 345, Tata Hydro 1,270.

MONTAGU'S SILVER REPORT.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu & Co.'s report dated 13th March 1919 says:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against its note issue is £51,130,010, an increase of £1,127,535 as compared with last week's return.

The absorption of sovereigns in India during the year 1917-1918 amounted to 1,166 lacs of rupees. The difficulties in the provision of sufficient silver to reinforce the silver balances, impelled the Government to release sovereigns for currency between April and August 1917 and in February and March 1918 principally in connection with Government purchases of wheat. The Government Currency Report, however, stated that the bulk of these sovereigns found their way very shortly after issue to Bombay and Calcutta, where they were mostly turned into jewellery.

A fresh shipment to the value of £250,000 has been made to South America from New York.

SILVER.

No fresh development has taken place in this market. The Shanghai exchange has recovered to s4-7½d. the tael.

Two recent shipments to the values of $8,000 000 and $5,225,000 have been made from the United States of America to the Indian Mint.

A leading article in the "Times" issue of March 6th contained the following statement:

"Private advices suggest that India may be on the verge of a worse food famine than the visitation of 1900. There is also a grave fodder famine, which is said to be resulting in a wholesale loss of cattle, just as the herds of Gujerat were all but wiped out eighteen years ago."

Eastern Banks do not appear to take so grave a view of the situation as outlined above, but should these forebodings be realised, the remarkable cumulative prosperity of India may be revealed by the putting into circulation of some of the vast number of silver rupees hoarded since the year of famine indicated in the preceding paragraph.

INDIAN CURRENCY RETURNS

[illegible] in circulation, 8,49,1, Feb. 22; 49,49, Feb. 23; 49,49, Mar. 7.

Silver coin and bullion in India, 2,420, Feb. 22; 2,901, Feb. 23; 2,902, Mar. 7.

Silver coin and bullion out of India, 998, Feb. 22; 1,685, Feb. 23; 1,001, Mar. 7.

Gold coin and bullion in India, 1,814, Feb. 22; 1,813, Feb. 28; 1,814, Mar. 7.

Gold coin and bullion out of India, 12, Feb. 22; 12, Feb. 28; 12, Mar. 7.

Securities (India Government), 1,698, Feb. 22; 1,608. Feb. 28; 1,608, Mar. 7.

Securities (British Government), 8,250, Feb 22; 8,250, Feb. 28; 8,250, Mar. 7.

The stock in Shanghai on the 1st instant consisted of about 30,500,000 ounces in sycee and 15,900,000 dollars, as compared with about 29,550,000 ounces in sycee and 14,500,000 dollars on the 22nd ultimo.

Quotations for bar silver per oz. std.:—

Mar. 7. 47.3/4d. cash, no quotation fixed for forward delivery.

Mar. 8. 47.3/4d. cash. no quotation fixed for forward delivery.

Mar. 10. 47.3/4d. cash, no quotation fixed for forward delivery.

Mar. 11. 47.3/4d. cash. no quotation fixed for forward delivery

Mar. 12. 47.3/4d. cash, no quotation fixed for forward delivery.

Mar. 13. 47.3/4d. cash, no quotation fixed for forward delivery.

Average 47.75d. cash, no quotation fixed for forward delivery.

The quotation to-day for cash delivery is the same as that fixed a week ago.

INDIAN WAR LOAN.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

Bombay, April. 10

		Total up-to-date. Rs.
War Bonds	Rs. ..	Rs. ..
Cash Certificates	" 5,425-0	" 25,032-8
Total ..	5,425-0	" 25,032-8

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Notices under this heading are inserted at the rate of Rupee One per Line per insertion.

TO-DAY.

The Band of the 1/13th G. I. P. Railway Battalion (I. D. F.) will play at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, this evening at 6-15 p.m.

Annual stock-taking Sale at Bombay, Jewellery Mart, 367, Hornby Road, Fort.

SUNDAY, APRIL 13.

Homeward English Hails will be closed at 4 a.m.

MONDAY, April 14.

Alexandra Native Girls' English Institution, annual prize distribution, Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, College of Science, 5-25 p.m.

TUESDAY, April 15.

Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per s.s. Kolya via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office

AMUSEMENTS.

Excelsior Theatre: Cinema at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.

Empire Theatre: Cinema at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

Royal Opera House: at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Imperial Cinema: 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

West End Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Majestic Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Precious Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

New Alexandra: 7-9, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY TIMINGS.

The timings of Mail and Express trains on the B. B. and C. I. Railway on and after 1st April, 1919, are as follows:—

	Arr. H.M.	Dep H.M.
Northern Express	12-0	17 0
Gujarat Mail	8 25	20 45
Kathiawar Express	7 50	21 5
Fast Passenger	21 10	7 20

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

The monthly meeting of the Society will be held at the Grant Medical College Library, to-day at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for the Straits Settlements, Saigon, Manilla and Hongkong via Negapatam will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Sunday and Wednesday the 13th and 16th instant respectively.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

Commercial and personal telegrams may be exchanged with Poland, with Estonia, and with Austria, but not with Hungary. Telegrams are liable to be delayed and service is uncertain.

MR. BAPTISTA ON THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Under the auspices of the Bombay National Union Mr. Joseph Baptista will deliver a lecture on "League of Nations" to-morrow at 6-30 p.m. in Morarji Goculdas Hall, Cavel Street, the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel will preside.

LABOURER'S DEATH THROUGH COLLAPSE OF HOUSE.

The Coroner also held an inquest touching the death of Genu Bhika, a labourer, aged 50 years. The deceased and some others were engaged in pulling down a house in Ambawadi on Wednesday, when it collapsed, and three of the men were injured. Two were treated in the hospital and the third was found dead. The jury returned a verdict of death.

INQUEST INTO DEATH OF A HINDU GIRL.

The Coroner Dr. W. Nunan concluded the inquest into the death of a Hindu girl, Ratanbai, who was killed by the collapse of a floor over her room at Dongri, on the 24th March, under circumstances already stated in these columns. The jury returned a verdict of death caused by injuries received in the collapse of the house in which the deceased lived. They were of the opinion that the question of responsibility should be further enquired into.

BANK OF TAWAN LD.

The local branch of the Bank of Taiwan, Limited, have received advices from their Taipeh Office, intimating that the Gross Profit for the half year ending 31st December, 1918, including the amount brought forward is Yen. 40,038,066.76 from which Yen 37,701,732.22 have been spent on current expenses, interest, etc. Yen 5,00,000 added to Reserve Fund which now stands at Yen 65,80,000 Yen. 75,000 bonus, Yen. 11,86,000 Dividend at 10 per cent. and Yen. 5,75,334.54 carried forward to next account.

STABBED WITH PENKNIFE.

Fatmabai, a Mahomedan woman, and Nazir, a Mahomedan, were living in the same room in a building in Doctor Street. The former lost a small silver ornament from under her pillow and she suspected Nazir of the theft, as he was the only occupant of her room and was without any employment. When Fatmabai accused him of this, Nazir first beat her with a stick and it is alleged stabbed her with a pen-knife, three or four times in the stomach. He again stabbed her in the hand, and when she raised an alarm she was rescued by her sister and others. Fatmabai died in the J. J. Hospital, yesterday, of the wounds.

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DISTURBANCES IN EGYPT.

VERSION OF "PIONEER'S" CORRESPONDENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, April 10.

The "Pioneer's" Cairo correspondent wrote on 20th March giving account of the disturbances in Egypt. He says the arrest of four leading members of the Independent Eypt Committee caused a great deal of commotion in the Native circles and students, and led to riots in Cairo, where machine-guns had to be employed to suppress the demonstrators. On the 14th, two passenger-trains which were coming to Cairo from the north were attacked at Galiub by a mob of some 3,000 Fellahine. One of the trains contained some British officers, who managed to keep the mob at bay with their revolvers, and brought the train safely into Cairo. The Mob, however, sacked the station and wrecked another train later on, the passengers of which were only saved in time by the arrival of an aeroplane, which dispersed rioters with its machine-gun.

The same day the mob attacked the station of Wasta junction on the Upper Egypt line for Fayum. It found a train in the station and completely wrecked it, burning the station and all the goods it could find, and maltreating the passengers, especially Europeans very much. Those who escaped state that the mob was led by some students, who rode donkeys and directed the operations. Simultaneously other adjoining stations were attacked and trains held up, the passengers again escaping only by a miracle. In Upper Egypt, British residents had a very bad time. A train bringing back some officers and their families from a holiday-trip was attacked by a mob and partially destroyed, bodies of seven officers being found in the guards van in a very mutilated condition.

At Benisuef a crowd of Fellahin and townfolk invaded the Government offices and clamoured for British officials to be brought out to them and for the "Mudir" to resign. As they were unsuccesful in this, they wrecked the offices, and then besieged the "Mudiria." A small force of Indians having been brought from Fayum, they were driven off. But the next day huge crowds of Bedouins came swarming in from the districts and the across river, and residents found it necessary to group all their families and put certain buildings in a state of defence. Bedouins attacked the Mudiria and being driven from there, proceeded to loot the town.

"G. I. P. RAILWAY-UNION.

A mass meeting of the G. I. P. Railway carriage and Wagon department workmen Matunga was held in the Bunglow of Mr. Jivraj Nensey at Matunga for the purpose of appointing the office bearers and Managing Committee of the G. I. P. Railway carriage and Wagon Department workmens Union. Mr. Joseph Baptista. Mr. F. J. Ginwala Solicitor, Mr. V. G. Dalvi. Bar-at-Law, Mr. P. K. Merchant, Mr. Lakhmidas R. Tairsi, Mr. Jivraj Nensey and several others attended the meeting. Mr. Baptista was voted to the chair.

He called upon Mr. Ginwala to explain the business which was before the meeting. Mr. Ginwala after explaining at great length the the aims and objects of the Union asked the workmen to elect the office bearers of the Union and to select the members of the Managing Committee. Mr. Joseph Baptista was elected President of the Union. Messrs. Ginwala and Dayaram J. Mehta were elected as Honorary Secretary and Assistant Secretary. Messrs. V. G. Walvi and Lakhmidas R. Tairsi, as joint Honorary Treasurers. Mr. Merchant as Honorary Auditor and Dr. Sathya as Honorary Medical Officer of the Union. Members of the Managing Committee from amongst the workmen were then duly elected by the workmen.

HOMEWARD MAILS.

As the P. and O. Company announce that the s.s. Norman will be detained for Admiralty purposes, it is hereby notified that there will be no despatch of the Homeward mail this week.

The next Homeward English Mail will, therefore, be despatched by the s.s Nagoya and closed at the Bombay General Post Office at 4 a.m., on the 19th instant. Late fee correspondence will be accepted upto 10 a.m. on that day. As the 18th is a Post Office holiday, being Good Friday, registered correspondence will be accepted upto 7 p.m., and parcels up to 6 p.m., on Thursday, the 17th instant. Postings at the Town Sub-Office must be regulated so as to reach the General Post Office before the above mentioned hours.

GANDHARVA MAHA VIDYALAYA.

A meeting was held at the Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya on Wednesday, the 9th instant of the sympathisers and life members of the Vidyalaya to arrange for the preliminaries of holding the 2nd music conference and the exhibition of musical instruments. It was resolved that the conference be held on the 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th of May and for the same reception committee of several gentlemen was formed.

TENNIS AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

HANDICAP SINGLES.

The following matches were played yesterday:—

E. T. Robinson—15 beat Capt. J. M. Mathews—15 3/6, 6—4, 8—6.

HANDICAP DOUBLES.

C. G. Sesson and MacDonal+15 beat C. N. Rich and F. Borisson Ser. 2—6, 6 3, 6—4.

Matches for to-morrow the 11th April, 1919.

Sesson and MacDonall+15.

vs.

Goldney and Capt. Tofts—15.

RATES FOR TREASURY BILLS.

SIMLA, the 10th April, 1919.

A notification from the Finance Department of the Government of India states:—

In modification of the Notification in the Finance Department No. 912—F dated the 28th. March, 1919, it is notified for public information that the rates for Treasury Bills with effect from the 11th April, 1919, until further notice will be as follows:—

For three months Bills Rs. 99 as. 2 per cent.

For six months Bills Rs. 98 per cent.

For nine months Bills Rs. 97 per cent.

For twelve months Bills Rs. 96 As. 8 per cent.

(Sd.) H. F. HOWARD.

Secretary to the Government of India.

CONTROL OF FOOD GRAINS IN BOMBAY.

MAXIMUM PRICES.

The following are the maximum rates fixed for Bombay City by the Director of Civil Supplies for the grains mentioned below for the week beginning 9th April, 1919:—

RICE (New Crop.)

	Wholesale per bag, of 168 lbs. Rs. a. p.	C. I. F. Rates ex ship without weighment. Rs. a p.	Retail per pialee. Rs. a. p.
Cargo Rice (16 parts.)	11 0 0	10 8 9	0 6 6
Big Mill Special	11 10 0	11 2 9	0 6 9
Nakranji	11 10 0	11 2 9	0 6 9
Laruu	11 10 0	11 2 9	0 6 9
Small Mill	12 0 0	11 8 9	0 7 0
Europe No. 2	12 13 0	12 5 9	0 7 6
Europe No. 1.	13 1 0	12 0 9	0 7 9
Chanduba (Old Crop)	13 8 0	13 9 9	0 8 0

Broken Rice.

A 1	11 14 0	arriving in very small quantities.
A 2	10 10 0	
A 3	9 0 0	
B 1	11 0 0	
B 2	9 14 0	
B 3	8 8 0	
C 3	8 0 0	

WHEAT.

		Rs a. p.
Australian Wheat	64 4 0	0 7 9
Choice White Karachi	68 0 0	0 8 3
Choice Glossy Sarbhati	71 0 0	per candy of 27-mds. or 6⅔ cwt 0 9 0
GRAM.		
Punjab (Mixed)	58 0 0	0 7 3
JUWARI.		
Central India	72 0 0	0 9 0
BAJRI.		
Cawnpore.	84 0 0	0 10 6

All rice in the City of Bombay is under control and if complaints are received from the public regarding higher prices charged by merchant necessary steps will be taken against them by Government.

A very small quantity of old crop is coming in and can be secured by application to the Assistant Controller's Office where the rates for each consignment will be fixed.

Under the terms of Clause (c) of the agreement made with shippers at the time of issuing shipping licences it is hereby notified that shippers should sell rice in Bombay only on the order of the Director of Civil Supplies.

The demand for rice in Bombay is now much greater than the supply. Orders are given by the Assistant Controller on importing merchants to meet as many demands as possible, giving preference to the Konkan Districts but the supply of rice in Bombay will not be large at present. Australian wheat is available in Bombay and may be purchased on application to the Director at Rs. 9-4 cwt.

THE PRINCIPALS' PORTRAIT.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I would deem myself thankful to you if you publish the following few lines in the columns of your highly esteemed and well circulated paper:—

At last the cat has come out of the bag! The design of ornamenting the newly erected King George V Hall on the skirts of the Gujarat College compound, by putting the portraits of the ex-Principals of the College, set afoot by Rev. W. G. Robertson, the Principal of the institution, has led a limited number of ardent friends and admirers to have his life-size portrait placed in the company with others at the permission of H. E. the Governor of Bombay.

As this portrait, in their grandiloquence they put forth, should be in keeping with eminent services rendered by the Principal to the institution it is desired by them that it should be a good work of art executed by an eminent brush. The Principal himself could not find any eminent artist to have his work done in India, though it is said that he moved heaven and earth to find one in this country. Owing to the sheer want of the eminent artist the Principal got the portraits of ex-Principals prepared from Home. There is not even the slightest iota of suspicion that the friends and admirers in their frenzy of finding out an eminent artist will deprive this country of a pretty large sum of money at such a juncture of scarcity and famine.

Friends and admirers of the Principal forget, in their madness of praising the Principal for his popularity based on the increased number of students in the College, that there is a steady progress of education in this country and owing to this fact even more than a couple of schools have been established in this city after the year 1909 when the Principal became the Head of the College. They emphatically declare that when the Principal joined the College there were only 175 students and by this time the number is quadrupled. Whether the popularity of any Principal or the spread of higher education attracts the grand number of students is left for the public to judge! This number would have even gone to eight-fold had it not been for the want of space in the premises of the College. There is not, at present, that sort of rush of students seeking admission in the F. Y. A. Class as there was some two years back owing to the newly started College at Surat and what does this indicate!

Harping on the same string the friends and admirers say the staff is quadrupled. They even lose their sense of judgment and forget the simple principle of truth that the number of the members of the staff should be proportionately increased in due accordance with the increased number of students, otherwise more gramophone plates would be required to dictate notes on various subjects.

The Principal is regarded by his followers, not friends and admirers any longer when they crow for his services without any rhyme and reason, the most ardent champion of the cause of higher education. Sir, everybody is well aware what sort of attitude was assumed by the Principal at the foundation of the Arts College at Surat.

Whether a Principal is popular or not is to be judged by the student-world and not by the friends and admirers—as some of them have materially gained owing to the action of the Principal, and it is strange to learn that not a single student on the roll stirred his finger for the movement, nay even the students were not consulted to cooperate with the movement though the project was set afloat when the regular classes were going on.

Would a Principal be looked upon with any eye of reverence when he intends to follow the practice of centralization of powers! Are the students in other colleges not allowed to manage their games, sports, literary and debating societies and have they not proved worthy of the work entrusted to their care? Here no movement can be started without the nodding of the Head of the institution.—Yours, etc.,

NO POPULARITY.

Ahmedabad, April 5.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

April 10.

S. S. Norman, Culverwell, Marseilles, March 23.

S. S. Burma, Mitchell, Wellington, March 13.

S. S. Porto-de-Alessantare, Guovanis, Genoa, March 15.

S. S. Lightning, Grant, Busreh, April 3.

DEPARTURES.

April 10.

S. S. Mirita, Waters, Karachi.

S. S. Manora, Steadman, Karachi.

S. S. Dwarka, McArthur, Persian Gulf.

S. S. Kosoku Maru, Nagahiro, Kobe, etc.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Kofuku Maru for Kobe, etc.

Steamer Lightning for Persian Gulf.

Steamer Porto-de-Alessandretta for Genoa

S. S. Norman:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s English mail steamer Norman, 7,595 tons, Captain J. N. Culverwell, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Marseilles, etc., with the outward mails, a general cargo and passengers, which port she had left on the 23rd ultimo.

S. S. Burma:—The steamer Burma, 4,801 tons, Captain J. Mitchell, arrived in harbour yesterday from Wellington, with a general cargo and wool, which port she had left on the 13th ultimo.

S. S. Porto-de-Alessandretta:—The Italian mail steamer Porto-de-Alessandretta, 2,580 tons, Captain M. Guovanis, arrived in harbour yesterday from Genoa, with a general cargo, 13 cabin and 15 deck passengers, which port she had left on the 15th ultimo.

S. S. Lightning:—The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Lightning, 2,133 tons, Captain W. E. Grant, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, with a general cargo, 3 cabin and 33 deck passengers, which port she had left on the 3rd instant.

S. S. Kosoku Maru:—The N. Y. K. steamer Kosuku Maru, 2,006 tons, Captain H. Nagahiro, sailed yesterday from the Bombay harbour for Kobe via Moji and Singapore, with a general cargo.

The N. Y. K. steamer Toyo Maru No. 2 East ward bound arrived at Kobe on the 8th instant.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Thursday, 10th April, 1919.

Shed.	Steamers.	Tons.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
	PRINCES DOCK.				
A	Kosoku Maru	2003	Kobe	10-4-19	N Y Kaisha
C & R	War Pike	3186	N F	N F	W & A Graham & Co
D & E	Portdi Alessandrette	2581	Genoa	18-4-19	M Italiana
F	Yuhari Maru	3095	Kobe	N F	N Y Kaisha
G	Bashayam	100	N F	N F	J Mackintosh & Co
K	Dilwara	5328	China	16-4-19	M M & Co
L	Nahrung	2803	N F	N F	B & P & N Co
N	Kowelt	3393	N F	N F	T Morrison & Co
P	Sikh	3288	N F	N F	W & A Graham & Co
Q	Schooner Utopia	298	Busra	N F	14-19 Sharif Hasum owner
Offside	K Swainby	3651	N F	N F	W & A Graham & Co
	MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.				
	City of Chester	3521	N F	N F	J P & Co
	HARBOUR WALL.				
	Indravati	518	Jamnagar	10-4-19	B S N Co
	Sabarmati	524	Karachi	12-4-19	B S N Co
	VICTORIA DOCK.				
2	Kazembe	2935	Colombo	17-4-19	W & A Graham & Co
8	Zayani	2627	P Gulf	12-4-19	H S Shuhlary & Co
4	Kifunezan Maru	1943	Kobe	17-4-19	N Y Kaisha
7	Kofuku Maru	3385	Japan	N F	O S Kaisha
8	Shushtar	1718	Busra	N F	P G S N Co
9	Malla	3888	London	N F	M & Co
10	Massila	6000	Glasgow	19-4 19	W & A Graham & Co
12	Clan Ross	3717	Liverpool	12-4-19	J P & Co
16	Lightning	2122	N F	N F	M M & Co
	HARBOUR WALL.				
14	Lhasa	950	Karachi	11-4-19	M M & Co
	ALEXANDRA DOCK.				
1	Oxfordshire	5414	U Kingdom	13-4-19	K Nizon & Co
2	Erinpura	2759	Busra	13-4-19	M M & Co
3	Barjora	1003	Busra	16-4-14	M M & Co
5	Ellora	2587	Busra	11-4-19	M M & Co
6	Calcutta	3537	Rangoon	11-4-19	T Morrison & Co
7	Teesta	3428	London	15-2-19	M M & Co
8	Nagoya	4250	London	19-4-19	M M & Co
12	Banca	3794	N F	N F	M M & Co
13	War Hathor	1346	Busra	12-4-19	D R I M
14	Suveric	8022	London	12-4-19	M M & Co
17	Jehangir	3364	Busra	11-4-19	D R I M
B P	Station Norman	6983	London	18-4-19	M M & Co
	HARBOUR WALL.				
	Mirita	3687	Karachi	10-4-19	Standard Oil Co

EXPORTS.

April 10.

S. S. Massilia for Liverpool:—210 cwts. senna leaves, S. D. Bassons; 75 bales wool, Esmail Dossa and Co.; 125 bales hemp, Ramgopal Madhaprasad; 245¼ tons linseed cakes, Sanday and Co.; 4,004 cowts. myrebolam, Purshotam Mathuradas and Co.; 100 bales cotton waste, Modadally Samji; 258 tons groundnut cakes, Sanday and Co.

S. S. Napya for London:—520 cwts. buffalo horns, Janmohamed Rahimtoola.

S. S. Massilia for Glasgow:—5,002¼ cwts. myrabolam, Purshotam Mathuradas and Co.; 34 cwts. picking band, The Tata Mills, Ltd.; 1 cask rosin waste, Wilkinson Heywood and Clark, Ltd.

S. S. Olympia for Glasgow:—66 tons teak squares, Gillanders Arbuthnot and Co.

S. S. Olympia for Italy via Suez:—3,930 cwts. sugar, Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

S. S. Kifunezan Maru for Kobe:—380 bales cotton, Yokohama Kiito Kwaisha; 800 bales cotton, Nishimatsu and Co.; 1,000 bales cotton, Mitsui Bussan Kaisha; 200 bales cotton, Narandas V. Dossa.

S. S. Kofuku Maru for Kobe:—1,200 bales cotton, Yuasa Cotton Trading Co.; 400 bales cotton, Gokuldas Dossa and Co.; 300 bales cotton, Narandas V. Dossa; 100 bales cotton, Joosub Peermohamed and Co.; 300 bales cotton, Nishimatsu and Co.

S. S. Yubari Maru for Kobe:—538 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

S. S. Burma Maru for Kobe:—12 cases cotton white shirtings, Jeena and Co.

S. S. Kifonezan Maru for Osaka:—109 bales cotton, Yokohama Kiito Kwaisha; 300 bales cotton, Nishimatsu and Co.

S. S. Yubari Maru for Osaka:—290 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

S. S. Kifunezan Maru for Yokohama:—700 bales cotton, Yokohama Kiito Kwaisha.

S. S. Kofuku Maru for Yokohama:—200 bales cotton, Nishimatsu and Co.

S. S. Kofuku Maru for Hongkong:—200 cowts. gum Bhesabole Esmail Nowrojee and Co.

A QUERY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir.—Will you or any one of your readers kindly let me know full particulars about the "Mazdazna" (Zarathushtrian) Society of England or America?—Yours, etc.

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1.	Encyclopædia Britanica. Half leather. 9th and 10th Ed. 35 Vols	350	250
2.	Historians' History of the World, 25 Vols	261	200
3.	Harmsworth Encyclopædia, 8 Vols	95	80
4.	History of the Delhi Coronation Darbar 1903 (Rare)	35	35
5.	The Family Encyclopædia of Medicine. By H. H. Riddle. 4 Vols	70	60
6.	Modern Business Practice, 8 Vols	90	75
7.	The Modern Carpenter, Joiner and Cabinet-Maker, 8 Vols	90	75
8.	King Albert's Book. Leather	10	5
9.	Princess Mary's Gift Book	10	5
10.	An Heroic Bishop. The Life History of French of Lahore. By Eugene Stock	—	1
11.	Hawkins Electric Guide, 10 Vols	45	40
12.	Pictorial London. Scenery of the Metropolis	18	14
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SATYAGRAHA SABHA

MASS MEETINGS

TO CELEBRATE

MAHATMA GANDHI'S ARREST

THIS EVENING AT 6-30 P.M.

AT FRENCH BRIDGE MAIDAN

Speakers—Mrs. Naidu, Messrs. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Hansraj Pragji' Jamnadas Mehta.

AT SHANTARAM'S CHAWL

Speakers—Mrs. Naidu, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Dr. Sathaye, Messrs. Vithaldas Jerajani, Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale.

MAHATMA GANDHI'S MESSAGE WILL BE READ AT THE MEETINGS.

As the meetings are expected to be attended by large numbers of people, a special request is make to those attending the meetings to help the Volunteers in keeping perfect order.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

PRELIMINARY ROUND.

PARSI CYCLISTS (2) BEAT CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOL (PAST AND PRESENT) (0).

The meeting between these two teams came off on the Gymkhana ground on Thursday, when a fairly fast encounter ended in a win for the Parsi cyclists by two goals to nil. Both the teams had out the identical elevens that had done service in the past. Considering the balance of exchanges taken over both periods, the Cyclists were the better team and the margin of victory is a fair index of the game. The Cathedral boys, a lighter team, showed pluck and tenacity and better things may be expected of them in the near future. As to missed chances, either for erratic shooting or unnecessary dribbling in front of goal, both sides were equal sufferers. The combination of the Cyclists' forwards was more conspicuous than that of their opponents, whose work was invariably neutralised by the resolute defence by the Parsi Cyclists' half-backs and backs. Mehta, Pochkanawalla Kapadia and Shroff played best for the winning, while Shaikh, Jellicoe, White and Thorne were most in evidence for the Cathedral High School team.

After about twenty minutes' play during the initial period, Pochkhanawalla scored the first goal for the Cyclists. The Cathedral boys retaliated and made a few sorties, but their efforts lacked finish and soon after half-time was called, the Parsi Cyclists leading by a goal. After ends had been changed, the boys played up and made determined efforts to get on equal terms with the Cyclists, giving many anxious moments to the Parsi Custodian. Somehow or other they were returned and exchanges grew even thereafter. both sides attacking in turn. The halves on either side were very hard-working and neither team could find any open chance for scoring. Towards the close, Kapadia increased the lead for the Cyclists' team, who thus won as stated. The teams were:—

Cathedral High School (Past and Present)—Leontizini; Greenhaugh and White; Jellicoe, McClumpha and Beale; Jecob, Thorne, Shaikh, Mennessie and Conway.

Parsi Cyclists.—Morris; Mistry and Nagporewalla; Bharucha, Khodaeji and Shroff; Mehta; Kapadia, Pochkhanawalla. Gista and Baria.

Referees:—Major Brough and Mr. James.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

Islam Gymkhana v. Lusitanians A.

OTHER FIXTURES.

Saturday, April 12—Customs v. Bombay Gymkhana.

Monday, April 14.—Igatpuri Ry. Gymkhana v. Poona Gymkhana.

Tuesday, April 15.—35th I. D. F. (Poona) v. Bandra Y. M. S. C.

Wednesday, April 16—Grant Medical College v. Government Telegraph Recreation Club.

VIGOROUS SATYAGRAHA PROPAGANDA.

SALE OF PROSCRIBED LITERATURE

The following is the list of Satyagrahis who have sold the copies of proscribed literature and the amount realised by them individually the total amount realised from the sales is Rs. 8,047-6-1:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Mahatma Gandhi and Mrs. Ansuya Sarabhai	272	11	6
Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas and Mr. Vaikunth Desai	2,272	0	0
Mrs. Naidu and Mr. Umar Sobani	2,650	0	0
Mr. S. G. Banker	200	10	6
Mr. Chudasamam	117	0	0
Mr. Bhagwandas Dungersi	74	8	0
Mr. Vithaldas Jerajami	35	1	0
Mr. Jethmal Narandas	47	13	6
Mr. Tapidas D. Sanghavi	37	10	0
Mr. B. B. Desai	29	14	6
Mr. Nanalal Upadhya	240	0	0
Mr. J. D. Dalal and Mr. T. D. Vaidya	12	2	0
Mr. Mohanlal Kalidas	5	4	0
Mr. Manilal V. Patel	4	8	0
Mr. Chudasaman	5	15	0
Mr. Jivraj Gokaldas Nensey	4	10	0
Mr. Naranji Ramji	4	0	0
Mr. I. L. Desai and Mr. Ishwarlal Kikabhai	7	8	0
Mr. Dharsy Moolji Thakar	3	12	0
Mr. Mishrilal Jain	6	0	0
Mr. Manibhai Ishwarbhai	3	12	0
Mr. B. S Thakore	3	2	0
Mr. Mohanlal Kishordas	0	8	0
Mr. Homi Ardeshir Dalal	3	12	0
Mr. Jamdas H. Mehta	3	8	0
Mr. Jamnadas Kalidas	2	0	0
Mr. Nayaji Amersy	3	2	0
Mr. Amratlal Popatlal	3	12	0
Mr. Popatlal Maganlal Dave	3	12	0
Mr. Bhat Kantishanker Mulshanker	3	12	0
Mr. Indarji Kalidas	3	12	0
Mr. Inderji Kalidas	3	9	0
Mr. Jamnadas Trikamdas	4	0	0
Mr. Laxmidas Harjiwandas	3	12	0
Mr. Maganlal R Rawal	10	0	0
Mr. Girdharlal A. Parekh	3	2	0
Mr. Choonilal Oghadbhai	7	8	0
Mr. Vrajlal Madhavdas	2	8	0
Mr. Manoklal Tejmal Purohit	3	2	0
Mr. Bhasker Sakharam	7	8	0
Mr. Narandas Girdhardas	5	15	0
Mr. Girdharlal R. Parekh	5	10	0
Mr. Mulji D. Ved	3	0	6
Mr. Tulsidas Purshottamdas	3	2	0
Mr. Bhupatrai Morarji	4	14	0
Mr. Vallabhdas Bhagwanji	6	2	0
Mr. L. M Desai	6	4	0
Mr. V. L. Sheth	4	10	0
Mr. Umiyashanker Jagobe	5	8	0
Mr. S. Sadanand	3	2	0
Mr. G. A. Kamat	17	9	0
Mr. Tukaram	3	12	0
Mr. Ramdhandas	3	13	0
Mr. Maganlal R. Rawal	13	6	0
Mr. Manilal Waghji (Dr)	4	1	0
Mr. Vrajlal Madhavdas	18	14	0
Mr. K. B. Vakil and Mrs. Tarabai K. B. Vakil	8	10	0
Mr. Mohanlal Keshavdas	5	1	0
Mr. M. D. Amin	3	2	0
Mr. M. M. Koyaji	5	12	0
Mr. Motilal H. Sharma	4	0	0
Mr. Naranji Purshottam	5	5	0
Mr. V. L. Desai	3	12	0
Mr. I. L. Desai and Mr. Ishwarlal Kikabhai	12	7	0
Mr. Jamnadas Kalidas Mehta	3	2	0
Mr. Master Pagal	3	12	0
Mr. Chhaganlal Devshanker	3	12	0
Mr. Manilal V. Patel	3	2	0
Mr. Jayantilal N. Dave	6	4	0
Mr. Maganlal Gokaldas	3	12	0
Mr. Umiyashanker Jageshwar	3	12	0
Mr. I. L. Desai	5	6	0
Mr. Chandrasen Bhagwandas	9	8	0
Mr. Manoobhai B. Desai	4	3	0
Mr. Popatlal P. Kandolia	3	7	0
Mr. Dwarkadas Haridas	3	6	0
Mr Jamnadas Gordhandas	3	12	0
Mr. Rameshanker S. Dave	4	15	0
Mr. Sitaram J. Sharma	2	10	0
Mr. Harjivan Manjibhai	3	12	0
Mr. Runchhoddas Narandas	3	12	0
Mr. Vithaldas Kalidas	3	12	0
Mr. Keshavlal Panachand	7	8	0
Mr. Damodar Karsandas	3	12	0
Mr. Panalal Chunilal	3	12	0
Mr. Valabhdas Bhagwanji	3	12	0
Mr. Nanalal Pranshanker	3	12	0
Mr. Gordhandas Govindji	3	12	0
Mr. Ramji Kalidas	3	12	0
Mr. Amratlal Haribhai	3	12	0
Mr. Morarji Gokuldas	3	13	0
Mr. B. D. Adhvaru	3	6	0
Mr. Prabhashank D. Oza	5	0	0
Mr. Ramnarayen Janadhi	3	13	0
Mr. Nagerdas Soonderji	5	0	0
Mr. Hansraj P. Thackersey	1	0	0
Mr. Madhavlal H. Shah	3	12	0
Mr. Ishverlal Kikabhai	5	6	0
Mr. K. M. Khandwala	3	12	0
Mr. Misrilal Jain	3	2	0
Mr. L. M. Desai	6	9	0
Mr. Tulsidas Purshotamdas	3	2	0
Mr. Govindji Nathubhai Mehta	3	14	0
Mr. Bhupatrai Morarji	4	13	0
Mr. Narsu Kamat	4	4	0
Mr. Lalji Kalyanji	8	0	0
Mr. Umiashanker Jagneshwar	3	7	0
Mr. Jivabhai B Patel	3	0	0
Mr. V. N. Patwardhan	5	4	6
Mr. M. M. Coyaji and Mr. H. A. Dalal	6	4	0
Mr. Babu Niranjan Prasad	6	2	0
Mr. Dhanpatrao Madhav	4	9	0
Mr. Sakerchand Ranchhod	4	8	0
Mr. Babu Niranjan Prasad	3	12	0
Mr. R. N. Banasola	6	4	0
Mr. Manilal V. Doctor	4	7	0
Mr. C. M. Desai	3	11	0
Mr. Jivabhai B. Patel	3	0	0
Mr. Ramniklal Revashanker	3	12	0
Mr. Kamlakar R. Savant	3	12	0
Mr. Mohanlal K. Pandya	5	4	0
Mr. Raval Maganlal Ramdas	6	12	0
Mr. Vijaysingh Govindji	6	2	0
Mr. R. Sadananda	3	2	0
Mr. Mulshanker Mayaram	6	3	0
Mr. Bhagwandas Vithaldas	3	14	0
Mr. Tulsidas Shamji	12	2	0
Mr. L. M. Desai	13	3	9
Mr. Dhanpatrai Madhok	3	0	0
Mr. Varjiwandas Chhaganlal	2	6	0
Mr. S. Sadanand	6	4	0
Jivraj Kalidas Patel	3	12	0
Vallabhdas Bhagwanji	6	0	0
Chhaganlal Sathubhai	†	6	0
Maganlal Ramchandra	18	10	0
Tulsidas Samji	3	2	0
Kakalbhai B. Vakil	101	0	0
Fazal Abas Esufali	7	12	0
Taralal Mohanlal	6	14	0
Popatlal Chunilal Kotwal	1	4	6
Dwarkadas Haridas	1	0	0
Appabhai C. Amin	3	12	0
Jivraj Narsey Meishery	3	4	0
Karsandas K. Ved	25	8	0
Umar Sobani	8	0	0
Cash Sale	1	0	0
Vrijlal Madhavdas	3	10	0
Amratlal Papatlal	3	2	0
Nanalal R. Joshi	10	0	0
Bhailal Chunilal Thacker	5	15	0
Bhimji Jeram	6	4	0
N. Kawath	5	4	3
Babu Niranjan Prashad	6	4	0
Chaganlal Shankerbhoy	5	7	0
Keshavlal Panachand	3	2	0
Cash Sale	0	10	0
A. Sympat Moer	2	0	0
Chunilal Haribhai	7	0	0
Jamnadas G.	6	4	1½
Manilal Waghjibhai	1	9	0
Shawaldas Vannialidas	1	1	0
Itchha Shanker Bhawani Shanker	0	10	0
Kanji Pitamber	0	10	0
Maniklal Tejmal	3	4	0
Popatlal Maganlal	3	2	0
Ishwarlal Jagneshwar	0	10	0
Lalji Kalianji	24	14	0
Ranchhoddas Rewa Shanker	0	12	0
Sale-proceeds of 4 books	0	12	0
Thaker Adhavji Laxmidas	3	7	0
Popatlal P.	0	10	0
Narandas Parmananddas	0	11	0
Tulsidas Shamji	0	13	0
Harjivan Manjibhai Kotak	6	12	0
Mul Shanker Mayaram	0	13	0
S. Sadananda	11	7	0
V. H. Sheth	5	8	0
Tapidas D. Shanghani	3	15	6
Bhat K. M.	3	2	0
Kanji Pitamber	1	4	0
Bhagwandas G. Asher	3	12	0
Samaldas Vanmalidas	2	8	0
Pagal Master	1	0	0
Amritlal Raichand	0	15	0
Tulsidas Hirji Sampal	5	0	0
Morarji Gokuldas	0	15	0
Rewashanker C. Oza	0	14	0
Jayantilal N. Dave	1	10	0
Bhimji Jairam	0	10	0
Ishwarlal Jagneshwar	1	8	0
Cash Sale	0	2	0
D. H. Chudasaman	4	9	0
Cash Sale	0	2	0
Jamnadas Gordhandas	1	11	0
Cash Sale	1	4	0
Mohanlal Motichand	5	0	0
Cash Sale	0	8	0
Cash Sale	1	4	0
Cash Sale	0	2	0
Cash Sale	0	3	0
Keshavlal Panachand	4	4	0
Jethalal Amritlal	3	2	0
Maneklal Tejmal	2	2	0
Mulshanker Mayaram	2	4	0
Tulsidas Samji	2	6	0
Jamnadas Gordhandas	1	6	9
Amratlal Ramchand	1	7	0
Cash Sale	1	12	0
Krishna Abaji	0	10	0
Keshavlal Devram	3	6	0
Morarji Gokuldas	2	14	0
Rewashanker C. Oza	2	13	0
Manilal W. Doctor	1	13	0
Babu Niranjan Prashad R.	1	4	0
Nirmanand Sarswati	2	15	0
Ishwarlal K. and Iswarlal L.	8	12	0
Abbas E. Bazin	6	4	0
Krishna Abaji	1	4	0
Amratlal Popatlal	2	0	0
Hakimudin Abdul Husain	3	2	0
Prabhashanker B. Aza	11	7	0
S. P. Kabadi	10	6	3
S. Sadananda	1	1	0
Tulsidas Shamji	3	3	0
Maneklal Tejmal	0	12	0
Keshavlal Panachand	9	0	0
Sitaram J. Sharma	5	0	9
Ishwarlal Jagneshwar	1	12	0
Nagardas Soonderji	1	8	0
Navalchand Umarchand	2	10	0
Manmohandas Manilal Gandhi	6	4	0
Damodar Karsandas	3	6	0
Amratlal Raichand	3	5	0
Mirmalanand	1	4	0
Jamnadas Ramji	0	11	0
Jamnadas M. Mehta	20	0	0
Bhagwandas Doongersy	41	4	0
D. H. Chudasawa	2	12	0
Nanalal Pranshanker	4	14	0
Jethmal Narandas and Bhagwandas Doongersy	45	14	0
Varjivandas	2	3	0
Maganlal Ramchandra	3	3	0

BOOK NO. II.

Bhagwandas Soonderji	3	2	0
Tukaram Bhikaji	3	8	0
Jivabhai B. Patel	3	13	0
Dullabhdas Kallianji	1	5	0
Taralal Mohanlal	1	9	0
Jamnadas Ramji	2	0	0
D. Chudasawa	1	14	0
Patel Master	2	8	0
Misrilal Jain	3	12	0
V. S. Valshanker	3	12	0
Laxmidas Harjivandas	6	2	0
Mohanlal Keshavdas	2	3	0
Baboo Niranjanprasad	3	9	0
Chaganlal Devshanker	5	8	0
Bhimji Jeram	1	9	0
Ishwarlal Jagvehwar	3	14	0
Ichha Shanker	1	8	0
Dharamsi Thakerdas	25	0	0
Anantram Radhakisan	4	0	0
Umar Sobani	101	0	0
M. B. Amin	5	0	0
Dhanpatrai Madhok	7	12	0
Navalchand Amerchand	1	14	0
Tulsidas Purshottam	0	10	0
Amratlal Raichand	3	0	0
Amratlal Ranchhoddas	2	12	0
B. D. Adhwarya	1	0	0
Hiralal Ranglal	1	8	0
Tribhovan Danji	1	14	0
Natawarlal Bhaidas	0	11	0
Damodar Karsandas	3	0	6
Tulsidas Hirji	2	8	0
N. A. Kamat	28	7	0
Vajeshankar Harishanker	0	10	0
Mancklal Tejmal	2	3	0
Manibhai Ishwarbhai	5	8	0
Vasanji Moolji	8	0	0
Ishwarlal Lallobhai and T. Kikabhai	6	8	0
Umar Sobani	1	4	0
Shamaldas Vanwall	2	12	0
B. B. Desai	1	2	0
S. G. Banker	3	0	3
Jamnadas Tribhoowandas	12	5	0
Morarji Gopaldas and Rewashanker Oza	13	0	0
Jamnadas Tricumdas	1	14	0
Manilal Waghjibhai	10	13	0
Bai Anoosooyabai	88	11	6
S. Sadananda	4	6	0
Manilal Waghjibhai	7	4	3
Chaganlal Shankerbhai	1	4	0
Maganlal Jaduram	1	4	0
Tapidas D. Sanghvi	10	0	0
Mohanlal Kalidas	1	8	0
Harishanker R. Patil	1	8	0
Bhoopatrai Morarji	4	8	0
Keshavlal Panachand	12	2	0
Amratlal Popatlal	5	10	0
V. Madhanlal Desai	1	8	0
Enderji Kalidas	2	4	3
Jethmal Narandas	82	2	8
Bhailal Choonilal	0	12	0
R. N. Bapasola	9	0	0
L. M. Desai	2	10	0
Popatlal Maganlal	1	11	0
Ratilal Vithaldas	2	0	0
Chhotalal Jethalal	3	2	0
Ramnarain Dixit	1	4	0
Bishamber Dayal	1	5	0
Motilal Shamaldas Sharama	22	4	0
B. R. Trilokeker	3	4	0
Hargovandas Polabhai	0	10	0
Jamnadas Gordhandas	4	13	3
Dullabhdas Kallianji	2	8	0
Nanalal Pranshanker	2	13	0
Master Pagal	2	9	0
Prabhashanker B. Oza	2	4	0
Shanker M. Jotadi	4	8	0
V. B. Kirtiker	4	0	0
B. S. Karmarkar	6	4	0
Dwarkadas Haridas	3	0	0
Nagardas Soonderji	3	6	0
B. M. Patwardhan	3	12	0
Taralal Mohanlal	0	12	0
Harjivan Manjibhai Kotak	1	14	0
Chunilal Agadbhai	3	8	0
Gopal N. Potdar	3	12	0
Vrajlal Madhavdas	11	0	0
Vrajlal Madhavdas	0	10	0
Hakimuddin Abdul Hussain	3	8	0

BROACH ON BLACK SUNDAY.

(From a Correspondent.)

The Humiliation Day was solemnly observed here. All shops, markets, katal khana, eating houses and mills remained closed. All kinds of business was completely suspended. The city presented an unprecedented mourning appearance.

After bath a procession of people representing all communities passed through the city and dispersed after prayers. About seven thousand people assembled in a public meeting under the presidentship of R. B. A. U. Malji. Sri Avantikabai Gokhale and Sri Kesariprasad addressed the meeting. Two resolutions were passed, one expressing sympathy towards the sufferers at Delhi and the second requesting the Secretary of State for India to advise His Majesty the King-Emperor to veto the Rowlatt Act.

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NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS of all the CORPS are required to be PRESENT positively TO-DAY, the 11th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sharp, at the MEETING, at THE FRENCH BRIDGE. Dress:—Uniform.

B. J. MACKENJI (Adjt.),
Vice-Captain,
H. R. V. C.

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NOTICE OF AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of this Association will be held in the Registered Office of the Association at Colaba No. 16, Graats' Buildings, Colaba Cotton Green, TO-DAY, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), under Section No. 21 of the Articles of Association, as required by the requisition of 9 members of the Association to consider their proposal for closing the market on account of the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi.

I. I. MASHRUVALA,
Honorary Secretary.

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Rules for Correspondents.

Letters to the Editor for publication must be written in ink in a legible hand-writing, or type-written, and the writing must be on one side of the paper only. Other communications will be ignored. Every letter for publication must be accompanied by the writer's name and address, which will not be published unless the writer so desires.

The Editor cannot enter into any discussion regarding rejected correspondence.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Friday, 11th April, 1919.

THE FIRST SHOCK.

Mr. Gandhi on his way to Delhi was served with an order from the Punjab Government not to enter that province and another from the Delhi Government not to enter Delhi, while a third order was served on him, immediately after, restricting him to Bombay. Mr. Gandhi disobeyed the first order, which was served on him at Kosi Kalan Station, proceeded with his journey and was arrested at Palwal Station for disobeying the order. After his arrest orders of the Chief Commissioner of Delhi and the Government of India were served on him not to enter Delhi and to reside and remain in the Bombay Presidency. Mr. Gandhi fulfilled his pledge when he disobeyed the first order and his body was taken by the police in their custody. To Mr. Gandhi the experience is not a new one. Only it is the most satisfying that he has had in his life. Mr. Mahadev Desai, who was with him when he was arrested, says in his message from Delhi that Mr. Gandhi received the orders and arrest with the greatest joy and desired that all should participate in his joy. That supplies the key to the situation in India. Mr. Gandhi, with his body in police custody and his self free, at this moment symbolises India, where the forces of right—of Government based on moral laws—and of wrong—of Government depending entirely and ultimately on the sanction of brute force—are locked in a struggle which stands on a higher plane than even the great war of arms which has just ended. For, the final arbiter in this struggle is not brute force, however disguised under pretentious claims, but moral force. And the true character of the conflict is brought into relief by nothing so much as by the spectacle of an avalanche of three orders simultaneously hurled against Mr. Gandhi and the latter, frail and ailing as he is in body, calmly and cheerfully refusing to obey them. Apparently the Chelmsford O'Dwyer-Beadon combination, in the blindness of its power, expected to overwhelm Mr. Gandhi and the country by the sheer number of its "orders." But it counted without its host. Of that more anon.

While to the Satyagrahis it is a matter of rejoicing that the struggle has begun in the way it has, the action which Lord Chelmsford's Government have thought fit to take and sanction against Mr. Gandhi cannot too strongly be condemned. It is a most flagrant instance of government by executive fiat. Mr. Gandhi was on his way to Delhi to soothe the acerbated feelings of the citizens, to explain to them personally the message of Satyagraha, to seek out the truth about the recent tragedy and proclaim it to the world; in short, to establish peace, order and harmony in a disturbed area. To him violence of any sort is alien. His message is one of holding fast to the truth and to accept suffering for it cheerfully and bear that suffering calmly. His word is ever on the side of law and order. His presence at Delhi would have been of incalculable value to the authorities themselves. But the bureaucracy would not see the truth and would not be helped. In their infatuation with their physical prowess they have committed the greatest blunder they could possibly make by attempting to scotch a movement of suffering and sacrifice by a resort to a weapon intended for purposes of combating violent activities. So the Defence of India Act was brought in requisition to get hold of the body of one who was willing himself to offer it. His greatest enemy could not deny that he was going to Delhi to promote peace and order and that he would have fully succeeded in doing so. Yet the Government misuse a war-measure in times of peace to prevent Mr. Gandhi from serving the interest of order and harmony—while to prosecute him would have been the easiest task—a task in the fulfilment of which himself would have helped them most. Why did the Government not prosecute him? In resorting instead to the misuse of a war measure, they have not dea with him and the country in a straight manner and have only confirmed the fear of the people that they would similarly misuse the Black Act.

They have made their choice and the effect of their choice is to steel the hearts of the people in their determination to suffer for truth. Government have got custody of the body of Mr. Gandhi, but that gives them no purchase on his soul. His spirit is unconquerable. "My arrest," he says to his countrymen, "makes me free." It was galling to him to remain free whilst the Rowlatt legislation disfigured the Statute Book. He has now received what he was seeking—either the withdrawal of the Rowlatt legislation or imprisonment. He has done his duty. And he now asks his countrymen to do *their* duty. To his call the country will, we have no doubt, make the fullest response in the manner as well as in substance. There shall be, he demands, no violence and no departure from truth. India is now on her trial in a way she has never been. For years, as he says, her people have been groaning under suffering which they could avoid if they would, because they have swerved from the path laid down for them by the makers of the civilization of which they are the proud inheritors. The country must rise to the full height of its opportunity that the travail it must now undergo offers and win the privilege to prove to a civilised but doubting world that moral force is the final arbiter between the relations of man to man and of nation to nation.

THE BIJAPUR MUNICIPALITY.

We have over and over again emphasised the conviction, based on the experience of the working of local self-governing institutions, that the whole fabric is a farce, and that so long as the present policy of Government regarding municipal and local boards is not replaced by a policy of complete popular control, the position of these bodies will never improve. For if an official like the Collector, with his powers of control, seeks to rule these bodies as he thinks fit he can easily do so, by the simple process of persuading a few of the members—themselves creatures or seekers of official patronage—to make common cause against the main body of their elected colleagues. This process no doubt makes the latter powerless and voiceless, but at the same time it causes friction where harmony should exist and any exercise of the powers of control on this basis is apt to be an warranted and harmful interference in the internal affairs of these bodies, constituted as they are. The history of many a municipal body tells this melancholy tale. The experience of Bijapur municipality during the triennium which has just closed has not been different. The President, Mr. Kowjalgi, was an elected councillor. His very election to the presidentship was sought to be thwarted. Failing that, his regime was full of thorns throughout. Ultimately he had to resign his post, a few days before the expiry of his term, because of the interference on the part of the Collector, Mr. I. K. N. Kabraji, and his creatures in the Municipality.

A recent instance of friction which has considerably agitated the public mind in that city refers to the municipal elections which were concluded in the middle of February last. Of the election rules framed by Government, Rules 24 and 28 require that the voting papers and counterfoils shall be destroyed at the end of fifteen days after the date of the declaration of results of election, or if any application be made to the District Court under section 28 of the District Municipal Act, to set aside or amend any elections, after the disposal thereof, and till then the voting papers shall be under the seal of the municipality and in their custody and the counterfoils and the unused foils under the seal and custody of the polling officers. After the declaration of the results an application under the Municipal Act had been made to the District Court and therefore these papers were preserved under the respective seals and kept in the municipal building. The object of the rules is quite evident and it is that the secrecy of voting should be kept inviolate, and that nobody should have any right to look into these papers and know what voter voted for what candidate, by comparing the foils with the counterfoils except the District Court which may do so for a just and proper decision of the applications under the Municipal Act. The Collector, however, called for these papers. The President, we are told, refused to part with them as he was of opinion that the rules prohibited him from so doing and he at the same time requested the Collector to refer the matter to Government, if his opinion was questioned. The Collector however rested his right under section 173 of the Municipal Act which says that the Collector shall have power to call for any document in the possession or control of the Municipality. But the rules apparently create an exception to the powers under section 173 and, moreover, the counterfoils which are required to be under the seal of the polling officers, though, in this case, kept in the Municipal building, were legally in their possession, and the Municipality had no control over them except to destroy them. On this view of the law, the President refused to submit the papers to the Collector. But a resolution was carried under the inspiring presence of the Collector, that the papers should be submitted to him. This was done on 24th March.

The very next day a suit was filed against the Municipality by a councillor in the Sub-Judge's Court and the Court directed the Municipality by an *ad interim* order of injunction not to send the papers to the Collector. The order was duly served on the Municipality. By this time the President had resigned, and the Vice-President was master of the situation. He, it is alleged, ordered that the boxes containing the papers should be forwarded to the Collector and some other councillors—of course the nominated ones—looked to the actual forwarding of them. The Vice-President, however, saw his blunder the next day and requested the Collector to return the boxes. The Collector, we are told, would have none of it. On the other hand, again in his presence, another precious resolution was carried in the Municipality to the effect that the suit should be defended though many an elected member counselled to the contrary. Plaintiff therefore applied to the Court to make fresh orders for the proper preservation of the boxes till the decision of the suit. But before it could pass any orders the boxes were apparently opened. The Court however passed orders regarding the safe custody of the papers that were in the District Court pertaining to one of the three wards, in connection with the application under the Municipal Act. The suit will continue and the question of right will be decided in due course. No comments are necessary as the matter is *sub judice*; we have merely narrated the story. But so far as these facts go, there is no doubt that the imbroglio could have been avoided. Some rate-payers have sent telegrams to the Commissioner, S. D., and the Government of Bombay, regarding the alleged infringement of the right of secrecy of voting but nothing has as yet been heard in reply. Will Government enquire into this matter? We only wish that the shackles of control are relaxed—without reference to the present case—so that the Municipality may breathe a little more freely. And sooner such control is ended, the better for Local Self-Government.

Notes of the Day.

A Plea for Publicity.

Weary of misrepresenting the character and contents of the Black Bills for the space of four weeks, the "Times of India" is calling upon the Government to take over charge of the business and demonstrate the innocuous and acceptable equalities of the legislation. The suggestion is made to the Government that it should undertake a lavish distribution in the vernaculars of the official speeches made in the Legislative Council," so that ill-informed bazaar rumours many flee before the official emanations of truth. We agree that there must be a wide circulation of the truth about the Black Bills, and an end to all ignorant and reckless apologies about them. If however the work of "counter-propaganda" is done honestly, the Government will find a tremendous accession to the popular cause—a matter in which it is not likely to invest the large sum of money necessary for the scheme. In the interests of fair-play and of intelligibility of propaganda, it will be necessary to include the non-official speeches delivered in the Council along with the official speeches. As part of the story, the letters of resignation sent by Mr. Jinnah and Pandit Malaviya may be added. If the Government attempts to make a lavish use of public money for stampeding the country with an edition of official speeches in all the vernaculars, the mischief and unfairness of it may be easily met by a small handbill containing the bare fact that the representatives of the people fought and voted against the Bill as one man. That will enable the people more easily to digest the disquisitions of Sir William Vincent and the elegant jokes of Sir George Lowndes. Also, if people prove themselves to be so perverse as to reject official propaganda, they will have the comfort that they err in good company!

Another Great Lead.

The Filipinos are a fortunate people. The grant of autonomy more than 15 years ago by America showed that it was not the intention of Americans overlastingly to squat down and squeeze out the inhabitants of the islands. According to a Washington message, a Phillippine delegation has been received by Mr. Baker, a proceeding which must astonish people like Sir Reginald Wingate to whom the mere whisper of a demand for an instalment of feedom is, apparently, rank blasphemy. More impressive than the polite simplicity of their reception is the fact that the delegates were given to understand that according to President Wilson the time has arrived to grant the Phillipines independence. America may well glory in the trustworthy execution of the charge she undertook years ago. Her connection was one of harmony and generosity, because from the beginning she was prepared to give the people genuine opportunities of responsible administration. If America had hypnotised herself with the benevolent mission of holding the islands for ever, the early redemption of the people would have remained a lost cause.

Bolshevism in Bavaria.

Bavaria is the scene of another upheaval. The Parliamentary buildings were captured after a sharp action by the Spartacus forces and a new republic is established. When the last Government was overthrown, there was considerable gunfire in the house, the Premier, Herr Eisner, being killed in the mela. On the present occasion there was no premier to be shot; in fact the coup was brought about in the absence of Herr Hoffman who, when he hurriedly returned to Munich, found that the game was up and that he had no office to resume. We are to infer that in Munich there is a complete triumph of the Spartacists. The streets are filled with crowds gazing at the diverse and glorious proclamations issued for their illumination, but there is one indication as to the way in which the present republic differs from the republic it is supposed to have replaced. It lies in the resolve of the new Councils to arrest the leaders of the bourgeoise and the press—a sure mark of Bolshevism run riot. Touching foreign policy, the distinctive trait of the new chaos is that the leaders are fraternising with the authors of the new regime in Hungary, which means that Bolshevism is not on the wane yet.

Working Cotton Contracts Committee.

Evidently the working of the newly instituted Cotton Contracts Committee has given rise to a variety of difficulties in the cotton trade. Several complaints have reached us recently regarding this matter. To take the latest instance, the Room rate on Friday last was 465 for Broach Cotton April delivery, while on Monday following it was raised to 486. This change was surprising; for neither the forward delivery rates nor good demand for ready cotton could be regarded as its cause, inasmuch on Monday there was no anxious buyer in ready cotton even at the rate of 425. The Committee would do well to enlighten those concerned in the business as to the reasons which led it to raise the Room rate in the way it did—if it is anxious to retain their confidence in its capacity to perform its task impartially and well. As regards the rules framed by the Committee, we are informed that adequate efforts have not been made to see that their meaning is properly grasped by those who are expected to observe them. We suggest to the Committee to take immediate steps to have all the rules translated in Gujerati and Hindi, as a large majority of the persons dealing in the business are not versed in English.

Official and Personal.

Her Excellency Lady Lloyd accompanied by the Lady Elcho and Captain C. E. Benson, Aide-de-Camp, has returned to Bombay.

Lord Ronaldshay will leave Calcutta on Saturday next, the 12th instant and after a brief tour in Darjeeling hills will arrive at the summer capital of Bengal on Thursday, 17th instant.

A Gazette Extraordinary says Lord Willingdon was expected to arrive at Madras on board S. S. Mandala on the 10th, to assume the office of the Governor of the Presidency of Fort St. George.

Sir Thomas Holland, Member, Commerce and Industry Department, will leave Simla for Dehra Dun on 12th April, returning on the 16th. All the other members of the Executive Council will also leave for Dehra Dun about the same date to attend a meeting of the Executive Council to be held there.

ALLEGED MANSLAUGHTER.

DEVEULE PLEADS GUILTY TO CHARGE OF SUPPLYING COCAINE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, April 8.
Recd. 11.15 a.m., April 10.

At the Old Bailey, Deveule pleaded guilty to the charge of conspiring to procure large quantities of cocaine last year and was sentenced to eight months' imprisonment in the second division.

GENERAL KOLTCHAK'S SUCCESSES.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, April 8.
Recd. 11.15 a.m., April 10.

An official telegram from Omsk states that General Koltchak's troops in the direction of Viatka repelled enemy attacks and occupied the station of Lanul, forty miles from Sarapul. Successful operations at Sperlitamak, eighty miles south of Ufa, resulted in the capture of field-guns, machine-guns and prisoners.

PRINCE OF WALES' AIR FLIGHT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, April 8
Recd. 11.15 a.m., April 10.

The Prince of Wales carried out an hour's aeroplane flight over Central London.

QUESTION OF REPARATION.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, April 8.
Recd. 11-15 p.m., April 10.

PARIS.—It is expected that the question of reparations will be settled in another four or five sittings of the Council. French diplomatic circles are of opinion that peace preliminaries may apply not merely to Germany but other enemy countries.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION LAWS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, April 8.

OTTAWA.—Government has introduced a Bill providing that undesirable immigrants may be deported at any time within five years of their entering the Dominion, instead of three years as at present. The Bill will exclude Bolsheviets and interned or deported enemy aliens and provide a literary test for all immigrants.

DEATH OF SIR WILLIAM CROOKES.

A GREAT SCIENTIST.

(Reuter's Telegram.)
LONDON, April 8.

The death is announced of Sir William Crookes.

The late Prof. Sir William Crookes, F.R. (cr. 1897), O. M. (1910), LL.D., D.Sc., was one of the greatest living scientists and was President of the Royal Society. He was the discoverer of the Selenocyanides, Thallium, a new element, 1861; Repulsion resulting from Radiation, 1873; the Radiometer 1875; Illumination of Lines of Molecular Pressure, 1878; Radiant Matter, 1879, an ultra-gaseous, fourth state, of matter; Radiant matter spectroscopy, 1881; New Elements in Gadolinite, etc. 1886; Genesis of Elements, 1887; Some possibilities of Electricity, Wireless telegraphy 1892; Fixation of Atmospheric Nitrogen 1898; the Spinthariscope 1901; Eye-preserving Glass for Spectacles 1913. He was Foreign Secretary of the Royal Society from 1908 to 1912. He was past President of the Chemical Society, British Association, Institute of Chemical Engineers, and Society of Chemical Industry, and member of many scientific societies, both in Europe and America. He was a Royal Medallist, Davy Medallist, Copley Medallist and three times Bakerian Lecturer of the Royal Society. He was proprietor and editor of "Chemical News." He published a number of works on science and applied chemistry. He was 87 years old at the time of his death.

MAHATMA GANDHI'S ARREST.

GREAT EXCITEMENT AND INDIGNATION IN BOMBAY.

SEVERAL SHOPS AND BAZAAR CLOSED.

VIGOROUS SATYAGRAHA PROPAGANDA.

The news of the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi plunged Bombay into deep mourning yesterday. Several local newspapers brought out special editions giving the news, which spread quickly through the city, and in a short time the whole of Bombay knew of the arrest of the great leader of the Satyagrah movement. The first "speciale" sold out within an extremely short space of time, and so eager were the public to know further details that the next editions were as quickly disposed of. People were seen making a rush at the newsboys, as soon as the latter arrived with fresh batches of the "specials."

SEVERAL BAZAARS CLOSED.

In the afternoon the city wore an aspect of deep mourning, of which the signs were visible everywhere. The arrest of Mahatma Gandhi and other Satyagrahi leaders has been momentarily expected ever since the Satyagraha struggle commenced on Monday last with the sale of the proscribed books written by the Mahatma. The news of the arrest of Mr. Gandhi nevertheless deeply touched the people, and the latter were seen reading the "specials," and discussing the event in groups all over the city. Immediately on receipt of the news, a large number of shopkeepers in different parts of the city suspened business in the afternoon. The Colaba Cotton Market, the different cloth markets and the Marwadi and Zaveri bazaars closed in the course of the afternoon and at several places in the city small black flags were exhibited as a sign of mourning. At the Mulji Jetha Market, remarkable scenes were witnessed on arrival of the news of the arrest of Mr. Gandhi. Loud shouts of "Mahatma Gandhiji—ki Jai," and "we are all Satyagrahis" were heard, and several shops there closed immediately. The remaining shop-keepers, waited till the decision of the Committee of the Market was known. The Committee held an emergency meeting immediately afterwards, and decided to close the Market, and also resolved not to do business until further orders. Among other markets that closed yesterday was the Dyes market.

That the Satyagraha movement has not been confined to the educated classes but has permeated the masses as well was evidenced by the large numbers of the latter who were yesterday seen buying the "specials" and discussing the event. Another remarkable feature of the scenes witnessed yesterday in the streets of the city was the further evidence they furnished of Hindu-Moslem solidarity. Not only Hindus but Mahomedans were seen eagerly scanning the contents of the special editions, and discussing the event with each other. Photos of Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas sold as quickly as the special editions of the newspapers, and were bought by all classes and communities.

SALE OF PROSCRIBED LITERATURE.

Yesterday the Satyagraha propaganda work was carried on even more vigorously than on the previous day. An English Translation of Mr. Gandhi's "Hind Swarajya" was published and a large number of copies were sold during the day. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu sold a copy of that book to Mr. Carsondas Tejpal, a Bhatia millionaire for Rs. 1,000, and two copies of the book for Rs. 500 each, one to Mr. Vithaldas Liladhar and the other to Mr. Tulsidas Tejpal. A Parsi gentleman promised Messrs. Umar Sobani and S. G. Banker to bear the whole expenditure of the Satyagraha badges.

TO-DAY'S MASS MEETINGS.

In the evening a meeting of the Executive Committee was held in the Satyagraha-Sabha premises, where a resolution to convene two mass-meetings, simultaneously one at Santaram's Chawl, and another near the French Bridge, was passed.

In the evening Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas and Bai Anusuyabehen Sarabhai motored through dicerent parts of the city, selling the proscribed books. The first halt was made at Bori Bunder where there was an extraordinarily large demand for the books of which several copies were bought by the public within a short time. From here the party motored to several other places, and everywhere the books had as ready a sale, and cheers were given for Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jamnadas.

SWADESHI MOVEMENT.

The meeting which was to have been held at Chowpatty on Wednesday last to take the Swadeshi Vow was postponed on account of Mr. Gandhi's absence from Bombay. How strong the public sentiment is on this point could be discerned from the fact that at many of the places where Mr. Jamnadas's party went yesterday selling the proscribed books, loud shouts of "We should take the Swadeshi Vow," and "We should use only Indian goods" were heard. People were heard saying that it was the British Parliament which was the ultimate arbiter of India's destiny and that, therefore, the best way of drawing the attention of that Mother of Free Institutions was to inaugurate the Swadeshi movement as quickly as possible.

MR. GANDHI ARRESTED!

ORDER NOT TO ENTER THE PUNJAB OR DELHI!

TAKEN TO UNKNOWN DESTINATION!

HIS MESSAGE TO HIS COUNTRYMEN.

SERIOUS DISTURBANCES REPORTED IN LAHORE, AMRITSAR AND AHMEDABAD.

(From our Correspondent.)

MUTTRA, April 10.

Mahatma Gandhiji on way to Delhi was arrested at Palwal and brought back at night to Muttra where he was detained till the morning. He was taken away by a special train by the B.B. & C.I. Railway route. The distination is not known.

Mahatma Gandhiji is in a very weak state of health and is reported to be suffering from pain in the chest.

LATER.

We have received the following message from the Private Secretary to Mahatma Gandhi:—

DELHI, April 10.

Mahatma Gandhi on his way to Delhi at Kosi was served with an order not to enter the Punjab, not to enter Delhi and restrict himself to Bombay.

The officer serving the order treated him most politely assuring him it would be his most painful duty to arrest him, if he elected to disobey, but that there would be no ill-will between them.

Mr. Gandhi smilingly said he must elect to disobey, as it was his duty and that the officer ought also to do what was his duty.

In the few minutes that were left to us, he dictated the following message, laying special emphasis in his oral message to me as in the written message that none shall resent his arrest or do anything tainted with untruth or violence which were sure to damn the sacred cause.

THE MESSAGE.

The message reads as follows:—

To my countrymen,

It is a matter of the highest concern to me, as I hope to you, that I have received an order from the Punjab Government not to enter that province and another from the Delhi Government not to enter Delhi, while an order of the Government of India which was served on me immediately after, restricts me to Bombay. I had no hesitation in saying to the Officer, who served the order on me, that I was bound in virtue of the pledge to disregard it, which I have done and shall presently find myself a free man, my body being taken by them in their custody.

It was galling to me to remain free whilst the Rowlatt legislation disfigured the Statute Book. My arrest makes me free. It now remains for you to do your duty which is clearly stated in the Satyagraha pledge. Follow it and you will find it will be your *Kamadhenu*. I hope there will be no resentment about my arrest. I have received what I was seeking, either the withdrawal of the Rowlatt legislation or imprisonment. A departure from the truth by a hair's-breadth or violence committed against anybody whether Englishman or Indian will surely damn the great Cause, the Satyagrahis are handling.

I hope the Hindu-Moslem unity, which seems now to have taken a firm hold of the people, will become a reality and I feel convinced that it will only be a reality if the suggestions I have ventured to make in my communication to the press are carried out. The responsibility of the Hindus in this matter is greater than that of the Mohammedans, they being ina minority, and I hope they will discharge their responsibility in a manner worthy of their country.

I have also made certain suggestions regarding the proposed Swadeshi vow. I commend them to your serious attention and you will find that as your ideas of Satyagraha become matured the Hindu-Moslem unity are but parts of Satyagraha. Finally it is my firm belief that we shall obtain salvation only through suffering and not by reforms dropping on us from England, no matter how unstintingly they might be granted. The English are a great nation, but the weaker also go to the wall, if they come in contact with them. When they are themselves courageous they have borne untold sufferings and they only respond to courage and sufferings and the partnership with them is only possible after we have developed indomitabie courage and the faculty for unlimited suffering. There is a fundamental difference between their civilization and ours. They believe in the doctrine of violenceor brute force as the final arbiter. My reading of our civilization is that we are expected to believe in soul-force or moral force as the final arbiter and this is Satyagraha.

We are groaning under sufferings which we would avoid if we could, because we have swerved from the path laid down for us by the ancient civilization.

I hope that Hindus, Mohammadans, Sikhs, Parsis, Christians, Jews, and all who are born in India or who made India their land of adoption will fully participate in these national observances and I hope too, that women will take therein as full a share as men."

FURTHER DETAILS.

Later information shows that Mahatma Gandhiji's enforced departure from Muttra took place under extraordinary and mysterious circumstances. The B. B. & C. I. Passenger, which leaves for Bombay at 6-30 a.m., started from the station platform without a brake and it was after one mile's travelling that the Mahatma's carriage and the brake were attached to the train.

Further enquiry shows that the police read over the Punjab Government's order that he was forbidden to enter the Punjab at Kosi, but the Mahatma refused to obey it.

The Mahatma was stopped at Palwal, his carriage was detached and he was brought back under escort to Muttra. It is said that he was neither arrested nor deported, but taken back home under escort.

LATEST.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, April 10.

It is understood that Mr. Gandhi is being escorted back to the Bombay Presidency.

SIMLA, April 10.

So far as is known in Simla, both the Punjab and Delhi authorities served notices on Mr. Gandhi while *en route* Northern India not to enter their provinces and have also issued notices to him to return to Bombay.

DELHI, April 10.

Further inquiries about Mr. Gandhi's arrest go to show that the Punjab Government's order prohiting him to enter the Punjab was served on him at Kosi Kalan Station. This order he disobeyed and he proceeded further. At Palwal Station, which is situated in Gurgeon District in the Punjab, he was arrested for disobeying this order.

After his arrest the orders of the Chief Commissioner of Delhi and the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, made with the sanction of the Government of India, were served on him to reside and remain in the Bombay Presidency. Later, he was placed in a train for his journey towards Bombay.

FIRING IN LAHORE.

SEVERAL KILLED AND WOUNDED.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, April 10.

The news of the arrest of Mr. Gandhi reached Lahore at about 1-30 p.m. and it spread like wild fire. Business was suspended immediately, and shops began to be closed. By seven o'clock there was a general strike and all shops were closed and entire business was suspended. People began to be seen walking in groups, and talking about the arrest of Mr. Gandhi.

By 7-30 a large crowd was seen moving bare-headed in procession, beating their breasts with mourning cries of "Hai, Hai" and "Mahatma Gandhiki Jai" towards the city. As the crowds passed through lanes of the city it began to grow in numbers, and when it reached the Mochi Gate it swelled to several thousands. The crowd then proceeded towards the Anarkali Bazar and Upper Mall with shouts of "Hai Hai" and "Mahatma Gandhiki Jai."

The crowd crossed nearly a quarter of the Mall without any obstruction, but when it reached the shop of Francis Harrison and Hathway, the police armed with guns prevented them from proceeding further, and asked them to disperse and go away. The crowd, it is said, did not return and proceeded forward, and when it came near the O'Dwyer Soldiers' Club and the English Warehouse, a collision occurred between the crowd and the police. The police pressed back the crowd with their rifles, but the crowd did not go back, and made a demonstration.

Order was now given to fire and more than ten shots were fired. The crowd then dispersed in different directions, and several were wounded. So far as is known four or five men have been wounded, and have been removed to hospital. It is not known whether anybody has been killed so far.

About the affray in the Mall, reports have come, though not confirmed, that another collision has occurred between the police and the crowd near the city, and several have been killed and wounded.

Armoured motor cars with machine-guns and military are guarding with bayonets the Telegraph Office in the City.

AHMEDABAD CROWDS FIRED ON.

SEVEN PERSONS SERIOUSLY INJURED.

(Associated Press.)

AHMEDABAD, April 10.

Local Satyagrahis sold away about 3,000 copies of "Hind Swarajya" printed at the Hitechhu Press by Mr. Hariprasad Mehta. The news of Mr. Gandhi's arrest at Delhi with his inspiring message was received by Mr. Vallavbhai Patel and spread quickly throughout the city.

Shops and bazaars began to be closed spontaneously from early morning till there was perfect "Hartal" by midday. Labourers left the mills.

Huge crowds, assembled at the Beehive Flour Factory at Premdarwaz, were fired at and about seven persons were seriously injured.

There was also a small disturbance at the Gaiety Theatre, but the crowds gathered at Richey Road were ultimately dispersed by the efforts of the local leaders and police. Great excitement prevails in the town.

DISTURBANCE AT AMRITSAR.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, April 10.

Reports of serious disturbances have also come from Amritsar. It is said that Dr. Saifuddin Kitchlew, Bar-at-Law and Dr. Satyapal were deported to-day at 10-30 a.m. to an unknown destination. This news, along with the news of the arrest of Mr. Gandhi, excited the people and they closed their shops and made demonstrations. It is also said that several people have been shot by the military and are either killed or wounded.

The Railway Goods-Office, Post Office and Telegraph Office, it is reported, have been burnt down. Great excitement prevails both in Amritsar and Lahore.

DELHI ON STRIKE AGAIN.

SEQUEL TO MAHATMA GANDHI'S ARREST.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, April 10.

Delhi is on strike to-day owing to the arrest of Mr. Gandhi last night at the Palwal station in Gurgaon district in the Punjab. It is understood Mr. Gandhi is arrested at the instance of the Punjab Government for the disobedience of their orders prohibiting him from entering the Punjab.

Mr. Gandhi who was travelling by the B. B. & C. I. Railway was warned at Kosi Kalan from proceeding further, but he elected to do so. It may be stated that Mr. Gandhi was expected in Delhi, on Friday evening, but he changed his plans and in accordance with private advice. People went to the station last night to receive him, and there they learnt of his arrest at the Palwal station. The news of the arrest spread like wild fire in the town this morning and the city is again on strike except the tongawallas. Peace, however, is not, so far, disturbed.

HOW DELHI RECEIVED THE NEWS.

(From a Correspondent.)

DELHI, April 10.

Information arrived yesterday that Mahatma Gandhi was coming by Bombay Mail. At his own request the Satyagraha Sabha did not make arrangements for a public reception as it was likely to tell upon his extremely weak health. The police and the C. I. D., however, were largely in evidence on the platform and the Lancers began patrolling two hours before the arrival of the train. It is also reported that soldiers in the Fort and Cantonment were held in readiness. Some people had entered the station before the issue of platform tickets was stopped. Keen disappointment was [illegible] Mahatmaji did not appear [illegible] Mr. Mahadeo Desai [illegible] Mahatmaji had been arrested [illegible] gaon District, under the [illegible] Act. People retired from the [illegible] lence.

The local dailies "Vijaya" [illegible] broke the news early this morning [illegible] editions and Delhi is once more [illegible] to-day for the third time during [illegible] fortnight.

A meeting of the citizens was held [illegible] sands of the Jumna at nine where Mr. [illegible] ji's message was read and prayers offered [illegible] his long life and success of Satyagraha. Another meeting is being held in the evening. Quiet prevails in the city, but the atmosphere is thick with rumours of the arrest of leaders. Police guards are posted all over the city.

MASS MEETING IN DELHI.

SWAMI SHRADDHANANDA'S EXHORTATION.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, April 10.

At nine in the morning a mass meeting, attended by about ten thousand people, was held on the banks of the Jumna. Swami Shradhanand, who addressed the meeting, after announcing the arrest of Mr. Gandhi delivered his message in Hindi, in which he said he was glad Government had taken this step, and he was determined not to remain out of jail, until the Rowlatt Act was removed from the Statute Book. He exhorted the public in the meantime to carry on passive resistance movement in an orderly way. The Swami, after reading the message, exhorted the audience to carry out Mr. Gandhi's wishes and follow his precepts. So far no one is understood to have disobeyed the laws recommended by Satyagraha Sabha for disobedience.

MR. GHANDI AT MUTTRA.

"OUR SUFFERINGS WILL RIGHT THE WRONG."

(From our Correspondent.)

MUTTRA, April 10.

Mahatma Gandhi passed Muttra yesterday evening *en route* to Delhi. A great ovation awaited him at the Railway station, where an immense crowd of 5,000 citizens were anxious to have a glimpse of the Mahatma. The Anglo-Indian Station Master stopped the issue of single platform ticket to many respectable people and did not issue tickets to intending passengers. The crowd was unmanageable and it was with great difficulty that order was restored. The Mahatma felt very weak. He addressed the people assembled and exhorted them to act and not to talk. He further pointed out that in Satyagraha lies the salvation of India. He was ever ready to respond to the call of the Satyagrahis who should not mind going to jail or sacrificing their lives even in furthering the cause of Satyagraha. They should themselves suffer, but should not injure others. Their sufferings will right the wrong.

DRS. SAIFUDDIN AND SATYAPAL ARRESTED

TAKEN TO UNKNOWN DESTINATION.

AMRITSAR, April 10.

Amritsar message received by the Secretary, Satyagraha Sabha, says that Drs. Saifuddin Kitchlew, Bar.-at-Law, and Satyapal, against whom orders under the Defence of India Act were passed some days ago, were arrested to-day at 10-30 a.m. and taken to unknown destination.

NORTH RUSSIAN EXPEDITION.

AN ALLIED RESPONSIBILITY.

BRITAIN'S PART IN THE TASK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 7-35 a.m., April 10.

In connection with the situation of the Allied forces in North Russia, it is emphasised that the responsibility for the North Russian expedition is an allied one, undertaken with all due deliberation by the Supreme War Council.

Britain was entrusted with the co-ordination of allied measures and the supreme amphibious and the whole transport arrangements fell to her. The responsibility was heavy entailing a tremendous effort when the resources of Britain were strained to the utmost in the major theatres of the war. Fully realising its importance Britain from the outset threw herself energetically into the task.

The efficiency of the provision made is shown by the fact that in spite of tremendous temperature falling forty degrees below zero, no case of frost bite involving amputation has occurred.

Besides equipping the British and a large part of the allied forces, Britain supplied the complete equipment and supplies for twenty-five thousand local troops and also sent to the Archangel and Murmansk food for seven hundred thousand civilians from the British stocks mainly in British ships.

RELIEF OF ARCHANGEL.

MR CHURCHILL PROMISES SPEEDY REINFORCEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 5.
Recd. 11-15 p.m., April 10.

Mr. Churchill has cabled to British troops in Russia promising the earliest possible relief and repatriation when reinforcements arrive. It is understood that troops for the relief of Archangel will be sent in two specially constructed transports. It is hoped that they will arrive in the middle of May.

"The Times" learns from Murmansk that comparative tranquility reigns there, although stray shots are invited by walking after dusk. General Maynard is aware of Bolshevist tendencies in this growing town, which contains six thousand Russian labourers and prevented a revolt last week by arresting twenty ringleaders.

The health of the troops is excellent. They have good food entertainments and sports and an ideal climate. The battleship Glory is lying in the harbour and commands the town. The danger from the Bolshevists is greater in Archangel.

DISPATCH OF RELIEF FORCE.

WAR OFFICE APPEAL FOR VOLUNTEERS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 6.
Recd. 12-10 a.m., April 11.

Arrangements for the dispatch of a British relief force to Russia are being pushed forward very rapidly. At Murmansk the force would be in a favourable position to proceed at the first opportunity to the Archangel front. The main force will proceed in two sections. It is intended that the main force will consist mostly of volunteers.

The War Office will probably make an immediate appeal for volunteers not only to the troops of the armies of occupation and men preparing for overseas garrisons, but to discharged and demobilised men.

CHINESE DISTURBANCE AT MURMANSK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 8.
Recd. 12-10 a.m., April 11.

A British North Russia official says:—A disturbance by Chinese workmen at Murmansk on April 7th was soon put down and the majority of the rioters arrested. Two attacks south of Segeja were repulsed. North Russian troops occupied Gapnavalok on Lake Vigozero, capturing a Bolshevik patrol.

EVACUATION OF ODESSA IMMINENT.

ALLIED TROOPS TO RETIRE BEHIND DNIESTER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LONDON, April 6.
Recd. 11.15 a.m., April 10.

PARIS.—It is now reported that the evacuation of Odessa is imminent. The "Matin" says that Allied troops will probably retire behind the Dniester in order to protect Bessarabia and Rumania. The Allies are fortifying the Isthmus of Penkop in order to keep Crimea as a base and save Sebastopol from the Bolsheviks.

BAVARIAN REVOLUTION.

PROCLAMATION OF THE REPUBLIC.

"EVERYTHING BELONGS TO COMMUNITY."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 12-20 p.m., April 10.

PARIS.—A telegram from Munich says the Bavarian soviet republic has issued a proclamation to all workers' councils declaring that the entire labouring population of Bavaria is solidly united and is assuming all public power through the soviet councils. The people's commissaries will replace the former ministers. The proclamation adds that everything belongs to the community and independent socialisation is prohibited.

CHANGE OF SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. midday, April 10.

COPENHAGEN.—A telegram from Berlin says, it is reported that the Bavarian Government has decided to leave Munich provisionally and make Bamberg the seat of Government and the National Assembly. They will be protected by reliable troops.

LANDTAG GOVERNMENT HELPLESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 12-20 p.m., April 10.

COPENHAGEN.—A message from Berlin dated the 7th April says the Munich message to Berliner Tageblatt states that the soviet republic was decided upon at one o'clock this morning. The message adds that the central council at Munich will first exercise dictatorship after which it will appoint people's mandatories, establish red guard and organise fresh elections for the congress of workers' and peasants' councils.

The Landtag Government stands aside powerless and helpless.

The reported removal of Government to Bamberg is incorrect.

BAVARIAN GOVT. GOES TO NUREMBERG.

TRIAL OF STRENGTH BETWEEN NORTH AND SOUTH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 8.
Recd. 11-15 p.m., April 10.

BERLIN.—The Bavarian Government has gone to Nuremberg. Hoffman, the Premier, announced that Government had not retired, but had merely transferred its seat from Munich. Social Democratic parties, which are still sitting at Nuremberg, voted yesterday by 42 votes to 8 against a Soviet Republic.

Newspapers in Berlin are of opinion that a crisis has reached a trial of strength between North and South Bavaria, also between Communists with the Independents and the Majority Socialists. Sanguinary collisions are anticipated.

A telegram from Copenhagen points out that the Bavarian Government is non-existent, as at least two Government members, Simon and Unterleitner, have joined the Soviet movement, being included in the provisional list of People's Commissaries with Tuemlon, Segitz and others.

ANTI-SOVIET DEMONSTRATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Recd. 11-15 a.m., April 10.

COPENHAGEN.—A message from Munich states that troops have dispersed anti-Soviet demonstrations.

NEWS RECEIVED CALMLY BY THE FRENCH PRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, April 8.
Recd. 1-40 p.m., April 10.

The Havas Agency states that the Soviet transformation of the Bavarian Republic is received calmly by the French press, which only mentions that close union between the Allies is necessary.

SOVIET REPUBLIC PROCLAIMED IN WURZBURG.

GENERAL STRIKE BEGINS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 12-20 p.m., April 10.

COPENHAGEN.—A telegram from Wurzburg says a soviet republic has been proclaimed and the communist troops have occupied telephones, telegraphs and newspapers offices.

A general strike has begun in all factories and shops except the food shops are closed.

Regensburg has declared for the soviet republic. The news of the soviet republic was received calmly in Nuremberg and the work is proceeding.

GENERAL SMUTS IN HUNGARY.

PROPOSALS TO SOVIET REPUBLIC.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., April 10.

COPENHAGEN.—A telegram from Budapest says, General Smuts proposed to the Hungarian Soviet Republic:

firstly, to withdraw all troops and armed forces west of a certain defined line;

secondly, that the Rumanians shall be ordered not to advance beyond the present positions;

thirdly, that those respective lines shall be regarded as a neutral zone and occupied by the British, the French and the Italians and possibly, the American troops;

fourthly, that the Hungarian Government shall accept the terms of the military convention of November 13th, and the armistice of November 3rd, concluded by the previous Hungarian Government;

fifthly, it is definitely declared that the abovementioned line of demarcation shall not influence the eventual territorial arrangement;

sixthly, General Smuts will propose that the Council of the Great Powers in Paris immediately raise the blockade of Hungary and allow facilities for the immediate import of the prime necessities, especially fat and coal; and

seventhly, he will also propose to the Great Powers assembled in Paris before finally determining Hungary's political frontiers in the peace treaty to invite Hungarian plenipotentiary representatives in order to formulate Government's standpoint on the frontier question and all economic questions in a conference under the chairmanship of a representative of the Great Powers with the representatives of Czecho-Slovakia, Rumania, Yugo-Slavia and German-Austria.

SOVIET GOVT.'S COUNTER PROPOSALS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., April 10.

COPENHAGEN.—The Hungarian Soviet Government replying to General Smuts' proposals formulates another set of proposals involving different boundaries favourable to Hungarian interests, but agrees to the proposal to summon a conference.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH HUNGARIAN SOVIET.

SATISFACTORY RESULTS ANTICIPATED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 10.

COPENHAGEN.—A telegram from Budapest says, Belakun in a statement anticipates satisfactory results from the discussions with General Smuts. He has proposed to General Smuts that the representatives of the Hungarian Soviet Republic, German-Austria, Yugo-Slavia, Rumania and Czecho-Slavia meet at Prague or Vienna to elucidate the question of political frontiers and economic relations.

ALLIES TO MARCH ON BUDAPEST.

A VIENNA REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 4.
Recd. 11.15 a.m., April 10

The semi-official bureau at Budapest denies the "Deutsche Tageszeitung's" statement that Bela Kun has gone to Munich.

A telegram from Copenhagen states that the "Lokalazeiger's" Vienna correspondent declares that the campaign against Hungary will be soon commenced by Italian, French and Colonial troops, who are now ready to march against Budapest. The plan is to occupy the whole of Hungary. There is no confirmation from any other source.

PRESIDENT WILSON PROGRESSING FAVOURABLY.

OUTLINES PROGRAMME FOR COMING WEEK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. midday, April 10

PARIS, April 6.—President Wilson is progressing favourably and probably resumes work at the conferences on Tuesday. He received the American delegation in his sick room to-day and outlined the programme for the coming week which President Wilson is convinced, will see a long step taken towards the realisation of peace.

GERMAN NATIONAL ASSEMBLY ELECTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 6.
Recd. 11.15 a.m., April 10.

COPENHAGEN.—A message from Berlin states that the Constitution Committee of the National Assembly passed a resolution by a large majority in favour of holding the election to the Assembly every three years.

CHINESE DEMANDS.

COMPLETE FREEDOM FOR SOVEREIGNTY.

PLEA FOR RESTORATION OF KOREA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 6.
Recd. 1-40 p.m., April 10.

PARIS.—The Chinese delegation has received a communiqué from the Pekin Government explaining the Chinese demand for the modification of Japan's twenty-one demands.

The communiqué declares that China demands complete freedom to direct her own affairs and full exercise of her sovereignty throughout all her domains, because she is convinced that only by that can a lasting peace and happiness be brought to Eastern Asia. At a result of the news reaching China from Europe it is no exaggeration to say that the Chinese irredentism is already raising its head in Korea, throughout Manchuria and in Shantung.

The communiqué refuses to accept the argument that Shantung was wrung from the Germans at the cost of many Japanese lives and quotes in this connection the example of Belgium, where Britain makes no claim in spite of the fact that thousands of British fell on the Belgian soil.

The communiqué declares that the part that the Chinese played in the war was greater than is generally recognised. The remainder of the document is a plea for the restoration of Korea and Manchuria and the remission of penalties and indemnities imposed by the Powers on China after the Boxer rising and which, the communiqué says, have lain for twenty years like leaden chains upon the shoulders of the Chinese Government and people.

WANTED IMMEDIATE CONCLUSION OF PEACE.

A JAPANESE DEPUTY'S VIEW.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, April 8.
Recd. 1-40 p.m., April 10.

(The "Temps" publishes a letter from the Japanese Deputy, Nagashima, insisting upon the immediate conclusion of peace, including stipulations concerning the settlement of the questions of frontiers, indemnities and the punishment of the perpetrators of crimes against the laws of nations. He says the study of the League of Nations would come later.

LATEST SIGNATORIES TO THE SATYAGRAHA PLEDGE.

The total number of signatories to the pledge stand at 1,468, out of whom 548 are from Bombay and 920 from mofussil. The list does not include Karachi names numbering 285.

BOMBAY.

Anant Ram Radhu Krishna.
Swami Narmalanand Sarswati.
Pursottam Trikumdas.
Chatturbhuj Kanji.
Tribhovan Damji Soni.
Navalchand Amarsi Parekh
Rustamji Dosabhai Baliwala.
Nichaldas Mulchand.
Vageshanker Harishanker.
Chimanlal Madhavlal Vora
Champak Amratlal Gandhi.
Ram Narayan Dayashanker Dixit.
Vasanji Mulji.
Kanji Pittamber Soni
Ganpat Narayan Sathaye.
Motilal Hathibhai Bhavsar.
Ravishanker Haribhai Joshi.
Vithaldas Mulji Vorjiani.
Hiralal Ranglal Jain.
Maganlal Mohanlal Kapadia.
Revashanker Rahyabhai Joshi.
Girjashanker Nanulal Sukul
Sakarlal Mulji Parikh.
Govindji Pagal.
Ramshanker Harjivan.
Tricumdas Dwarkadas Dharamsey.

DISTRICT KAIRA—AJARPURA.

Chatoorbhai Utambhai Patel.
Choonilal Bapooji Patel.

AHMEDABAD.

Ambaram Jijibhai.
Prahladji Varvaji.
Patel Baba Jijt.
Kacharabhai Mohidas.
Joitasram Ishwerdas.
Motibhai Joitaram.
Shanker Bhaichand.
Patel Mangaldas Karsandas.
Mistri Karsandas Narandas.
Shanker Manordas.
Shirabhai Lalubhai.
Shrikumar Mukutsing Teksingh.
Naik Ambalal Tricamlal.
Choba Harishanker Jugelkishore.
Sutar Ranchhod Manilal.
Sutar Shanker Remchhod.
Bhawsar Keshavlal Manilal.
Ganchi Amichand Amratlal.
Ralilal Manecklal.
Sutar Somchand Dalsukhram.
Sutar Govind Lalubhai.
Dalal Sambhulal Nathalal.
Keshrisingh Remchhodsingh.
Rajput Marji Jivabhai.
Bhavsar Lalji Jasraj.
Barot Magan Damodar.
Somabhai Ambaram.
Chhaguji Moliji.
Bhavsar Lavji Meghji.
Bhavsar Purshotam Mahasukh.
Bhavsar Narsinh Mulchand.
Parekh Joitaram Ishverdas.
Parekh Mohandas Abhechand.
Bhavsar Lera Manji.
Parekh Gokuldas Jiaram.
Ambaram Lavjidas.
Vaidya Vasanji.
Rupani Vrijlal Bhimji.

DISPERSAL OF GRAND FLEET.

TRIBUTES TO ADMIRAL BEATTY.

WILL BEATTY BECOME FIRST SEA LORD?

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 10.

Admiral Beatty to-day hauls down his flag as Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Fleet on its dispersal.

The papers all publish articles on the historic occasion dwelling on the fact that its purpose was achieved with the complete destruction of the enemy's naval power. They pay a tribute to Viscount Jellicoe as the organiser and leader and to Admiral Beatty, as a first class fighter, who crowned Viscount Jellicoe's work.

There is some speculation whether Admiral Beatty, who is now unemployed, will be offered the post of the First Sea Lord, the importance of which position, it is pointed out, was never greater in view of the possible effect of the League of Nations upon the naval policy. It is also urged that a properly organised naval general staff must never again be allowed to lapse.

BOMBAY'S ANXIETY ABOUT MR. GANDHI.

MRS. NAIDU AND MESSRS JAMNADAS AND SOBANI PACIFY CROWDS.

There was a slight disturbance fortunately without any serious consequences—at the corner of Sheik Memon Street, Moti Bazaar and Bhuleshwar last night. Crowds had begun to gather along Sheik Memon Street from 9-30 and by 11 there were several thousands, consisting mostly of Cloth Market employees, Mahomedans and others. They were anxious to know how Mahatma Gandhi was and when he was expected in Bombay. On account of these crowds there was an occasional cessation of tram traffic. Mrs. Naidu and Mr. Umar Sobani appeared on the scene at about 11 and both of them harangued the crowds in Shaik Memon Street, as well as at Pydhonie requesting them to disperse quietly. Mrs. Naidu explained to the people Mahatma Gandhi's message and told them that they should not in any way bleak the peace, but should quietly disperse. A large portion of the crowd thereupon began to disperse home, but there were several thousands still, who remained in the streets. Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas arrived on the scene at midnight and addressing the crowds requested them to go home peacefully and not to do anything against the spirit of the message of Mahatma Gandhi. Mahatma Gandhi, he said, had cheerfully and deliberately courted arrest as a necessary factor in the triumph of the Satyagraha cause and therefore they should rather rejoice in the arrest than otherwise. Mahatma Gandhi's arrest, he said, at the very start of the movement, was the a surest sign of their ultimate success, provided, however, that they did not swerve a hair's breadth from their determination to sacrifice and, in doing do, to act peacefully, calmly and without forsaking the spirit of truth and love throughout their struggle. On this the crowds dispersed and quietly walked home. Before Mr. Jamnadas came on the scene the police made a charge with batons and bamboo sticks on the crowds and several must have been hurt. No serious injury, however, has been so far reported.

AT TATTA (SIND.)

(From a Correspondent.)

TATTA, April 6.

April 6th was observed as the national humiliation day to protest against the Rowlatt Act. All the shops were closed and all classes of people including barbers, milkmen, vegitable dealers suspended their work. In the marking at 7 a.m., all Hindus and Mahomedans gathered in the Lahana Mahajan Garden where a big meeting of nearly 3,000 people was held. After prayers to the Almighty God the following resolution was adopted.

"This public meeting of the citizens of Tatta protests against the Rowlatt Act as it violates the principles of freedom of man kind and to request His Majesty the King-Emperor to veto The Bills.

At noon a general procession was started through the bazar Mahatma Gandhi's photo was kept in a gari and garlanded.

LORD WILLINGDON ARRIVES IN MADRAS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, April 10.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon arrived in Madras harbour this morning by s.s. Mandala. The landing was private. They were received by Acting Chief Secretary, Private Secretary, Military Secretary, Brigade Major of Southern Brigade and Chairman, Port Trust Board. A salute of seventeen guns was fired as soon as their Excellencies left the vessel. From the harbour they proceeded to the Council Chambers, and were then conducted to the Executive Council Room, where his Commission under the Sign Manual having been read by the acting Chief Secretary, his Excellency took his seat as the Governor of Fort St. George under a salute of seventeen guns. Reception was held afterwards at 8-30 a.m., in the Banquetting Hall, where all the civil and military officers and leading citizens assembled to receive their Excellencies. A Guard of Honour was presented on their Excellencies' arrival at the Banquetting Hall by the Madras Guards. After shaking hands with those assembled at the hall their Excellencies proceeded to the Government House, Madras.

OUTBREAK IN EGY

GENERAL ALLENBY'S PROCLAMATION.

PROMISES ENQUIRY INTO

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 12-10 a.m., April 11.

CAIRO.—A communique states that General Allenby is glad to see that the disturbances outrages and destruction of property have largely subsided. He reiterates his promise to enquire impartially into all the grievances and urges all responsible and patriotic Egyptians to state the steps necessary to restore tranquility and content.

On April 1st General Allenby issued a proclamation stating that as it has been impossible to pass the budget he orders the estimates of the budgetary receipts and expenditure for 1919-20 to be fixed at £8,850,000 Egyptian pounds each and authorises the Government to act as if the budget had been passed.

INDIAN RAILWAYS.

STATE V. COMPANY MANAGEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 2.
Recd. 12-10 p.m., April 11.

In the House of Commons, replying to Sir J. D. Rees, Mr. Fisher stated that Mr. Montagu had proposed that as soon as convenient after the war, there would be an enquiry in India regarding the desirability or otherwise on administrative and financial grounds of modifying the present management of railways in India which were owned by the State but worked by companies domiciled in England, by incorporating the lines in the existing state-worked systems or converting them into separate state-worked lines or handing them over to companies domiciled in India.

SOUTHBOROUGH COMMITTEES'S REPORTS.

Mr. Fisher also stated that the reports of the Southborough Committees had not yet been received from the Government of India. Mr. Montagu hoped to receive them in the course of April and would present them to Parliament without delay.

INDIAN MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

A QUESTION IN COMMONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 3.
Recd. 12-10 p.m., April 11.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Mallalieu urged the claims to demobilisation of men belonging to the Mesopotamian force, who were detailed to Poona early in November to assist in clearing up field accounts of troops.

Mr. Fisher replied that the prompt settlement of accounts of a large number of officers and men on demobilisation depended on trained personnel. The military accounts department was being kept up to the full strength. The Secretary of State could not press the Government of India to a course that would destroy the efficiency of the department, but he would bring the case to the Government of India's notice.

POST-WAR STRENGTH OF ARMY IN INDIA.

Replying to Sir J. D. Rees, Mr. Fisher stated that the question of the post-war strength and composition of the army in India was under consideration.

BOMBAY TENANTS' ASSOCIATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—A meeting was called yesterday, 15 minutes after the appointed time (3-30 p.m.) About ½ dozen came and it was proposed that the proceedings should commence. But one of those present told them, as well as other members of the Provisional Committee, that the meeting should be post-poned, as many of the members did not receive intimation about the meeting. But the meeting was not postponed.

Even at this moment another member said to the meeting that as many did not receive circulars, the meeting should be postponed. But the conveners went on with the proceeding by appointing a Provisional Committee for framing Rules and Regulations.

This morning when personally interviewed several members informed me that they never received any intimation of yesterday's meeting, some said that they received intimation in the evening and some said that they received a couple of hours before the meeting. Can the conveners ignore the existence of some members by not intimating them about the meeting duly? Can they call it as the "inaugural meeting of the members," when inaugural meeting of the members," when some members were not informed of the meeting in time?—Yours, etc.

A SUFFERING TENANT.

Bombay, April 10.

"DRASTIC MEASURES" SUGGESTED.

(From our Correspondent.)

LAHORE, April 10.

A correspondent over the nom-de-plume "An Indian" in the course of a letter to the "Civil and Military Gazette" suggests that "drastic measures should be adopted and such members of the Council who have since the passing of the Rowlatt Bills shown resistance whether active or passive should be dismissed from the Council and their places filled by men of sense and probity."

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL REVENUE.

PROPOSAL FOR INCREASE.

QUESTION OF TRAINING ENGINEERING GRADUATES.

A meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Mr. Cowasji Jehangir presiding, when consideration was given to a proposal for increasing the revenue to meet the increased expenditure on Education, Sanitation, Medical relief, etc.

The following letter from the Municipal Commissioner was referred for consideration to the Special Sanitary Works Committee. The Commissioner had put forward "a proposal for crushing refuse and loading the product into railway waggons at Carnac Bridge. The Health Officer, to whom the proposal was referred, remarks that he has nothing to say about the fertilising properties of the city refuse, but that it must be borne in mind that the conditions in an English town and English farming and the City of Bombay are different and that too much stress should not be laid on the money value of the refuse. Never having seen the system at work in a large city in India, he is not in a position to give an opinion on the practical application of the method, but he supports this proposal as an experiment, on the understanding that its adoption does not mean the abandonment of the proposal to erect an incinerator. The question of constructing a refuse destructor at Bapty Road—a proposal already approved by the Corporation—is entirely independent of the present proposal, and will be taken up as soon as it appears probable that the requisite machinery can be obtained on reasonable terms. I think that Mr. Mackison has been rather optimistic as to the sale of the crushed refuse, but the advantage of crushing refuse and loading it on waggons at Carnac Bridge, instead of transferring it from carts to motor waggons at Palton Road and then conveying it to Tardeo Flats to be loaded on railway waggons, are obvious, both from a sanitary and a financial point of view. I therefore recommend the Executive Engineer's proposals for the Corporation's approval. If the scheme is approved, proposals for financing it will be made in due course."

ADMISSION OF PUPILS IN ENGINEERING DEPT.

The Corporation also referred to the Sanitary Works Committee the following letter from the Commissioner regarding admitting articled pupils in the Engineering departments of the Municipality. The letter stated; "It was recently represented to Government by their Mechanical Engineer that it was most desirable in the interests of municipalities and local boards in the presidency that arrangements should be made, if possible, for training engineering graduates on a quasi-apprentice system in the offices of Municipal engineers in large towns. Government thereupon asked me to ascertain whether the Corporation would agree to such an arrangement being made.

The maximum cost of the scheme, when 12 graduates are in training, will be Rs. 5,760 per annum. In the first year only Rs. 1,440 will be required. It is for the Corporation to consider whether Government should be asked to pay the whole cost of the stipends to the apprentices, or only part of it. Although the proposal was made by Government primarily in the interests of the mofussil municipalities, I think it would be reasonable for the Corporation to pay half, because, if the scheme succeeds the Municipality will be able to fill vacancies in the grades of inspectors, etc., from among graduates trained in Municipal work, instead of having to appoint men without previous practical training."

Dr. D. B. Master moved: "That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to report on fresh ways and means by which the existing Municipal revenue may be increased, in order to meet the steadily growing expenditure on Education, Medical Relief, Sanitation, etc."

Mr. H. P. Mody seconded.

Mr. J. A. Wadia said they should enhance the property tax, so that the people could be benefitted by it.

Dr. A. Viegas said they would be stultifying themselves by asking the Commissioner to make such a report. The Commissioner could not bring the money from anywhere else; the Corporation had to find out the sum for itself.

Dr. N. H. Sukhia said they should not tax the landlords, as it would be taxing the tenants indirectly. A landlord would not invest his money in building property unless he could get a reasonable return. He suggested that luxuries such as wines, spirits and tobacco should be taxed, and included in the schedule. Dr. Sukhia said Mr. J. A. Wadia had been always hard on the landlords, but it was the millowners who fattened themselves more than the landlords. Whenever any question for taxation of mills etc. had come forward Mr. Wadia had opposed it very strongly. But now that softhearted gentleman had come forward with a proposal to tax the landlords, which meant taxing the tenants.

SUGGESTION FOR EDUCATION TAX.

Dr. Master said they had an education tax in England and Colonies and such special taxes and the Corporation might consider about introducing them in Bombay. It was very cruel to suggest an enhancement of the general tax as it would undoubtedly fall upon the poor people in the city.

The proposition was adopted.

REVISION OF SALARIES OF HEALTH OFFICERS.

Consideration was also given to the report of the Medical Relief Committee regarding a scheme for revision of the appointments and salaries of the Assistant and the Deputy Health officers. The report stated the "scheme is calculated to secure men not only of high professional qualifications but of energy and initiative such as the City requires at present. The main features of the final arrangement are that the present staff of 3 Assistant Health Officers and 7 Deputy Health Officers will be replaced by a staff of 1 Senior Assistant Health Officer; 6 Assistant Health Officers, and 1 Chief Superintendent of Cleansing, and that it is proposed to fix the maximum rates of pay instead of the definite scales at present in force. It is not intended that officers on first appointment should, save in most exceptional cases, draw the maximum pay of the post. They will ordinarily commence at a lower rate of pay and rise gradually as they prove their fitness. The financial effect of the proposed final arrangement will be an extra expenditure of about Rs. 500 per mensem. There will besides be some reduction when the new scale is fully introduced owing to the reduction of clerks, as there are ultimately to be 5 Deputy Health Officers in the wards instead of 7."

The Hon. Mr. P. C. Sethna moved the adoption of the report and Dr. R. T. Nariman seconded.

HIGH PAYS WILL NOT IMPROVE CITY'S HEALTH.

Dr. D. B. Master said looking at the present financial condition of the city the salaries paid at present were quite sufficient. They were not concerned with raising the prestige of doctors or their health officers, but they had to guard the interests of the ratepayers. In spite of their appointing highly-paid officers they had had so many epidemics in the city recently. Cleanliness was the most important thing to be looked after in a city by the sanitary officers, and if a city were clean, everything would be alright. But what was the present condition of the city? Kutchra Depots were spread all over the city for the sake of a small saving. Was that a saving in the right direction? Simply increasing the pay of the health officers would not improve the health of the city. Whenever higher salaries were given the appointments were given to Europeans, and he was sure that Europeans would step in where Indians were now serving. The result of that would be that Indians would be nowhere. He would have had not the slightest objection to the increased salaries if the officers had done some scientific research work, but they were not doing that. They could not possibly do it for they had too much routine work to do. The salaries they were paid at present were sufficient for these times, and no increase was necessary. He moved an amendment that the consideration of the report be postponed pending a report of the Committee appointed by Government to revise the scale of pay of assistant surgeons. Dr. Master said whenever there were vacancies in the higher appointments preference was always given to Europeans and Indians were passed over though they might have higher qualifications. It was the Commissioner who had the power to make the appointments and the Corporation could not interfere in those matters.

Mr. Fazal Ibrahim seconded the amendment, and the Corporation adjourned to Monday next.

A SAFE INVESTMENT.

RAILWAYS ALL OVER THE WORLD PAY HANDSOME DIVIDENDS.

India, though she owns a number of Railways, very few have been started purely with Indian capital.

Recently a concession was granted to Messrs. Apte Joshi & Co., by the Government of India for conversion of a Railway from Teesta to Kurigram in the Bengal Presidency of India and for the construction of an extension to Chilmari.

The remaining shares available soon after the formation of the Company were underwritten by the Agents and now that the Government have raised the embargo on them to be sold in the market, shares of the approximate value of Rupees Four Lacs face value, are offered to the public and Rs. 25 per share are called for now out of Rs. 100 face value.

INTEREST DURING CONSTRUCTION.—Interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum will be paid during conversion on all share capital actually paid up. Such interest will be continued to be paid until the close of the half year in which the line is opened throughout for public traffic on the metre gauge and from such date the rebate terms will come into force.

Full particulars and prospectus together with the Memorandum of Association may be obtained to-day on application to Mr. A. MONIZ, Agent and Broker, recently appointed by the Company's Agents by addressing a post card to P. O. Box 396, Bombay.

TEXTILE FACTORY WORKER

REFUSE EMPLOYERS' OFFER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 10.

The general Council of the United Textile Factory Workers' Association has decided not to accept the employers' offer of 49½ hours' week without the payment of the present wages.

COLLAPSE OF STRIKE OF SPARTACISTS IN STUTTGART.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. midday, April 10.

COPENHAGEN.—A telegram from Stuttgart says the general strike of the Spartacists has collapsed and the leaders been arrested. The Government is in control of the situation.

SOVIET ARMY SURRENDERING TO UKRAINIANS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. midday, April 10.

A telegram from Stanislau says the Soviet army in the Eastern Ukraine is surrendering to the Ukrainians in parties of hundreds.

PROVISION FOR KUT OFFICERS.

CLAIMS OF EXTRA EXPENSE TO BE FAVOURABLY CONSIDERED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 5.
Recd. 1-40 p.m., April 10.

Replying in the House of Commons to Mr. Wolmer, who asked what provision had been made for Kut officers taken prisoners, who had incurred large expenses from private means in order to keep themselves alive, Mr. Forster referred to the arrangements for the issues from the British relief fund by the Dutch Minister in order to cover the extra expense.

He added that where the officers could show that necessary expenses exceeded the amounts of such grants, besides the advances by the Turkish Government any claim which might be submitted showing the extra expense would be favourably considered.

PEERAGE CONFERRED ON SIR ROBERT CHALMERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 5.
Recd. 1-40 p.m., April 10.

The peerage has been conferred upon Sir Robert Chalmers.

MENTIONED FOR GALLANT SERVICE AT ADEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 1-40 p.m., April 10.

The "Gazette" contains many names mentioned for gallant and distinguished service at Aden, including the Indian Army officers, Lieut.-Col. W. F. Bainbridge, Majors H. H. Dawson and E. L. Popham, Lieuts. H. R. Guise, A. M. Montagu and A. G. Fane, Jamadar Datadin Badhai and Subadar Nand Singh, both Sappers and Miners.

INTER-SERVICES RUGBY TOURNAMENT.

AUSTRALIA BEATS CANADA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 5.
Recd. midday, April 10.

In the inter-services rugby tournament, Australia beat Canada at Twickenham by 38 points to nil. New Zealand beat Mother Country at Edinburgh by six points to three.

RUANDA AND URUNDI IN EAST AFRICA.

TO BE ALLOTTED TO BELGIUM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 10.

BRUSSELS.—It is reported from Paris that the Conference is unanimous in assigning to Belgium, Ruanda and Urundi territories in East Africa.

N. E. LANCASHIRE MILLS SPINNING AMERICAN COTTON.

TO BE CLOSED FROM APRIL 10TH TO 28TH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 5.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 10.

The Cotton-spinners' and Manufacturers' Association controlling five million spindles in North-east Lancashire has decided to close the mills spinning American cotton from April 10th to April 28th.

GERMAN MISSIONARIES IN COLONIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 7-35 a.m., April 10.

Replying to Colonel Burn in the House of Commons, Colonel Amery said, enquiries which had been instituted in January, last year, showed that 138 German missionaries, of whom 85 came from Alsace-Lorraine and one was a Pole, were permitted to remain in the colonies and the protectorates. He had no exact total for the self-governing Dominions. The responsibility for the expulsion or the internment of German missionaries from these territories rested primarily with various overseas governments who possessed and might be relied upon to apply the necessary legislation in the case of undesirables.

SUBADAR SOHAN SINGH MENTIONED FOR GALLANTRY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 12-20 p.m., April 10.

The "Gazette" states that Subadar Sohan Singh, Malay States Guides Artillery, is mentioned for gallant and distinguished service at Aden.

SEVENTH INTERNATIONAL OLYMPIAD TO BE HELD AT ANTWERP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 1 p.m., April 10.

LAUSANNE.—The International Olympic Games Committee has decided that the seventh Olympiad shall be held at Antwerp in 1920.

MURDERER OF JAURES.

SOCIALISTS' DEMONSTRATION IN PROTEST OF ACQUITTAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. midday, April 10.

PARIS, April 6.—The Socialists incensed by the acquittal of the man who killed Jaures organised a demonstration to-day to protest against the verdict and to show respect to the memory of Jaures. The procession including Branting and Vandervelde, marched singing the Internationale to the residence of Jaures and presented a wreath to the widow.

Great crowds watched the demonstration which was orderly except when a group of anarchists displayed a black flag. The police intervened and an affray ensued in which four or five policemen were injured.

INDEMNITIES FROM GERMANS

BRITISH COMMISSION'S REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 7-15 a.m., April 10.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Claude Lowther affirmed that a commission comprising Mr. Hughes, Mr. Henderson and Mr. Walter Long, appointed by the late Government to enquire into the enemies' capacity to pay indemnities, had reported that the enemy could, if given time, pay twenty thousand millions sterling.

Mr. Bonar Law stated that he could not add anything to the reply given on March 17th.

BRITISH TRADE FIGURES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 7.
Recd. 12-20 p.m., April 10.

There was a decrease in the imports in March amounting to £1,450,931 and an increase in the exports amounting to £17,106,181 compared with March, last year.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, April 10.

The disturbance in the north-west is more marked and has caused nearly general rain in the North-West Frontier Province with few falls in North-West Baluchistan. Rain has also fallen locally in South Burma coast and at few stations in Upper Burma and Assam. The chief amounts are:—Victoria Point ¾ in., Mergui 1½ in., Moulmein, Parachinar and Drosh 1 in., Landikotal ¾ in.

Forecast:—Extension into the North Punjab and Kashmir

"ANTI-NATIONAL EDUCATION."

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The people of Bombay are under a deep debt of gratitude to you for the brilliant editorial published in your issue of the 31st March under the heading "Anti-National Education."

The poor preliminary qualification of students is one of the causes assigned for the little and no progress made in the technical education. But I should like to ask who is responsible for this state of affairs? Could not the authorities concerned have raised the standard of education of students for admission into the classes if they really had the good of the country at heart?

The museum in Bombay does not deserve the dignified name of a "Museum." It is no more than a toy-shop fit enough to amuse children. Even a tourist, whose object will be to understand the country he visits and to learn something new about the habits and customs of its inhabitants, is sure to return disappointed as he has nothing to learn in the Bombay Museum.

The Bombay School of Art is again an instance of an institution, which is the least national in its aims and methods. The whole school is monopolised by a few Westerners, who are quite ignorant of, or pay scant attention to, the glorious tradition of Indian Art. The teaching work in the school is done in a perfunctory manner. The curriculum, for instance, of the Architectural Department, looks very good and pretty exhaustive on paper. But the way in which each subject is taught is ridiculously shabby! Some of the teachers have themselves no definite ideas of subjects they take up to teach. All this goes to prove the utter carelessness of the Department towards the improvement of the technical education in the Presidency. What is required is no doubt a competent committee, as you have suggested, to examine the whole system of technical education in the Presidency and to reorganize it on national lines.

I should also like to appeal to the non-official members of the Legislative Council to take up the matter in hand seriously, pay surprise visits to these institutions and interpellate the Government on the defects found by them, with a view to getting them rectified one after another.—Yours, etc.,

"A SILENT OBSERVER."

THIRST IN SALSETTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—May I be permitted to draw the attention of the authorities concerned through the medium of your valuable columns to the water famine prevailing in some of the villages in Salsette on account of the failure of the monsoon? Complaints and representations to the responsible authorities have not been attended to and the cry for water for cattle and men is at present very great. Malwani in the Salsette taluka needs immediate attention. Will the energetic Collector of Thana kindly see that some arrangements are made by the Taluka Local Board to provide water to the dying cattle and thirsty men by boring at least four holes by the side of the village tank and relieve the inhabitants from anxieties?—Yours, etc.,

A RESIDENT.

BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

AN INTERESTING DISCUSSION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 9.

An interesting discussion took place at to-day's meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council, when further amendments to the Village Self-Government Bill were considered.

Mr. Ambika Charan Mazumdar moved an amendment to the effect that members of the Union bench should try cases and serve in rotation. He said that for the interest of the people and justice it was necessary to have changes of benches. That would be a safeguard against injustice and corruption. He was sorry to say that outside Calcutta the Honorary Magistrates, with some exception, were not above suspicion. He thought they should take time by the forelock not to allow the Union bench magistrates to be vitiated in their conduct.

This remark about honorary magistrates from an ex-president of the Indian National Congress elicited excited discussion. Mr. Mohendra Nath Roy objected to Mr. Mazumdar's remarks and said he was very sorry that those remarks were made in the open Council by a member belonging to a political party which supported the Reform Scheme.

Rai Radha Charan Pal regretted that those uncalled for remarks were made by a stalwart champion of one of the supporters of self-government, because those remarks might be interpreted that his countrymen were not even fit to discharge the most elementary duties of self-government. He was sorry because those remarks were made by a stalwart champion of self-government almost on the eve of the Reform proposal.

Mr. Mazumdar in reply said he might belong to one political party or other but he certainly did not belong to that class of advocates of reforms who did not shrink from hiding the truth. He was a man who had never hidden from public the true facts. Notwithstanding what had been said by the previous speakers he still maintained that the honorary magistrate in the mufassil, with same exceptions, were not above suspicion, and he said that without any fear of the Reform Scheme being wrecked on that score. The amendment was negatived.

After three full days discussion in the Council the Village Self-Government Bill was passed. During these days the Council considered two hundred and twenty-one amendments on the Bill. Of these seventy-nine were negatived, sixty-two withdrawn, sixty-two through being consequential and eighteen accepted some with slight modifications.

In adjourning the council *sine die* His Excellency made a statement of the work done by the Council during winter season just concluded.

A NEW INDO-EUROPEAN ASSOCIATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 10.

Last evening Kumar Maniwara Chandra Sinha of Palikpara, gave an interesting lecture on the Future of India. He remarked that "in a vast country like India, inhabited by a variety of peoples of different castes colours and creeds, unity of purpose and action is required for the regeneration of the land. The one important question which looms large in the political horizon of India is that of the co-operation of Europeans and Indians to this end."

At the conclusion of the lecture, Mr. H. W. B. Moreno, proposed the formation of an association composed of Europeans, Anglo-Indians and Indians with common aims and objects and also suggested some names to form the first committee of the body.

The Hon. Rajah Kumar Maninder, B. H. Sinha, Dr. S. K. Mullick and Mr. H. W. B. Moreno were among those suggested.

The proposal was unanimously agreed to.

A LANDING GROUND FOR ROYAL AIR FORCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 10.

The "Englishman" publishes an official statement which says:—The Bengal Government are acquiring land of over 400 acres in extent for the purpose of providing a landing ground for the Royal Air Force and an aerodrome station at Sonarpur. Sonarpur lies to the south of Calcutta beyond Baliygunge and has a railway station on the Diamond Harbour Line.

AMIR CONSOLIDATES HIS POSITION.

NEW ENVOY TO INDIA APPOINTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, April 10.

The "Pioneer" says the latest news from Afghanistan indicates that Amir Aminullah is consolidating his position. A new Afghan envoy to India has been appointed.

(Continued from column 6.)

signatories of British politics and the views of the India Office. Regarding the editorship, the Committee has not only urged Congress leaders to take such steps as would make the journal self-supporting by increasing its circulation in India, but has invited them to send to London a fully qualified Indian journalist to undertake the duties of Editor.

The Committee now consists of eleven members, three of whom are Indians permanently resident in London. Since its formation over 30 years ago, it has been the practice to invite to its meetings leading Congress supporters who happen to be in London, in order to learn from them the most recent developments of the situation in India. In consequence it frequently occurs that the majority of those present are Indians. The Committee will be glad to meet the deputation appointed by the Congress and cooperate with it in order to make the new Indian Reform Bill a measure of real self-government.

BRITISH CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

AN EXPLANATION.

"PREPARED TO CO-OPERATE WITH CONGRESS DEPUTATION."

We have received the following communication from the British Congress Committee addressed to the General Secretaries, Indian National Congress, for publication:—

The British Committee has had its attention drawn to a letter from London, published in certain newspapers in India adversely criticising its operations. It is signed by five Indian gentlemen, Messrs. Tilak, Kasturirange Aiyengar, Sarvadhikari, H. P. Ghose and Baptista. Two of the signatories still in London, Messrs. Tilak and Karandikar, state that it was a confidential document, not intended for publication in the press but for the information of the Congress leaders. Messrs. Kasturiranga and Ghose were in London for a brief period, and met the Committee on one occasion only, when most of its members were engaged in the constituencies in connection with the General Election, while the Secretary was absent owing to serious illness. The other signatories, owing to various reasons, until long after the letter had been despatched, had not attended a meeting of the Committee.

The letter contains inaccurate and misleading statements, and in other ways misrepresents the facts of the case, probably owing to the failure of the signatories to seek accurate information at the most reliable source, namely the office of the Committee. The Committee might have treated the letter with silence were it not for the fact that some of the signatories have influence in India, and the action taken at the last Congress regarding the financing of the Committee, shows that it is necessary for the Committee to state the real position of affairs.

The British Committee has always been an independent body, mainly British in character and composition, working in association with Congress leaders whose it advised on the bearings of the British political situation upon Indian questions. Throughout its existence, it has fought the battles for reform of the Indian Administration, and for the extension of Indian self government, against official hostility and public apathy. Its members have served without fee or reward of any kind. With them, working in harmony with the Congress leaders, it has been a matter of duty to endeavour to secure at the earliest possible opportunity the ideal of self government held before the Indian people in the Royal Proclamation on the assumption of the Government of the country by the Crown. The policy of the Committee has always been to demand for India a measure of self-government similar to that granted to the Dominions, which while maintaining the supremacy of the Crown, will give a free hand to the Indian people in all solely Indian matters. The Committee will continue to press for such a solution of the Indian problem, and will support all measures in that direction.

Most of the British members of the Committee have been Members of Parliament, and all of them have had wide experience of public life and political agitation in this country. They therefore know the political conditions and the methods of agitation best calculated to advance the cause of Indian reform better than the five Indian gentlemen, most of whom have spent only a few weeks or months in England. During 1918 the Committee met more regularly and frequently than for some time past, and for the first time for many years there was no financial embarrassment. The signatories share a not uncommon, but erroneous impression that the British Committee has been entirely supported by the direct contributions of the Congress. During the last six years (1913-18) the delegates' fees remitted amount to some £3,849, while the Committee's expenditure during that period was £6,878—the difference being met by contributions from Congressmen and other friends of Indian reform. In this connection it may be well to recall the words of Sir W. Wedderburn, quoted in the Annual Report, dated November 28, 1901, as to the financial situation in the past. He then said: "The real fact is that although the Congress votes and sanctions expenditure, it pays but a fraction of the amount it votes, and leaves the British Committee to perform costly and laborious duties with money found by themselves and their personal friends." The work of the Committee has too often been crippled and retarded for the want of money. For effective propaganda the Committee recognises the need of Indian gentlemen able to take part in the work in this country.

Regarding the journal "India", it became the property of a joint stock company in 1903 to save it from collapse owing to the failure of the Congress to supply the necessary funds. Like every other purely propagandist organ it does not pay its way. The deficit in 1918, was heavier than usual owing to the decline in the number of subscribers in India, and the greatly increased cost of production under war conditions. The Congress had pledged itself to the maintenance of the journal, which was especially desirable in views of the Reforms proposals before Parliament, and the Committee defrayed the loss sustained from its funds. The whole of the facts concerning cost, circulation, etc., were made known to Congress leaders by a letter from Sir W. Wedderburn, dated April 16, 1916, printed and circulated to every member of the All-India Congress Committee, as well as in annual letters to the General Secretaries during 1918. The statement that "the views of the India Office are reflected if not actually voiced by the British Committee and the nonsense "India" only proves the imperfect knowledge of the five

(Continued in column 5.)

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

(*Thursday, April* 10, 1919.)

Mr. Dattatraya Jagannath Potnis, Mamlatdar of the Kumta Taluka and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Kanara, is invested with the following additional powers:—

(1) power to require security for good behaviour;

(2) power to take cognizance of offences without complaint;

(3) power to try summarily.

Mr. H. R. Hume, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Northern Range, is granted privilege leave for six months with effect from the 19th June, 1919.

Mr. J. R. Jacob is appointed to act as Superintendent of Police, Upper Sind Frontier District, vice Mr. W. H. Marston.

Mr. W. H. Marston to be District Superintendent of Police, Broach, vice Mr. J. B. Jenkins.

Mr. J. B. Jenkins to be District Superintendent of Police, Kaira, vice Mr. A. C. J. Bailey, proceeding on leave.

Mr. B. C. H. Calcraft Kennedy, I.C.S., on relief by Mr. L. C. Crump, I.C.S., to revert as Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad.

Mr. R. S. Broomfield, I.C.S., on relief, to do duty temporarily as Joint Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad.

Mr. F. Trotter, District Superintendent of Police, Sukkur, is granted, with effect from the 30th April, 1919, such privilege leave as may be due to him on that date.

The following appointments are made vice Mr. O. H. L. Napier proceeding on leave:—

Mr. J. Dodgson to act as Conservator of Forests, Central Circle.

Mr. R. P. Dalley to be Divisional Forest Officer, Kanara, Northern Division, vice Mr. J. Dodgson.

Mr. A. de G. Pinto, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Excise, is granted privilege leave for two months.

Mr. G. A. Laughton, Assistant Collector of Salt and Excise, Kanara Sub-Division, is granted privilege leave in combination with furlough, a period as will bring of sixteen months.

Mr. J. H. Garrett, I.C.S., Assistant Collector, Ahmednagar, is granted combined leave for six months with effect from 1st May, 1919.

Mr. L. W. Hartley, C.I.E., Collector of Income Tax, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the date of the termination of his special duty at Simla.

Mr. N. N. Farrell, A.C.G.I., Assistant Engineer, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-six days, combined with furlough on medical certificate for four months and four days.

Mr. N. P. Pavri, LL.B., is appointed Deputy Registrar, Court of Small Causes, Bombay, to be Registrar of that Court, vice Mr. F. D. Spencer, retired.

Mr. F. W. Allison, I.C.S., Registrar, High Court, Appellate Side, Bombay, privilege leave for five months and nine days from Monday, the 28th April 1919.

HONORARY MAGISTRATES AT KALYAN.

DELAYS OF THE LAW.

(From a Correspondent.)

The ruling idea which led to the establishment of Honorary Magistrates' benches, was to relieve the congestion of work in stipendiary magistrates' courts, such petty cases as drink and disorderliness, abusing, cruelty to animals and other simple cases dealing with plain facts being relegated to the Honorary Magistrates, while more intricate cases connected with law points are taken up by the stipendiary magistrates.

How potent the Honorary Magistrates' bench at Kalyan has been in obviating the old time delays of the law may be judged from a case which was recently decided by that bench.

It was a case of land dispute. It commenced in the cold weather of 1918 and ended in the hot weather of March 1919. The bench consists of three magistrates. Fully seven times the case was postponed without a word being heard, on some such plea as an attack of lumbago, facial neuralgia and Heaven knows what. Fully three times, to be exact, the President himself of the bench, Mr. S. G. Phadke, was absent from his chair, without a line of timely intimation being sent by the Court to the parties concerned, or to their pleaders. On the fourth occasion, another triumvir kept away with similar nonchalance. Fully seven times this sort of thing went on, the complainant, accused, their pleaders and witnesses having had to quietly submit to such terrible skin-pealing, heart-rending and brain-racking ordeal. Is there nobody to question these worthies regarding such delinquencies.

It appears there are some people, who are so dazzled by the glamour surrounding such posts, as the Honorary Magistrates, that they will take them, no matter whether or not they have the time or abilities to discharge their duties.

Now, Mr. Phadke is the President of the Kalyan Municipality, President of the Local Board, President of the Honorary Magistrates' Bench. He is also a big landlord. Having such multifarious duties and a tangle of onerous responsibilities to tackle how can he be expected to give anything like even perfunctory attention to each of his high offices?

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AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

There was very slight rain in parts of Hyderabad, Dharwar and Mahi Kantha. Standing rabi crops are in fair to good condition in several districts, but have been slightly damaged by winds in parts of Sukkur, Nawabshah and Hyderabad. Picking of cotton is nearly over. Harvesting of rabi corps is in progress, and preparations are being made for next season's cultivation. Scarcity of fodder continues to be felt in almost all districts. Cattle are generally in poor condition in the Presidency except in the Konkon. Supply of water for drinking purposes is generally sufficient, but the supply for irrigation is generally reported to be deficient. Prices of food-grains are high but steady.

There was slight rain during the week in parts of the Ahmedabad, Panch Mahals, Broach, Nasik, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur and Belgaum districts. Lands are being prepared for the next season. Relief works are in progress in the Ahmednagar district and in parts of the Panch Mahals, Poona and Satara districts. Village works continue in the Ahmedabad, Broach and Ahmednagar districts. Test works are open in parts of the Panch Mahals, Kaira and Poona districts. The numbers of persons on relief works including dependants on the last day of the week ending 5th April were 15,739 in the Panch Mahals, 23,500 in Ahmednagar, 15,671 in Poona and 4,111 in the Satara district. The numbers on gratuitous relief including village servants were 3,503 in Ahmedabad, 13,850 in the Panch Mahals, 9,709 in Kaira, 3,024 in Broach, 3,317 in Kathiawar, 90 in East Khandesh, 2,446 in West Khandesh, 11,600 in Ahmednagar, 7,266 in Poona, 936 in Sholapur, 3,430 in Satara, 5,308 in Bijapur and 2,435 in the Belgaum district, 464 in Palitana and 40 in the Lathi State. The numbers on village works were 57 in Ahmedabad, 1,560 in Broach and 250 in Ahmednagar. The numbers on test works were 337 in the Panch Mahals, 936 in Kaira and 1,554 in the Poona district. The people on relief works are generally in good condition and relief measures are adequate. No marked increase in mortality and crime is reported. Medical arrangements are adequate and public health is generally good except for slight cholera and small-pox in some places. The numbers of works are increasing, but scarcely any signs of wandering or emaciation are noticed. Slight emigration was noticed from one taluka of the Sholapur district. The supply of food-grains is generally sufficient. Prices are high but stationary. Cheap grain shops are working in the Panch Mahals, Broach, West Khandesh and Nasik districts. The poor-house at Chembur in the Thana district for destitute immigrants into the City of Bombay continues working satisfactorily. The number of inmates on 5th April was 701. Private charitable relief is being organised and distributed in several places. The supply of fodder and water is insufficient over an extensive area. Fodder is still being supplied to affected areas under Government arrangement, and the use of prickly pear is extending. Over 10,000 cattle are reported to be subsisting on prickly pear in the Ahmednagar district. The condition of cattle is generally poor throughout the affected area.

IMPERIAL RELIEF FUND.

The following further generous contributions have been made to the Imperial Indian Relief Fund:—His Highness the Raja of Sitamau, Rs. 20,000 (2nd donation); His Highness the Raja of Jhabua, Rs. 5,000; His Highness the Rana of Barwani, Rs. 7,000, Raja of Kothi, Rs. 1,000; Kurwai State, Rs. 1,000; Puthari State, Rs. 500

AHMEDABAD NOTES.

A PROFESSOR'S GRIEVANCE.

(From a Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, April 8.

Professor Meldrum of Ahmedabad having felt aggrieved at the fee of Rs. 301 charged by the Ahmedabad Civil Hospital where he kept his wife during the lying-in period, addressed a letter to the Government of Bombay to the effect that the fee paid by him was far too heavy as would appear from the fact that St. George's Hospital of Bombay charged Rs. 140 and the European General Hospital of Aden charged Rs. 112 for similar services, and that having regard to the above discrepancy between the fees charged in Ahmedabad and Bombay, the needful might be done to restore the balance. Accordingly, the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay conferred with the authorities in charge of the principal lying-in hospitals of Bombay who could not see eye-to-eye with Professor Meldrum concerning the alleged extortionate character of the fee charged by the Ahmedabad Civil Hospital. The Government of Bombay could not therefore accede to Professor Meldrum's request for refund in contravention of the rules regulating hospital fees. Let us not prate about infant welfare work in widest commonality spread as long as the maternity department charges fees which make a heavily paid European professor wince.

INDIAN SEA AND LAND CUSTOMS REVENUE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, April 9.

According to the return published by the Department of Statistics the grant total of gross Indian sea and land customs revenue (excluding salt revenue) collected during the twelve months, April to March 1918-19, amounted to Rs. 18.20 lakhs, as against Rs. 16.57 lakhs last year. The import duties contributed Rs. 12.53 lakhs, export duties Rs. .34 lakhs and land customs and miscellfactures Rs. 1.43 lakhs, and on motor spirit Rs. 34 lakhs and land customs and miscellaneous Rs. 22 lakhs.

PLAGUE IN BOMBAY.

8 ATTACKS AND 5 DEATHS ON WEDNESDAY.

There were 8 attacks and 4 deaths from small-pox, 8 attacks and 5 deaths from plague and 1 attack from cholera in Bombay, on Wednesday. The total number of deaths from all causes on Wednesday was 196 as against 159 on the corresponding day of last year.

PLAGUE IN THE PRESIDENCY.

The following statement of plague cases and deaths reported to have occurred in districts and Native States in the Bombay Presidency for the week ending 29th March 1919, is published for general information:—

Bombay City 30; Broach District 9; Surat District 2; West Khandesh District 2; Nasik District nil; Thana District 8; Satara District 22; Ahmednagar District 5; Poona District Poona City 1; Ratnagiri District, Ratnagiri 26; Belgaum District 17 Dharwar District 23; Karachi District, Karachi City 8; Keamari 4; Kathiawar Agency, Mangrol 2, other places 6; Cutch State, Mundra 12, Cambay State11; total 178.

THE TRAMWAY CASE.

MR. ALPAIWALLA FINED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. Aston passed judgment in the case in which Mr. J. E. Hobson of the Bombay Tramway Company charged Mr. Sorab Merwanji Alpaiwalla with infringement of the Company's bye-laws 6 and 7, by standing on the rear platform of a tram-car; and by travelling in a car which had its full complement of passengers. The details of the case have already appeared in these columns.

Mr. Vicaji, Bar.-at-Law, appeared for the complainant and Mr. K. F. Nariman, pleader, for the defence.

His Worship in passing judgment observed that he did not consider the notices issued by the Managing Director, Mr. Remington as *ultra vires*, nor did he consider the argument that the notice was not posted in a conspicuous place, but on the roof of the car where it could not be easily seen, to be valid, as his Worship had satisfied himself by a personal inspection of the car.

He therefore convicted the accused of both the charges and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 15, for the first charge and Rs. 20 for the second charge.

BIG FIRE AT KALYAN.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Will you kindly spare a little room in the columns of your esteemed paper for the following, which you will find, is of great public interest to the people of Kalyan?

On the 28th March last a fire broke out at about 5 p.m. in a rice mill which is situated in a thickly populated portion of the town. In about 10 or 15 minutes the whole building which is a one-storied building was on fire. The townspeople gathered there immediately and went to the Municipality for pump. The pump was not in its usual place and they went in search of it. They found it lying in a ditch. The building went on burning and it was impossible for the people to throw water on the building with their hands as it was very high. The mill was completely burned and the loss is estimated from fifty to sixty thousand rupees.

It was yet day-light and so the houses which are quite close to the mill on all the sides were saved. People got these houses vacated, manned them and made all the necessary arrangements in the absence of municipal arrangements to combat the fire in case of necessity. With the help of the townspeople and the police a large part of the town was saved.

The municipal pump was not there till 6-30 p.m. After 6-30 p.m. the pipe and some other accessories of the pump were brought there, and then came the wretched pump. It took half an hour to fix the parts which at first positively refused to fit into one another. And when everything was ready the pump was very reluctant to work and the hose threw water feebly. In fact the one-storied building burned and fell down before any municipal help was available. The Municipality is certainly criminally guilty of not having any sort of good arrangement for such emergencies. The Municipality only about 3½ months ago had spent about Rs. 350 on this ideal pump with such fine result. There were many people who paid from their pockets for tins and handas of water, but it was of no avail in the absence of any arrangement to get the water thrown on the burning building. The mill belongs to no less a personage than a member of the wise body of the councillors of the Municipality of Kalyan. The Mamlatdar and the Superintendent of Police were on the spot and have witnessed the above facts.

In December, 1916, the Phadke's Rice Mill was burned and the Municipality had then become conscious of the folly of not being in a position to meet such an emergency But they did not care. A second big fire broke out in July, 1918, and one Abdul Wahid's shop was burned down. On that occasion also I had similarly exposed the Municipality by giving the account of the fire in "The Chronicle" on 25th July, 1918. Owing to the utter unfitness of the Municipality these three fires resulted in a loss of Rs. 1,50,000.

The municipal councillors simply decorate the chairs and are prepared to hear abuses on occasions like the present. They only know how to fight hard when the election time comes and after being elected to harass the very persons before whom they had to kneel for votes. The chief cause of these fires is perhaps kerosine oil. As the oil is dear and sometimes is not available the mills store this oil in a large quantity and keep the stock on the premises. A majority of the municipal councillors are mill-owners. Government ought to look into this state of things and make these people to stock their oil elsewhere.—Yours, etc.,

M. B. KAZI.

Kalyan, April 5.

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CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR FRIDAY, THE 11TH OF APRIL, 1919.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 43.

FOR JUDGMENT.

1741-18—Moti and D, Bapulal Girdharlal v. Jethalal Maneklal Shah and anr., Little and Co., Daph. F and D.

FOR DISMISSAL.

1249-17—Captain and V, Abdulla Nazaralli v. N. Roy and Co., a firm, Moti and D.

511-19—Pandia and Co., Messrs. M. C. Mody and Co. a firm v. Gordhandas Gokuldas. Mulla and M.

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

913-18—Payne and Co., The Advocate-General of Bombay v. Rostihan widow, Ard. H D and Co.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

COMMERCIAL CAUSE.

53-19—Moti and D., Narotamdas Motichand v. Messrs. Ranchoddas Valabhai a firm, Mehta, D. and L. Part Heard.

PRIZE COURT MATTER.

Prize Court No. 3-14—J C G Bowen, The Secretary of State for Indian in Council v. The S. S. Kara Deinz Minrsad Beg-Master, Mirza M and M.

COMMERCIAL CAUSES.

60-19—Shroff and Dinsha, Ramji Lalji v Mathuradas Manji a firm, Ard H D and Co.

70-19—Mehta D and L, Dwarkadas Chotalal and Co a firm v Moorarji Jairam Narranji, Ard H D and Co.

341-19—Mer K & Co Jamnadas Harprasad a firm v Narrotamdas Hargovandas a firm, Khandvalla and Co.

360-19—Mehta D and L, Messrs Dwarkadas Chotalal and Co a firm v Messrs Narrotam Devidas a firm, Shroff & D.

366-19—Hiralal Th and Co, Messrs Manilal Vadilal a firm v Jethabhai Shamaldas.

367-19—Mehta D and L, Dwarkadas Chotalal and Co a firm v A M Noorbhoy Satranjiwalla, Payne and Co.

376-19—Mehta D and L, Messrs Hargowandas Chaganlal a firm v Joseghbhai Mohanlal and ors, Craigie B and Co

434-19—Amin and Desai, Messrs Gagalbhai Raichand and Co a firm v Mirza Ahmed Isphani.

487-19—Mehta D and L, Chaturbhuj Kalidas a firm v Devidas Fulchand.

116-19—Madhowji K & Ch, Babu Brijbihari Mata Prasad and anr, v Messrs Tarachand Devraj a firm, Malvi M R & Co.

LONG CAUSES.

1347-18—Mulla and M, Messrs Narotam Hemraj and Bros a firm v Hormusji Hirjibhoy Wadia and ors, Little & Co.

580-17—Jehangir M and S, Murlidhar Lachminarayen v Nathumal Fulchand and anr, Madhowji K and C.

1442-17—Judah and S, Sadashivrao Bhawanrao Kadam and ors v Ramchandra Krishnarao Dalvi and ors, Bhimji & Co.

503-18—M B Chothia, Ahmed E Moosa a firm v Sha Manilal Vadilal a firm, Hiralal Th and Co.

181-19—Craigie B and C, Dada Miya Khandwani v J A Grant and Co a firm, N C Dalal.

580-16—Malvi M R and Co, Messrs Harnandrai Foolchand a firm v Shamlal Gangaram and ors, Captain and V.

773-18—Matubhai J and M, Harilal Mansukhram Parekh v Sorabji Bomanji Kapadia and ors, Payne and Co, Amin and D.

1773-18—Khandwalla and Co, Mohanlal Ugarchand v Manilal Gordhan a firm, Mulla and M.

1874-18—Ardeshir H D and Co, Vadilal Purshotamdas a firm v Hiralal Ambalal

1887-18—Khandvalla and Co., Parbhudas Purshotamdas a firm v. Hiralal Ambalal a firm, Shroff and D.

1920-18—Soonderdas and Co., Messrs. Manilal Vithaldas a firm v. Chunilal Motichand and ors., Khandwalla & Co.

933-17—N. C. Dalal, Gordhandas Purshotamdas and ors. v. Tarachand Murlidhar a firm and ors., Kanga and S

1059-17—Mulla and M., Pascoal Salvadore Nunis v. Arthur Harris, Little and Co., for Postponement.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE PRATT

In the Division Court No. 46.

SUMMARY SUITS FOR DISPOSAL IN CHAMBERS.

1721-18—Vachha and Co., Messrs. Fulchand Jasraj and Co.. a firm v. L. C. D. Nagareth and ors.

1839-18—Vacha and Co., Messrs. Fulchand Jasraj, to a firm v. I. C. D. Nazareth and anr.

760-19—In person, Ghanim Joseph Marshall v. Elisha Har Elias.

CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL.

LIST A (ATTORNEYS.)

SUMMONSES IN COMMERCIAL CAUSE FOR DIRECTIONS.

637-19—Soonderdas and Co., Messrs. Matihuradas Chaturbhuj v. Nathmal Deepchand, 18-219.

738-19—Mulla and M., Messrs. Kothaya Marahi Balarajaya, a firm v. Messrs. Visram, D Kanji, a firm and anr. Aru. H. D. and Co., 7-3-19.

802-19—Merwanji K and K., Chunilal Chaganlal, a firm v. Nandlal Brijvallabhdas, a firm, 15-3-19.

838-19—Jamshedji, R. and W., Eesmailji Abdul Tyab Ismailji, v. Premdas Magalal and anr., Dharamsi and Co., 20-3-19.

903-19—Mulla and M. Mulchand Manilal, a firm v. Ramji Devkaran, a firm, 24-3-9.19.

964-19—Mulla and M., Vithaldas Bhagwandas and Co., a firm v. Tiladhar Damodhar, 27-3-19.

1000-19—Kustomji and G., Shamji Haridas, a firm v. Motilal Pragji, a firm, N. C. Dalal, 28-3-19.

1022-19—Mal and F. L., Narsidas Devchand a firm, v. Ramji Devkaran, a firm, Ard. H. D and Co., 31-3-19.

1024-19—Purvandud and Club Messrs. J. Singhbai, Chunilal, a firm v. Messrs Vallabhdas Ramji, a firm, Ard. H. D and Co., 31-3-19.

1031-19—Merwanji, K and Co., Mangaldas Buldeodas, a firm v. Vithaldas Shivlal and ors. 31-3-19.

1036-19—Ard. H D and Co., Dharamsey Meghji, a firm v. Govinddas Tulsidas, 1-4-19.

1038-19—Bhimji and Co., Messrs. Goculdas Ravji, a firm v. Messrs. Amritlal Sakhnudas, a firm, Shroff and D. 1-4-19.

1039-19—Parmanand and Club, Lalchand Bhadumal, a firm v. Ishwardas Gorukhram, a firm, 1-4-19.

1043-19—Saunderdas and Co., Messrs. Amichand Motichand, a firm v. C. M. Venkatta Chettapattuy and ors. 1-4-19.

1136-19—Dastur and Co Sha Khusaldas Girdhardas and Co a firm v Jamnadas Nurseydas and anr. 7-4-19.

1137-19—Merwanji K and Co Warden and Co. a firm v Abdul Hassim Abdul Karim G E Pandia 7-4-19.

1138-19—Hiralal Th and Co Messrs Manilal Wadilal a firm v Khamisha Haji Jan Mahomed 7-4-19.

1139-19—Sham Mahomed A Menji Haridas and Co a firm v Bhagwandas Gordhandas a firm 7-4-19.

1149-19 Bhai K and G Abdul Hoosein Tarachand and Co a firm v Vamali Virji Moh and D. 9-4-19.

1141-19—Mehta D and L Vibhukhandas Gulabdas a firm v Jazmohan Hansraj a firm Payne and Co 7-4-19.

1142-19—Sham Md A Messrs Manchand Malchand and Co., a firm v Balmukund Mangaldas 7-4-19.

1143-19—Sham Mahomed A Manchand Valchand and Co., a firm v Messrs Chogpal Naran 7-4-19.

1144-19—Hiralal Th and Co Rachubhai Tribhowandas a firm v Goculdas Devji and anr 7-4-19.

1145-19—Sham Mahomed A Messrs Manchand Malchand and Co a firm v Messrs Ramdas Khoja 7-4-19.

1146-19—

1149-19—Mehta D and L M A Brothers a firm v Vallabhdas Rowji a firm 7-4-19.

MISCELLANEONS SUMMONSES.

987-15—Kanga and S The firm of Nathmal Chunilal v Dewkusson Chaturbhuj 19-2-18.

1670-18—Merwanji and Co M M Wadia v B Durgadutt Motichand and 0 12 19.

520-19—Sabnis and G K P Kaudke Bros a firm v Ramchordas Parshottam Edg. G W and Co Part Heard 13-3-19.

347-18—Mulji and Th Vallabhdas Ramji v Devji Shivdas Patel Mulla and Mulla 25-3-19.

1354-17—Ard H D and Co Rampratab Parsuram v Abdool Rasool Bhaten 28-3-19.

832-19—Merwanji K and Co Chunilal Chaganlal a firm v Naudlal Brijvallbhdas 27-3-19.

1189-17—Dubash and Co Ramgopal Madhavprasad a firm v Bhukasaran Jagmohandas 31-3-19.

1029-18—Craigie B and C The Bombay Deping and Manufacturing Co Ltd v Mahomedally A Sacoor Little and Co 4-4-19.

796-19—Craigie B and C Ardeshir Jamshedji Mehta v Ardeshir Kawasji Patel Mulla and Mulla 7-4-19.

1654-18—Mans H M and C Devkabai widow v Devji Dharamsey and anr Rach M and Co 7-4-19.

1582-18—Madh K and Ch Mavji Pranji and anr v Malji Captain and Y 8-4-19.

1088-12—Payne and Co Allarakhibhai Sevalli Tanawade v Djambai and anr Mer K and Co 8-4-19.

489-19—Mirza M and M Kerbalai Mahomedalli Mahomed Saleh Iraki v Messrs Haji Hossein Lari and Co a firm Payne and Co 8-4-19.

489-19—Mirza M and M Kerbalai Mahomedalli Mahomed v Messrs Haji Hossein Lari and Co a firm Payne and Co 8-4-19.

313-17—Purnanand and Ch Gannatrai Harnandrai v Onkarmel Hardeoolas and ors Dik M and K Trabit D and Co 8-4-19.

1933-18—Purnanand and Ch Ghellabhai Mansukhram v Messrs Manilal Balbhai a firm Kanji and Co 8-4-19.

796-19—Mulla and Mulla Ardeshar Jamshedji Mehta v Ardeshir Cowasji Patel Craigie B and C 8-4-19.

SANSKRIT PAPERS AT B. A. EXAM.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Through the valued columns of your paper, I beg leave to ventilate a grievance which has created quite a sensation among Sanskrit students. The examiners are known among the student-world to take a peculiar delight in torturing students, but this time which I confess beats my imagination. The which I confess beats my imagination. The paper on Mahabharat Selections, which the students from the practice of past years expected on Friday, came up on Monday preceding with the result that many abandoned the examination and others despaired of honours. Apart from the fact that the paper came up too early by four days, the shock of such an expected thing was enough to unnerve even the sblest of students. This paper used to appear as Honours paper III, since the last five years; and it cannot be said that at any rate the honours papers appeared this year in the order in which the text books are laid down in the calendar, because the pass papers in Sanskrit did not follow the order of the calendar. It is a nasty trick on the part of the Examiners, which has upset the Sanskrit students who appeared for the B. A. Examination. What are the Examiners going to do in the matter?—Yours, etc.,

A SUFFERER.

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THE WEATHER.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 9th April 1919.

Means of observations taken at 8 a.m. 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.792	Inch.
Temperature of Air	81.0	Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	74.0	"
Dew Point	71.1	"
Relative humidity of Air	0.722	"
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)	2.6	"
Maximum temperature of Air	86.6	"
Minimum do.	70.4	"
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	N.W, W, W.N.W, N.W.	
Movement of Wind	175	Miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

		HIGH WATER.				LOW WATER.			
Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.		Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.
	April	h.	m.	ft.	in.	April.	h.	m.	ft. in.
Thur.	10	m	8	24	5	10	m	2	25	19	1
			8	26	0			2	13a	19	0
Fri.	11	m	9	26	4	11	m	3	8	18	4
			35a	26	4			3	12a	18	9
Sat.	12	m	10	26	2	12	m	3	54	17	7
			10	9a	26	7			3	54a	18	0
Sun.	13	m	10	39	26	10	13	m	4	28	17	6
			10	40a	26	9			4	31a	18	4
Mon.	14	m	11	13	27	5	14	m	4	49	16	6
			11	9a	26	10			5	4a	18	2
Tues.	15	m	11	44	27	9	15	m	5	13	16	1
			11	37a	26	11			5	35a	18	1
Wed.	16		0	14a	27	10	16	m	5	38	15	9
									6	5a	18	2

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

April	10 (Thursday)	Sunrise	6h. 26m.	Sunset	6h. 55m.
"	11 (Friday)	"	6h. 25m.	"	6h. 55m.
"	12 (Saturday)	"	6h. 24m.	"	6h. 55m.
"	13 (Sunday)	"	6h. 24m.	"	6h. 56m.
"	14 (Monday)	"	6h. 23m.	"	6h. 56m.
"	15 (Tuesday)	"	6h. 22m.	"	6h. 56m.
"	16 (Wednesday)	"	6h. 21m.	"	6h. 56m.

Phases of the Moon:—

New Moon	1d.	2h.	24·2m.	a.m.
First Quarter	7d.	6h.	8·6m.	p.m.
Full Moon	15d.	1h.	55·1m.	pm.
Last quarter	22d.	4h.	51·1m.	p.m.
New Moon	30d.	11h.	0·4m.	p.m.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometer:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 30 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time on the 10th April, 1919, was 30.035 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .013 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid the temperature correction is needed but for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer readings should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 10th April, 1919, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi reports a very light shower and a nearly overcast sky; elsewhere skies are clear or only lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess in the extreme north. Both day and night temperatures are moderately above the average except at Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is generally above the average. Night temperature is in excess at Mainpuri.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Humidity is below normal in upper Sind and south Rajputana. Day temperature is above the average in the north of the division; Jacobabad reports a maximum of 107.5 deg. F. Night temperature is above normal in east Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. Humidity is above normal in the south of Gujarat and Central India West, but is locally below normal in Kathiawar. Day temperature is in defect in the south of Gujarat and of Kathiawar; night temperature is in excess at Neemuch.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is above normal in the extreme western and southern districts. Night temperature is in defect at Nagpur and Raipur, but is in excess at Khandwa.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear or only lightly clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. Humidity is slightly above normal in the southern half of the division. Day temperature is in defect at Poona and Aurangabad; night temperature is below the average in northeast Hyderabad and the south Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—Very light showers are reported from the extreme north of the Punjab and from Colombo. A fairly depression lies this morning over upper Sind and the south-west Punjab and the humid easterly winds up the Gangetic plain are penetrating into the Punjab. Temperature continues high in the Punjab and the adjacent districts of Sind and Rajputana.

Duststorms or thunderstorms are likely in the Punjab.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 9th April, 1919.

Nearly general rain has fallen in Bengal and on the Orissa coast and local rain in Assam and Bihar while a few falls have also occurred in Burma and the south-east of the United Provinces.

Chief amounts are:—Mergui, Akyab, Calcutta one inch; Chittagong, Saugor Island, Burdwan, Mymensingh, Balasore, Cuttack, Patna a half; Darbhanga one.

The disturbance from Persia is now on the north-west frontier and is likely to cause duststorms and thunderstorms in the extreme north.

Maung Kyam Zau, pleader, who was recently suspended by the Chief Court for six months, has filed an appeal against the decision.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Issues of 3, 6, 9 and 12 Months' Treasury Bills.

The Banks of Bengal, Bombay and Madras have been authorised by the Government of India to issue TREASURY BILLS for three, six, nine and twelve months.

2. These Bills will be issued in denominations of Rs. 5,000, Rs. 10,000, Rs. 25,000, Rs. 50,000, Rs. 1 lakh, Rs. 5 lakhs and Rs. 10 lakhs.

3. The rates payable will be notified from time to time. The present rates are as follows:—

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For six months' Bills **Rs. 98 per cent.** representing an annual yield as interest of 4·0816 per cent.

For nine months' Bills **Rs. 97 per cent.** representing an annual yield as interest of 4·1237 per cent.

For twelve months' Bills **Rs. 95-8 per cent.** representing an annual yield as interest of 4·7120 per cent.

4. Bills will be repayable at maturity at the Presidency Banks of issue.

5. The Bill will be in the form appended. If the name of the payee be not filled in, the Bill will be paid to the bearer; it will otherwise be payable to the payee or his order.

6. Bills can be obtained during banking hours at the Head Offices of the Banks of Bengal, Bombay and Madras.

7. Applications for Bills will also be received at the branches of the Bank of Bengal at Cawnpore, Rangoon, Delhi and Lahore, and at the Karachi Branch of the Bank of Bombay. Transfers at par from these branches on the Head Office will be issued at above centres. Bills purchased at above centres will be paid at the branch of the Presidency Bank at which they were issued.

8. Brokerage at the rate of 1-16th per cent. on the face value of the Bill will be paid on any application submitted through any recognised broker. No brokerage will be paid in the case of Bills taken up direct by Banks.

9. The Government of India reserve the right at any time to vary the rates payable for any class of Bills, to fix a limit to the amount of Bills to be issued in any week, and to discontinue issues of any class or classes of Bills.

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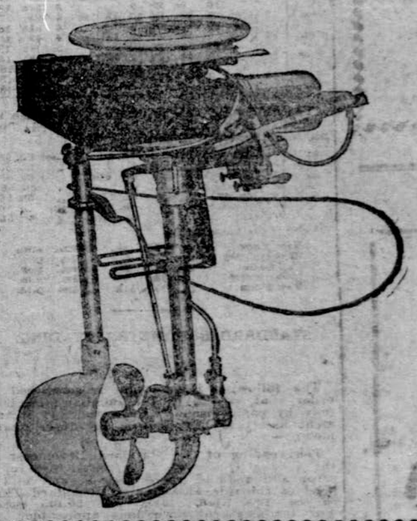

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